& ...,
...th & Co.,
...ND FAVOR...
...OS.
...VER 70,000 IN USE.
Guitars, and Musical
...E LIST.
SAN FRANCISCO.
W. SPAULDING
...ishing & Repairing
ABLISHMENT,
...9 Fremont street be-
...Front and Battery.
...N FRANCISCO.
SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE ...
...nounced in circular saws,
...1869, in all its branches, such as ...
...pointing, Straightening, etc.
...LAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut ...
...ving, Pack, Butcher, and Hand-saws ...
...perior with a good assortment of ...
...current, marked rates.
...so, Sand PLANER KNIVES and MOU...
...TICES always on hand, or made to ...
...KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., ...
...Steamboat, Portland, Oregon, are ...
...Agents for Oregon, Washington & ...
...and Gunnis them by telegraph ...
...ll send to us if sent to us ...
...Fortuna
...ON. GIBSON'S
...DISPENSARY,
...on Kearny Street, ...
...Established in 1854, for ...
...ment of Sexual and Secret ...
...which is Concurrious, ...
...Syphilis in all ...
...Diseases, Impotency, ...
...Weakness, Impo...
...Diseases, etc., ...
...Advice free, ...
...Charges reasonable.
...CAUTION.
...Dr. Gibson, of this Dispensary, ...
...to be CURED AT ...
...Dr. Gibson, and ...
...the disease has not ...
...Rewarded, by ...
...any part of the ...
...By Mail ...
...Medicines sent ...
...Dr. J. F. GIBSON, ...
...Box 1,957, San Francisco.
...TO THE ...
...TUNE and FEELING ...
...PIANOS ...
...WAREROOMS, ...
...OFFICES of the ...
...Washington and ...
...Dupont streets, ...
...to do a General ...
...in all its branches, ...
...Pianos, (upon notice) and ...
...Pianos, at Country ...
...expenses, at Country ...
...WARREN BLAKE, and Commissioner for ...
...Francisco, will receive ...
...all conditions to DRAW EXCHANGES ...
...any State, Territory or ...
...Europe, and to sell TELE...
...WELLS, FARGO & CO.
...RDIN'S & FARRELL
...DEALERS IN
...Four, Mi... Feed
...BACON,
...ay, Straw, Oats, &c.
...T AND LOWER STS., PORTLAND
...BEER WOOD YARD
...OOT OF TAMRILL STREET,
...RENGEN & TAYLOR,
...ALL KINDS OF WOOD,
...and measured, constantly on hand and ...
...livered to any part of the City.
...CE TO CREDITORS.—Estate of E. H. ...
...g, deceased. Notice is hereby given to ...
...ned administrator of the estate of said ...
...deceased, to the creditors of said ...
...ving claims against the said deceased ...
...am with the necessary vouchers within ...
...after the first publication of this notice, ...
...d administrator at Ball & Stolz's ...
...exum's Building, in the city of Portland, ...
...ash county, State of Oregon.
...d this the 26th day of February, A. D. ...
WM. F. HUMMEL, Administrator of estate of E. H. Garling, deceased.
fe26d6w
...J. W. BERCAW, BANKRUPT—DISCHARGE.—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, ss. At Portland, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1877. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of ... of Albany, in Linn county, and State of ... within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors by the ... Court of said district.
ALBERT H. TANNER, Assignee.
...Humbolt Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F., ... Meets every Friday evening at ... Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and ... streets. Members of the Order are ... By order of

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XVII—NO. 27. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gold and Stocks.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Silver bars, 127½ purchased, 121½ sold; silver coin, ½ discount; gold opened at 105¼, sold up to 105¾, at which price ... money 2@3; governments dull and ... inactive and strong; Western ... Wells-Fargo 83; N. Y. C. 95; Erie 7¼; ... Lakeshore 55¾, Pacific 22⅞; Mariposa ... 12; Union Pacific 71; bonds 103½; C. P. bonds 105.

A Financial Difficulty.

A ... sugar refiners is reported in difficulty. Liabilities said to be $350,000.

New York Mining Board.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Transactions in the New York Mining Board.

... 2; 100 Caledonia, 8¼; 200 Caledonia, ... 300 Chollar, 72¾@1; 100 C. ... 100 Exchequer, 7¾; 100 G & C. ... N. 5¾; 300 Justice, 16½; 100 ... 400 Seaton, 45@50.

Found Guilty.

... March 7.—Attorney General Taft's ... Assistant District Attorney Farrow, giving ... prisoners opportunity to plead ... to their homes, has been availed ... and took advantage of the order on ...

Fires.

IOWA, March 7.—Late last night ... business block was burned; ... insurance small.

... March 7.—A fire at Lansing ... night, destroyed the business por... of the town. Loss $30,000 to $40,000; ... insurance.

... March 7.—The Waltham build... business structure on Bond street, ... burned last night, with a loss of ... million. Robbins & Appleton, ... Amsterdam Watch Company, ... Interware Manufacturing Com... & Bro., Adams, Shaw & Co., ... various losers, and many other ... smaller loss. Adjoining build... were much damaged. Insurance sup... amount to two-thirds of the loss. The ... in the forty safes among the ruins, is ... The total loss will be $200,000.

... loss by the fire cannot be estimated ... assay of molds of melted and crushed ... and jewelry in the cellars. Some of ... of the property may be easy to consult ... the amount of property contained in the ... which has been destroyed; but all ... is morally impossible to form any ... their losses at present, as their books ... accounts of stock were locked up ... The estimate of losses ... Manufacturing Co., $300,000; ... loan, jewelers, $50,000; Adams & ... Mulford, Hale & Cattle, jewel... Taylor & Bro., fancy goods, ... Brown, jeweler, $30,000; ... Copeland, watches, $20,000; Bald... Peterson, jewelers, $150,000; J. ... watches, $40,000; E. ... jewelers, $30,000; Pearce, ... jewelers, $25,000; Dominick & ... $15,000; G. W. A. Davis, ... Gerhard & Co., watches, $350, ... $200,000. The buildings, which ... Robbins & Appleton, agents of ... Watch Company, are valued at ...

Heavy Failure.

... ...ert has come into bankruptcy, ... a joint liability with ... liabilities are ~1,165,000 and ... Kenney is jointly liable ... ...ities that amount to $1,040,... ...announcement of the failure of ... ...ney of McKinney naturally ... excitement. Hoyt says the ... ...ook big, is not as im... ...ems. The immediate cause of ... into bankruptcy is the desire to ... ...ession of his creditors, since he ... ...ed by an English company, Rich... ...who had a claim of $117,316.

Democratic Nomination.

... March 7.—The Democratic ... ...ention to-day nominated J. J. Bar... ...Governor.

Pacific R. R. Election.

... March 7.—The annual meeting of ... ...holders of the U. P. R. R. Co. held ... ...day was called to order by Jay Gould, who ... ...ed Joseph D. Alley chairman, who was ... ...ted, with Henry McFarland secretary. ... ...number of votes cast 247,989, ...were for the following gentlemen elected the board of directors: ... Elisha Atkins, F. Gordon Dexter, ... Bates, of Boston; Wm. L. Scott, ... Sidney Dillon, Cornelius H. Carlton, ... James Richardson, Hor... E. H. Clark, Ezra H. Baker, ... Grenville M. Dodge. Immedi... adjournment of the stockholders' ... of the new board of directors ... Sidney Dillon was chosen ... Elisha Atkins vice president, ... E. H. Rollins, United States ... New Hampshire, was received, ... the office of secretary of the corpora... Henry McFarland, assistant treas... chosen secretary and treasurer, and ... Merick, chief clerk, was chosen ...

Hayes Firm.

The *Journal's* Washington special says: Various influences have been working to secure a postponement of cabinet appointments until the Republican leaders had reconciled their differences. Many Republicans are dissatisfied because their advice has been disregarded in the formation. Morton was among the number yesterday, but the nomination of Thompson has conciliated him. It is an open secret that he sent the President a note recently asking the retention of Tyner. Blaine was not ignored, but a position was tendered three of his intimate personal friends at different times, but each declined. The President was anxious to conform with the wishes of Blaine in this regard. Blaine's speech yesterday is therefore regarded by close friends of the President as significant and unaccountable. Both Hoar and Dawes opposed the nomination of Governor Rice to a cabinet position, who thought he should remain governor; hence Devens was chosen. The greatest animosity was towards Schurz. His personal enemies are numerous, and though recognizing his great abilities they claim harmony to be impossible with him in the cabinet. The President was somewhat moved but not convinced by the opponents of that nomination. There is little opposition to Evarts, though some talk of the Democrats opposing Key as a man who abandoned his party.

Why Some Cabinet Appointments were made.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Some inside views of President Hayes' contemplated policy has made clear the sincerity of his desire and purpose to pacificate the South, quiet its apprehensions and disarm its suspicions of his administration on the basis of a just protection of all classes and all interests. Senator Key's nomination to the cabinet is the first practical development of this policy. It is designed as a marked tender of the olive branch, and a declaration that the administration has no views or purposes with regard to the South which the President is unwilling to disclose to that able and conscientious gentleman in full sympathy with the intelligent and honest sentiment of that section. Key led a Confederate regiment during the war, was a Democratic appointee Senator in the last Congress, where he made the first Southern speech looking to Southern pacification through conciliation and co-operation with a Republican administration. His views as to which Hayes might properly do to effect that result were recently clearly expressed in a private letter which Hayes found entirely according with his own sentiments; hence the offer of a cabinet appointment which was the more appropriate because Key was supported by the Republicans for election to the Senate, as against the more pronounced and extreme Isham Harris, who was elected. Southern Democratic Congressmen will press Key to decline. They urge that the President's purpose in his appointment is to divide the Southern Democracy and reconstruct the Republican party in the South on a basis to command successfully the union of the old Whig and Union elements. To which the blacks, Key's friends, reply that he cares more for Southern peace and prosperity on peaceful terms than for party success. Some Republicans also antagonize Key's appointment, fearing that it will commit the administration to the abandonment of the Packard and Chamberlain governments of Louisiana and South Carolina, and the sacrifice of their adherents. The President will stand provided Keys remains true to his present position, because he knows that his real and already determined general line of Southern policy fails to justify these Republican apprehensions; while he was ready to take even Gen. Joe Johnson into his cabinet if they had not been acceptable to Republican friends. In order to testify practically his desire for sectional reconciliation, he does not propose to hand over honest Southern Republicans to the tender mercies of their opponents. Vice President Wheeler will be called into the President's counsel as freely as if he was a cabinet officer. He will have control of patronage also to such extent as he can wisely distribute it in the public interest; and as a means of illustrating the President's conciliatory purposes, he is expected to go South after the Senate adjourns in company with Gen. Garfield, or some other equally well known friends of the President, to study the situation in the disturbed States, and ascertain on what conditions the pending difficulty can be honorably compromised and amicably adjusted with the consent and approval of the best men of both parties there. The report of these commissioners concurred in by Key will be accepted, and their recommendation carried out by cooperation of the President, so far as he has constitutional powers. If this policy fails the President intends it shall not be the fault of the Southerners themselves. If it succeeds its effect is expected to be to establish a strong administration party of Southern whites, to which the blacks will naturally adhere. There is some opposition to Sherman for the cabinet by extreme advocates of civil service reform, from fear that he will disapprove it. But the President fully understands Sherman's views, and does not doubt his earnest aid in carrying out such reasonable and practicable ameliorations of the civil service system as alone can win its way against hostility in Congress and elsewhere. The objections to McCreery because of his connection with the McGarrahan case, does not appear to shake the President's confidence that his integrity will be proof against the influence, interest or prejudice growing out of a former professional engagement.

Political Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Senator Gordon has such assurances from President Hayes as to give him occasion to believe that in a few days Gov. Hampton will be left unembarrassed and in undisputed possession as the executive officer of South Carolina.

The Cabinet remained with the President till 2 o'clock. Explaining the condition of public matters, Morrill presented the financial department in a very favorable light. Judge Taft and others spoke freely on all important questions. Of Louisiana affairs it is not now positively known what views were expressed, but it is understood not to have counseled any procedure which would prove disastrous to the hopes of the Packard government. The meeting was cordial.

The World Accepts the Situation.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The *World's* editorial says we shall take it for granted no good Democrat, no good citizen went into this battle simply to elect a particular Democratic candidate to the Presidency. The *World* certainly did not. We have lost the President, but we have gained a cause. Let the dead bury their dead, and living men go forward to win live issues. We fully recognize the fact that the executive conduct of the United States has been lodged for four years in the hands of Mr. Hayes, and we hold this recognition to be essential to any manly and effectual driving out of the seven devils who entered with him into possession of powers of importance the whole country, that we should all of us settle down to the fact that this particular Presidential struggle is over, and that nothing short of revolution can unseat the President who has been so falsely and so fraudulently seated. The country does not want such a revolution. It could not be made better off by such a revolution and would, in all human probability, be made infinitely worse off by such revolution.

Criticisms on Blaine's Speech.

The *World's* Washington special on Blaine's speech says: The words, no less than the manner of the speaker, stirred a thrill throughout the chamber only equaled by the applause, when he said "there was no power high enough to compromise the Republican party to the new policy on the interminable Louisiana question. Sherman looked troubled, but sat in his place and gave no sign of reply. Morton looked unutterable words, but did not speak them. Conkling, apparently oblivious to the sensation which his ancient and honorable enemy had created, but relished the issue quite too well to attempt to narrow it. Now every Republican Senator, with the words of the inaugural fresh before him, appealing for conciliation and self-government in the South, remained silent. What they will do on the morrow is not known. Some of them in conversation affect to criticise Blaine's course, and declare he will be defeated in it. The *Times* ridicules Blaine's speech, while the *Tribune* applauds it.

Won't Confirm Him.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The *Herald's* editorial don't believe the Senate will confirm Shurz.

PRESIDENT HAYES' CABINET.

Vice-President Wheeler will Visit the South.

Leading Republicans Dissatisfied with the Cabinet Nominations.

Hayes' Cabinet.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The *Tribune's* Washington special gives the following as a list of President Hayes' cabinet: Secretary of State, Wm. M. Evarts, of New York; Secretary of the Treasury, John Sherman, of Ohio; Secretary of the Interior, Carl Schurz, of Missouri; Secretary of War, Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana; Secretary of the Navy, Gen. Charles Devens, of Mass.; Postmaster General, David M. Key, of Tennessee; Attorney General, Geo. M. McCrary, of Iowa.

Cabinet Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The following nominations were received by the Senate from President Hayes at 2:20 P. M.: Wm. M. Evarts, of New York, Secretary of State; John Sherman, of Ohio, Secretary of Treasury; Geo. W. McCrary, of Iowa, Secretary of War; Richard M Thompson, of Indiana, Secretary Navy; Chas. Devins, of Mass., Attorney-General; David M. Key, of Tennessee, Postmaster-General; Carl Schurz, of Missouri, Secretary of Interior.

The Rush at the White House.

There was another immense rush at the White House to-day; but by noon the corridors were very clear, giving opportunity for the Secretaries and clerks to give attention to business.

Provided For.

Major C. C. Sniffin, private secretary of ex-President Grant, has just been confirmed paymaster in the army and assigned to duty in the War Department.

As a Visitor.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Ex-President Grant was on the floor of the Senate to-day occupying a seat by the side of Senator Conkling.

Senatorial Democratic Caucus.

At an adjourned meeting of the caucus of the Democratic Senators this morning, there was further interchange of views regarding the general political situation, but no action. The caucus will be reassembled to-day after the Senate adjourns. Among matters incidentally referred to was the subject of Democratic representation on the Senate standing committees, and it was informally argued that the minority having increased its numbers this session should insist upon increased representation upon committees.

Waiting the Announcement.

The galleries of the Senate are crowded and the floor largely occupied with visitors, and the corridors near the Senate are thronged with persons waiting the announcement of the cabinet nominations.

Visit of the Diplomatic Corps.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—This afternoon the diplomatic corps pair their respects to President Hayes. They were in full court dress, and were accompanied by the ladies of their respective families. They assembled in the blue parlor and thence entered the east room, where had previously assembled President and Mrs. Hayes, and Messrs. Taft, Robeson, Cameron, Hon. Eugene Hale, and a few others. Sir Edward Thornton, dean of the diplomatic corps, advanced to the President and said they had called to pay their respects, in behalf of the country they respectively represented, to congratulate him on his accession to the Presidency, and wish that his administration may be highly successful. The President expressed his gratification with their visit and reciprocated their friendly sentiments. Members of the corps and families were then presented to the President, and after a few minutes conversation the visit terminated.

A Few Paragraphs.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: Justice Clifford is surprised his absence yesterday was regarded as politically significant, and says he was led to believe the inaugural oath having been taken Saturday would be omitted yesterday, and being pressed for time concluded to remain at home. He denies there was any political feature to his absence.

Stanley Matthews, it is said, will not now contest Banning's right to a seat in the House, having too much other work on hand to allow preparation of evidence. He is urged as successor of Senator Sherman.

Attorney-General Taft is also a candidate.

Numerous Eastern men are urging the appointment of Banks as minister to France. His friends, however, want him to remain, and think he will be elected Speaker of the House.

There will be no cabinet appointments today. It is asserted the nomination of Schurz will be strongly opposed in the Senate.

Blaine and Morton had a spirited passage of words in the Senate to day which greatly amused the Senate.

Anxious to Succeed Christiancy.

CHICAGO, March 6.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says Chandler is anxious to have Christiancy succeed Judge Davis so that he can succeed Christiancy as Senator from Michigan. The probabilities now are that Bristow will be appointed.

Hayes Firm.

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GOVERNOR HAYES AT HOME.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* thus sketches Governor Hayes at home during the recent exciting times:

To see this large, handsome and pleasant man daily entering his office here, and quietly going through the routine of Governor of Ohio—matters of dry detail—applications for pardon, petty questions from State officers on a thousand-and-one points, daily receiving visitors from almost every State, now chatting with a State Senator, again as agreeably and pleasantly conversing with some quiet old farmer who stepped in to see the Governor, and when one sees all this, and looks at the self-poised, independent dignity of the man, notices his pleasant looks—the same for all ranks of men—it is hard to realize that there stands before you a gentleman in whom to-day center all the immediate hopes and interests of a nation. He is a plain man—but is he a demagogue. He has no arts—no hint to conceal. He never whispers or winks, but speaks right out candidly in a strong, manly voice, and looks you square in the face with those two large blue eyes of his. He is not worrying or fretting. He is patient as Job himself. Others may worry and fret, as for him he looks fresh, young, buoyant and brilliant. The campaign has not added a furrow to his ruddy cheeks nor a shadow to his high and open brow. He seems to-day much younger than he is, scarcely over forty, a strongly-built, large-chested, healthy, stalwart man, capable of doing a world of work and enduring a world of hardship, and all bravely and without a murmur. Like a good lawyer that he is—he long ago rested his case with the great tribunal, first of the people and next of Congress. He will not fret. He will retire early, sleep well, rise early, and keep a good appetite and a clear conscience. No man watches the progress of political events as day by day the great trial proceeds, with greater interest or more intelligently than Gen. Hayes. Yet he preserves his wonted marvellous calmness and self-poise. You could surprise from his property General Grant himself as easily as Hayes. He is firm as a rock. He looks on, says little, and that little to the point. He answers all questions calmly modestly, and with the utmost candor. He does absolutely nothing—tries to do nothing—never tried to do anything to make himself President. He refused to vote for himself. He refused to expend money for himself. He never alludes to himself. He is modest to a fault, if it can even become a fault. No man is so nonchalant about this thing as Hayes. He bides his time. He believes in God and the people; and, as he has never bothered himself to try to manipulate politics in his own behalf, he calmly awaits the verdict; and when it comes, whether it shall raise him to the Presidency or leave him in the governor's office, he will still smile and be happy and contented.

Referring to the statement of the President of the Manchester (Eng.) Chamber of Commerce to the effect that no cotton goods were now exported from that city to this country, and that in Manchester there is a large trade in American cotton fabrics, the New York *Bulletin* publishes tables showing by comparison of last year (1876) with 1871, that the decrease in cotton goods has been at the rate of 57½ per cent., woolens 77½ per cent., and worsted goods 62 per cent. The imports of British iron also show fully an equal ratio of decrease. These comparisons are based on quantities, not values, which, owing to the large decline in prices, would exhibit a still larger rate of decrease. The *Bulletin*, while claiming that this country can turn out certain classes of goods better and cheaper than the English, maintains that the question of wages must ultimately determine whether our present advantage will be permanent or not.

A CONSCIENTIOUS JURY.—An old story is well retold in a recent issue of a Southern journal, as follows: "A jury in Alabama had been impaneled in the case of a Mr. Johnson, charged with killing his wife. The evidence was positive and conclusive, leaving no doubt of his speedy conviction. To the amazement of all, the jury after a short absence, returned a verdict, 'Guilty of horse stealing.' The judge, astonished, asked an explanation, stating that the indictment was not for horse-stealing, but manslaughter. The foreman with his hand upon a huge law-book, and with an amusingly dignified air, informed the court that it was not a case of manslaughter, but womanslaughter, for which the law made no provision, but being satisfied the man deserved to be hanged, they had brought in a verdict of horse-stealing, which, in that country, would be sure to hang him."

Senator Davis, when he was a judge, had a shrewd way of his own. Once at Indianapolis, which was within his circuit, a lawyer named Ketchum was ready when his case was called, but his opponent was absent and had sent word that he couldn't arrive for an hour or two. Ketchum insisted on proceeding at once. The judge demonstrated in favor of the absent lawyer, but to no purpose. "Well," said he, finally, "if you insist upon going on, Mr. Ketchum, you have, of course, the technical right to do so; but if I were you I wouldn't urge the matter. Over at Springfield, the other day, there was just such a case, the lawyer would insist upon going on with trial; and so I had to look after the interest of the other party—and, do you know, curiously enough, Mr Ketchum, *we beat him.*" Mr. Ketchum concluded to wait.

Whether at work or at leisure in his study Mr. James Russe Lowell occupies a broad easy chair standing midway between the table and the fireplace, which holds blazing logs. In this chair he has done most of his writing, his only desk being a stiff piece of pasteboard, conveniently resting on his knee. One of the curiosities which Mr. Lowell's study contains is a pair of silver sleeve buttons, now tarnished almost into blackness, which were once worn by Robert Burns. Mr. Lowell is fond of trees and flowers and often works among them. He is an angler and a pedestrian, never riding when he can walk. He is in excellent health, and looks manly, robust and erect. He may sometimes be seen in bleak, wintry weather walking leisurely through Cambridge thoroughfares with not even the ghost of an overcoat enveloping him.

Julia Ward Howe encountered the wrong person at Indianapolis when she was announced to give her lecture on "Polite Society." The story goes that some years ago a lady of Indianapolis met Mrs. Howe in Washington and was introduced to her. Simply recognizing her, Mrs. Howe turned rudely away, and petulantly remarked to her escort, in French, "Will we never have done with these people?" It didn't occur to Mrs. Howe that a Western woman could possibly understand French. But she did, and immediately came to the conclusion that polite society is not always polite.

When the reported death of Representative Alexander H. Stephens reached Georgia, some nine or ten sat up all night writing letters to their friends informing them of their intention to run for Congress to fill the vacancy, and many of the letters were mailed before it was ascertained that Mr. Stephens was not dead.

Mr. Darwin, says the London *Examiner*, is as reverent and loving a man as lives, and is the father of reverent and loving sons, whose chief delight is in searching out the wonders of the Creator and making them plain to common men.

SENATE EXTRA SESSION.

Grover Fails to be Sworn In.

Exciting Debate on the Admission of Kellogg.

Blaine makes a Stirring Speech.

Admission of Lamar.

WASHINGTON, March 6.

Wallace submitted a resolution that the credentials of L. Q. C. Lamar, Senator elect from Mississippi, be taken from the table and he be sworn in. Anthony moved the Senate adjourn; rejected: yeas, 15; nays, 36,—many Republicans voting with the Democrats against adjournment.

Blaine said Lamar's credentials were entirely regular, and he was just as much entitled to be sworn in as he (Blaine) or any other Senator sworn in yesterday.

Rebate ensued and Spencer wanted Boutwell's committee report of last session on Mississippi affairs read, but the Senate refused.

Blaine argued that the report might show that the Legislature which elected Lamar was illegal, but that was a matter for subsequent inquiry. It was a dangerous thing to keep a Senator from taking the oath who bore the proper credentials.

Anthony moved the report be read.

Spencer opposed because the Legislature electing him was a fraud. He had read as a part of his remarks a part of Boutwell's report.

Thurman said there was no ruling in Boutwell's report affecting Lamar's prima facie right to a seat nor in the report which touches this quest on, and it was out of order for the Senate to listen to the reading of the report.

Morton begged to remind the Senate that one year ago Thurman stood on the other side of this prima facie business in the case of Pinchback. According to Thurman, there could be no investigation as to the legislature which elected Lamar, but there could be as to that which elected Pinchback. He (Morton) held the same doctrine now as he did in the Pinchback case. There had been a sudden revolution on the part of the Democrats. He believed the Senator objected it should be called in the regular order in which they are named. The Senator from Louisiana (Kellogg) was here with a legal certificate, but objection had been made to swearing him in on the very ground upon which he was stopped from taking his seat yesterday. The Senator from Alabama (Spencer) has the right to interpose an objection in the case of Lamar, but it seemed to Morton this was an attempt to have one doctrine for one case and another for another case.

Thurman regretted his friend Morton's memory was failing. He had in every case held when a man had been elected by a convened State legislature, and brought legal credentials, all precedents demanded he be sworn in; according to the report of the Senate elections committee, it was not the legislature that elected Pinchback; therefore Pinchback's credentials were refused.

Morton said Pinchback's election was certified to by the Governor, now acknowledged by every department, and the legislature which elected him had enacted hundreds of statutes and was recognized by the State supreme court. He said the election in Mississippi in 1875 was well known to be a scene of carnage, and might show, when investigated, that the legislature was not a legal body representing a majority of 30,000 which was overcome in that State by violence.

Blaine said he regretted his colleague's amendment was to have that record. He welcomed Thurman coming over to right and regret Morton not to get wrong.

Morton asked what was the objection to Kellogg.

Blaine replied he had a reason often presented on that subject when the case was disposed of.

Morton advised Blaine to look out for his own record, that would keep him busy.

Christiancy read from Boutwell's report to show the legality of the Mississippi legislature was questioned and recognized by the courts and government, and despite some intimation from the legislature Kellogg presented by the election in the case of Pinchback the committee reported there was no legal legislature.

Morton combatted these views and facts.

Howe made an argument in favor of Lamar.

McMillan said he would not be voting for Lamar to go to the validity of the body which elected him, but would pass by for the present.

Morton said: "I was right to-day in Lamar, it was a great wrong not to seat Pinchback."

Edmunds refer the credentials of Senator Lamar to the committee on privileges and elections; rejected; yeas, 11; nays, 36.

The Senate then by vote of yeas 37, nays 2, (Wallace), adopted the motion of Wallace, and Lamar was sworn in by the Vice President.

Spencer, who would have voted in the negative, was paired with Merrimon, who would have voted in the affirmative.

Lamar was then escorted to the desk of the Presiding Officer by Davis of West Virginia, and the Vice President administered the oath.

Blaine then offered a resolution to swear Kellogg.

Finally by a vote of yeas 35, nays 29, the substitute of Bayard was adopted, referring credentials of Kellogg to the committee on privileges and elections. Burnside, Christiancy, Conkling, Davis, Jones of Nevada, and Morrill voted with the Democrats in the affirmative.

Patterson submitted a resolution to refer the credentials of Corbin and M. C. Butler, each claiming a seat from South Carolina, to the committee on privileges and elections when appointed; agreed to.

Bayard submitted a resolution to have John T. Morgan, Senator-elect from Alabama sworn in. Pending discussion the Senate went into executive session. When executive session less than half an hour, but the cabinet nominations were all confirmed. All were referred to appropriate committees without discussion.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

Immediately after reading the journal Wallace moved the Senator-elect from Oregon, L. F. Grover, be sworn. As the Vice President rose to administer the oath, Hamlin said the Senator from Oregon (Mitchell) was not in his seat, and he therefore objected to the oath being administered, as he understood Mitchell has some papers bearing on the case.

Wallace said, as a Senator of the United States, he presented the Senator-elect from Oregon, and hoped he would be sworn.

Hamlin said, as a Senator of the United States, he objected to him being sworn.

The oath was not administered.

Senate then resumed consideration of unfinished business, taking up the resolution of Blaine to swear in Wm. Pitt Kellogg as Senator from Louisiana, and the substitute submitted by Bayard, to refer the credentials to the committee on privileges.

Blaine moved adoption of the resolution that Kellogg be sworn in.

Bayard asked permission to have the credentials of Morgan, Senator-elect from Alabama, presented, his case was the same as Lamar's.

Blaine said Kellogg's case came up before either of the others.

Bayard then moved that the credentials of Kellogg be tabled until they could be referred to the election committee.

Blaine regretted that it was necessary to detain the Senate on Kellogg's case. He had hoped there would be no objections to his credentials. He believed he was elected legally and represented the legal government of Louisiana, and he did not see how any Senator who voted for the Senate to count the vote of Louisiana for Hayes and Wheeler could doubt that Packard was equally the right Governor of that state. There might be some keen logic that would discriminate, but he could not see how a man with nearly 1,000 votes more than the elected tickets was not elected. Nobody in the Senate, especially on the other side, was permitted to doubt that the electors, vote of Louisiana had been properly cast for Hayes and Wheeler—it having been decided by a tribunal created by that State. All of them but Eton, who was guiltless of that tribunal, had voted for it and believed that high and faultless body had reached a proper conclusion.

Thurman asked if the Senate could not do what the tribunal refused to do, viz: look back of the returning board.

Blaine said he would reach that soon. A tribunal had decided to go behind the returning board which was constitutionally and legally competent to make the count and declare the electors and legislature. Blaine continued: I stand alone to say that the honor and credit and faith of the Republican party, in so far as the election of Hayes and Wheeler is concerned, are as indissolubly united in maintaining the truthfulness of the return of that body as the illustrious house of Lancaster that sits on the throne of England to-day, as to the maintaining of the revolution of 1688. You hold Packard no legal Governor of Louisiana, and President Hayes has no title to his seat; and the honored Vice President who presides over our deliberations has no title to his chair. I say, therefore, on the action of the returning board, which the Senator from Ohio admits was held by the electoral commission to be a competent and legal and constitutional body, rests the authority of Packard to exercise the gubernatorial office of that State, and on the authority of that board rests the legislature of that State, and by the legislature of that State Wm. P. Kellogg was duly elected Senator; by the Government of that State, thus determined, he comes here commissioned as a Senator, bearing the great seal of the State, as I maintain, and I do not upon that point, desire to go into details of the election.

Thurman—May I interrupt the Senator?

Blaine—Not a bit.

Thurman—Does the Senator understand that the returning board count the votes for Governor and declare who is elected Governor?

Blaine—The legislature did that.

Thurman—Then the Senator is in great error.

Blaine—I never said any such thing. They were passed on the same returns precisely, and the same returning board which counted the vote for members of the legislature also counted and transmitted to the legislature the votes for Governor.

After some bandying between Blaine and Thurman, Blaine reiterated his position forcibly. He continued: I know that there has been a great deal of fraud with here and there, in the corridors of the capitol, around and about in by places, and in high places, of late; that some arrangement has been made by which Packard was not to be recognized and upheld; that he was to be allowed to slide by and Nicholls accepted as governor of Louisiana. I want to know who had authority to make any such arrangement. I wish to know if any Senator on this floor, if there is in this place, that any person speaking for the administration that was coming in or that was going out, had any right to make any such arrangement. I deny it, without being authorized. I speak for the administration that now exists; but, sir, on the simple broad ground, that it would be infamous that the administration of President Hayes could do it. I deny it on the ground that President Hayes possesses a character for common sense, respect and patriotism, all of which he has in a high measure and eminent degree. I shall therefore unhesitatingly, if not overwhelmingly disappointed; wounded and humiliated, if my denial is not vindicated in the policy of the administration; but whether he vindicates or whether it be not, I carry out; it is not the duty of a Senator to inquire what the policy of the administration may be, but what it ought to be, and I hope a Republican Senate will say on this point there shall be no authority in this land large enough or adventurous enough to compromise the honor of the national administration or the good name of the great Republican party that called that administration into existence. [Applause in the galleries, which was promptly checked by the presiding officer.]

Bayard then took the floor, but before proceeding with his remarks he decided for a motion to adjourn. Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

During all remarks on the Kellogg case Blaine read the following telegram:

COLUMBIA, March 6.

HON. D. L. CORBIN: I have just had a long interview with Blanke who comes later from Stanley Matthews and Key Evans. The purport of Matthews letter is that I ought to yield my rights for the good of the country. This is embarrassing beyond endurance. If much action is desired, I want to know by authority. I am not acting for myself. I am not assume such responsibility. Please enquire and telegraph me to-night.

D. H. CHAMBERLAIN.

BITTING BULL.

The Cheyenne *Leader* gets off some good things. From the latest we select the following biographical sketch of what that paper calls Secretary Taurus:

Of Mr Sitting Bull's early history, but little is known, though it is very probable that he was brought up the macwoods—some ways back.

When he was a boy he did not have the advantages of either free schools or lunches, and he always serve himself instead of the Lord, whenever he got the chance. He most always got the chance.

Old man Sitting Bull gave him a little red paint and his blessing, which was all he had for a start in life. He ran around naked and chased the fleet ooter antelope; but a fellow couldn't run around naked in this neighborhood for five minutes, although they call it a free country.

Sitting Bull was a child of nature, and lived on a piece of raised ground called the Big Horn Mountains. He is the only man who ever parted his hair in the middle.

We have seen some handsomer men than Sitting Bull, but none that were cut out better for wear and tear—especially a tare. But good looks ain't what sitting Bull brags on.

If Sitting Bill had to live his life over again he would cut less meaty last opportunity; but there wouldn't be half as many Indians apiece in good health.

And then we'll be dye to see that B. would draw a bigger crowd than Beecher. And crowds are wont scarce.

The biggest crowd that S. B. ever drew at one meeting was last fall. Perhaps you have heard of it. It was on the Rosebud.

The biggest crowd Beecher ever drew was nigh unto two years ago. Perhaps you have heard of that. It was on the Loyalsock.

Sitting Bull is the only man who ever whipped the United States. But he did it by book or by Crook. He is a hard old scout to trust—Custer charged him once, but made a mistake in one to carry, and received payment in full.

Like all men of genius, Sitting Bull loves whisky. If it wasn't for men of genius, whisky would be borne to blush unseen, even as ten cents a drink. A real Injin can hide a heap of whisky or most anything else, out they ways find it again, especially the whisky.

Whisky and warm weather are about all a Injin wants, but even hell would be a resting place, if it had a low temperature and good society.

Josh Billings says a good Injin is the only good Injin, but there ain't a white digger in the United States who ever saw a dead young Injin. If heaven has only as good Injins for angels, there ain't more than one angel to two hundred and fifty million square miles.

We don't say more about Sitting Bull, but they say talk about the devil and he will appear. We don't have Sitting Bull appear in Cheyenne until the walking is better, for half of the interest in the presidential election.

Boston is grumbling over the salaries of city officials to the tune of $65,000, and there is loud wailing among that class that the reduction will greatly injure the value and efficiency of the service, but it would seem from the following figures that each officer is left with means of comfortable subsistence: The salary of the mayor is allowed to stand at $5,000. The city clerk is reduced from $5,000 to $4,000, and the expenses of his office is cut down $1,250. In add

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1877.

PRESIDENT HAYES A PIONEER REFORMER.

Two points in the matter of political methods, that is, in the manner of accomplishing political ends, as contradistinguished from the ends themselves, have within the last few years taken peculiar prominence in the minds of thoughtful men of all parties. One of them is the purity of elections, and the other, immediately connected with the former, the relation between public offices and party politics. On both these there has been lately much agitation, and, unfortunately, not a little personal misunderstanding and consequent ill-feeling. Those who are generally classed as professional politicians, by which designation is meant those who seek office for themselves, have generally been found favoring the use of any means that will secure party victories. Their political convictions are supplemented and fortified by strong personal interest, till they have no difficulty in concluding that the success of their party is really a matter of such vast moment as to justify questionable methods and practices in achieving it. On the other hand the non-professional, the individual who "has nothing in it," who expects to get his living by business pursuits, and is above the vulgar ambition to get office for the notice into which it brings the possessor, is generally found on the side of honest elections and honest administration.

It will naturally be interesting to inquire what has been the position of Mr. Hayes with reference to these subjects. His position from the time of his nomination as President, so far as the civil service is concerned, is well known; but the question comes up, what are his general views on such matters? Is he a machine politician, or is he not? Was the civil service paragraph of his letter of acceptance the result of a fixed and well-defined conviction, or was it merely a skillful move to catch the popular ear? These inquiries are natural and proper, and, in the light of the facts, must result in a conclusion exceedingly gratifying to the friends of honest elections and honest administration. As long ago as 1868, when the matter of fraudulent elections had not yet attracted so general attention as it has of late, he was led, by contemplation of the frauds in the great cities, to perceive that the evil was in its nature contagious, and that in a short time the strictest provisions would be necessary to prevent frauds in all the States. In his message to the legislature of Ohio at that time he urged the adoption of laws, first, for securing representation to both political parties in all election boards, and second, for a complete registration of all the votes. The proposition to secure representation to both parties in election boards, is one that could never emanate from one who was not desirous of having fair elections, even if his party loses in them.

And now for his civil service reform doctrines. In this matter, too, he is not a new convert, but one of the pioneers of the movement. On receiving notice of his nomination to Congress, in 1872, he made a speech in which he took the same ground he now occupies on the subject. In the course of that speech he said:

About forty years ago a system of making appointments to office grew up, based on the maxim, "to the victors belong the spoils." The old rule of true rule—that honesty, capacity, and fidelity constitute the highest claim to office, gave place to the idea that partisan services were to be chiefly considered. A perversion in practice have adopted this system. Since its first introduction it has been materially modified. At first, the President, either directly or through the heads of departments, made all appointments. Gradually, however, the appointing power in many cases was transferred to members of Congress—to Senators and Representatives. The offices in these cases have become not so much rewards for party services as rewards for personal services in nominating and electing Senators and Representatives. What patronage the President and his cabinet retain, and what offices Congressmen are by usage entitled to fill is not definitely settled. A Congressman who maintains good relations with the executive usually receives a larger share of patronage than one who is independent. This is a bad one. It destroys the independence of the separate departments of the government, and it degrades the civil service. It ought to be abolished. * * * *

We ought to have a reform of the system of appointments to the civil service, thorough, radical and complete.

From this it is seen that President Hayes' ideas on this subject were clearly defined from the first of the agitation, and that he was one of the most advanced of the anti-machine school. It can not, therefore, be doubted that from the first his convictions as to the true policy have been deep, thorough and steadfast. That he means to carry them out in his administration is evident, first, from the language of his inaugural address, and as and from evidence more convincing than any language could be, namely, the appointment of a cabinet with Wm. M. Evarts at the head, with Carl Schurz in one of the most responsible places, with David M. Key, a Democratic Senator from the South, as Postmaster General, and with not a single man in any place who has been heretofore known as a machine politician.

We are afraid party record will not be of much value as a means of securing favor with Hayes' administration. Carl Schurz, the Secretary of the Interior, has refused to acknowledge allegiance to the Republican party for five years past, and has been about as often found opposing as supporting Republican tickets. He was one of the most zealous of all the supporters of Greeley in 1872. But he is not a man who quarrels with his party out of a factious disposition. The reason of his being found sometimes supporting, sometimes opposing the Republican party, is, not that he is himself uncertain or unsteady in his political views, but that he has clear and distinct views which he holds sacred from interference by the party organization, and which he dares maintain, even against the adverse decision of the party. There are many of this kind of men throughout the country denounced as he has been by the machinists for unsteadiness of political faith, when in fact their relations with their party have been broken off because their political faith is too steady, and their moral convictions in politics too deep to allow them to change front from time to time as party expedience may be thought to require. It is the depth, not the shallowness, of Schurz's convictions of duty that places him now on one side, now on the other in political contests.

Notice is given by President Hayes in his inaugural address to Senators and others who have been controlling official appointments with a view to having a strictly personal following in the public service, that this sort of thing will not go on hereafter with the same facility as heretofore; in fact, that the President of the United States will exercise his constitutional functions in this matter, and give Senators a chance to attend more strictly to their own line of duty. It is probable there will be signs of a row shortly, when the jobbers in official places shall have fully ascertained that they can't get removals made at their caprice and pleasure. Surely now "the party" will go to the dogs, since the office-holder is able to assert his independence of the Senator without fear of removal. It is to be feared, too, that the stand taken by President Hayes will materially weaken the "influence" and reduce the following of a certain class of Senators and politicians.

The advocates of prohibition in Minnesota have matured a plan—which has strong supporters in the legislature—by which they hope to get the better of the liquor traffic. The plan is an amendment to the constitution allowing women over the age of twenty-one years to vote in all the cities and towns on the question of granting licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors. The prohibitionists claim that women are even greater sufferers than men from the evils of intemperance and that if they can be allowed to deal with the question they will make short work of it. Legislators, they say, are proverbially shy of any measure that peremptorily stops the whisky ration from even a small minority of their constituents, and therefore will gladly support a measure for relegating the matter to the people in the form proposed, though the result may be the same as through the means of absolute prohibition embodied in law.

We do not want to crow over the misfortune Republicans, but we feel mightily like doing so. Still they have supposed they were justified by the necessities of the case in their general course of conduct. That is the presumption, at least, and we gladly give them the benefit of it. The other sort of Republicans have rather got the better of this deal, and must be allowed to feel just a little bit good over it. Rah for Hayes—and Schurz!

David M. Key, the new Postmaster-General is a Democrat, who represented Tennessee in the Senate till the 4th instant. His appointment will be very distasteful to the politicians of the spoils school. In his appointment President Hayes has followed the example of Washington who had in his Cabinet, Thomas Jefferson, the leader of the opposite party.

The President's nominations of cabinet officers have not been acted on by the Senate. It seems there is a want of harmony among the Republicans, as there naturally would be. The probabilities are, however, that the nominations will be confirmed.

The people of Minnesota are experiencing the same tribulation as we in Oregon, in the matter of school books. They have a uniformity law which many of them believe works grievous wrong, and they are trying to break it down.

Bangor *Whig*: In Augusta, the Rev. H. W. Tilden is pastor of the Baptist church, and is highly esteemed, especially among the children of his parishioners. Recently a little five-year-old boy, who is a Republican true-blue and thinks very much of the clergyman, was about to retire, and closed up his bed-time prayer with: "O Lord, bless father and mother, and bless Mr. Tilden; O Lord, you know which one I mean."

Dr. Erasmus Wilson, an eminent physician of London, has contracted for the removal of the obelisk known as Cleopatra's Needle from Alexandria to the former city. The cost will be $50,000.

MARRIED:

In this city, March 6, by Hon. J. H. Woodward, County Judge, Dr. W. S. Halpruner and Miss Caroline Lieb.

In Seattle, March 4, Thomas H. Ladner and Miss Genevieve Wright.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED.

SITUATION ON A DAIRY FARM, BY A Practical Cheese and Butter maker. Address or call, T. M. COOPER, Russ Hotel, Portland. d&wl

FOR SALE.

ONE HALF INTEREST IN A STOVE AND TIN Store, in one of the liveliest towns in Oregon. Small capital required. For particulars inquire of HEXTER & MAY, Portland, Oregon. m8d10t

TO LOAN.

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY, $2000—$2300—$800 and $500. Apply to WOODWARD & CONNELL, Brokers, cor. First and Washington sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE,

FOR CITY PROPERTY, TWO BLOCKS (ONE acre each), a good House and improvements, situate on rising ground near the river, one mile from Portland. Apply to X. Y., Postoffice Box 781, Portland. m8d1m

NEW TO-DAY.

Just Received per Str "Elder,"

A FULL LINE OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Also, a Lot of

FRENCH & IRISH POPLINS,

ALL SHADES,

To be Sold at

Greatly Reduced Prices,

Silk and Worsted Fringes to Match.

We call special attention to these Goods, as they are MUCH LOWER than the regular market price.

m8d6t CLARKE & HENDERSON.

REGULAR SALE

TO-MORROW.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1877,

At Salesroom, at 10 o'clock A. M.

GROCERIES,

FURNITURE,

DRY GOODS,

Express Wagons, Buggies and Harness.

ALSO,

On account of whom it may concern,

55 bxs Assorted Soap,

5 chests Japan Tea, Etc.

GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

SOCIAL PARTY

Will be given by

Scandinavian Society,

TUESDAY EVE'G, MARCH 13, 1877,

AT

TURN HALL,

108 FIRST STREET.

ADMISSION..... $1.00

"PLEASANTON" GLASS,

FOR SUN BATHS.

THE NEWLY-DISCOVERED REMEDIAL Agent Recommended by Gen. Pleasanton, and distinguished Medical authority, in

Nervous Prostration, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bruises, &c., &c., &c.,

To arrive ex "GEO. W. ELDER," and for Sale by

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists, and Dealers in

Paints, Oils & Window Glass,

Nos. 75 Front and 76 First Sts., Portland, Ogn.

To Let. The Rooms now used as U. S. Engineers' offices will be vacant about March 1st. Inquire of JOHN WILSON, 107 Third st.

Just Received.

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND,

161a DOZ. FLOWERPOTS,

Assorted sizes.

For sale by

HACHENEY & STEVENS,

SEED DEPOT,

Corner Yamhill and First sts.

OREGON STATE

MANUFACTURING CO.

OFFICE—FRONT STREET,

One door north of the American Exchange Hotel.

Information Free to Immigrants.

FARMERS, MANUFACTURERS, MILLMEN and others, are requested to call at the Society by notifying the Secretary when they need Laborers, Lumbermen, Mechanics or Clerks.

LANDS FOR SALE

The Society has the following REAL ESTATE in its hands for Sale:

822 Acres

in Yamhill county, 13 miles from McMinnville, 150 acres under cultivation and 173 acres of good pasturage. The farm has good running water and excellent springs; also timber enough for practical purposes, a rolling surface and good drainage. There are good neighbors in the vicinity.

Price $20 per acre. Terms one-half cash, balance on long credit at low interest.

320 Acres

in Washington county, 150 acres of Beaver dam land, with no timber or brush on it; about 40 acres of heavy timber, balance open hazel brush land. There is a good Barn and Log house on the place, also a fine young orchard and 16 acres of Timothy meadow. The land is nearly all under fence, and it can easily be made one of the finest farms in Oregon. Price $5,250.

680 Acres

On the Columbia bottom, 20 miles north of Portland, 2½ miles from landing place of daily steamers on the Columbia river. Lake river, a navigable stream, crosses this place. It is one of the best dairy farms in the country. Two hundred and sixty acres of this tract is good pasture and meadow land, and will be sold separately or with par or all of the balance, which is timber.

Price for the meadow and pasture, $15 per acre; for the timber, $7.00 per acre. Price for the whole tract, $6,500. Terms—Two-thirds cash, balance on time. Good buildings on the place.

March 7, 1877. mh7d1m

C. K. GILL & CO.,

75 FIRST STREET.

Can now supply

SMOKED HERRINGS,

SMOKED SALMON,

FINNAN HADDIES,

SMOKED HALIBUT,

SMOKED SALMON BELLIES,

IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT.

HAY FOR SALE,

ON WHARF,

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET, AT

$16 per Ton.

mh7d2w

PORTLAND BAKERY.

Cor. Fourth and A. Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE TO announce to his friends, acquaintances and the public in general, that he has re-opened the above Bakery, where he always will keep on hand an assortment of

Crackers, Bread, Cakes and Pastries,

Of all kinds. All orders promptly attended to.

mh7d1m HERMAN & LEHMAN.

STONE,

The Jeweler, has Removed

TO FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATRE.

THEO. CARLTON..... LESSEE AND MANAGER

MR. CARLTON takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Portland and vicinity that he has engaged for a short season only, the World-Renowned and

ORIGINAL

EMPRESS OF NEGRO MINSTRELSY

COMMENCING

Wednesday Ev'ng, March 7, '77

MISS LULU HENDERSON

The Child Wonder.

Miss ANNA HENDERSON

Soprano.

MISS DELLA REYNO,

Alto and Baritone.

MISS ANNA WINSTON,

MISS DORA CLARKE

HENRY HUNLY,

The finest Basso in the country.

JOHN HENDERSON,

The Lovely Tenor.

FRANK GRIMES,

The Great Bar tone.

ALBERT BYRD and

T. JACKSON.

The following Card is published by permission:

Dear Sir—I shall be glad indeed to see again those of the Jubilee Singers I know. Five of them on your Photograph Card I recognize as part of the Band that delighted our Eastern people as much as any entertainment which they are privileged to enjoy.

To Mr. THEO CARLTON, Agent for the Band.

ADMISSION..... ONE DOLLAR.

No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

Box Sheet open at 10 o'clock Monday, March 5th, at Gray's Music Store.

LAW CARDS.

SIDNEY D. LAY,

Attorney at Law,

Office—Second floor Strowbridge's new building, First street, Portland, Oregon. fe4d1m

T. A. McBRIDE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office in Monnastes' Brick, First street, Portland. n17d3m

WHALLEY & FORSHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Ghost's building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

B. WHITTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office—Opposite Court House,

Court Street, Dallas City, Oregon. d19d3m

WM. C. SIMPSON. GEO. H. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

No. 12 Ockum's Building.

Sulphur Tar Baths

FOR WHITENING AND BEAUTIFYING THE Complexion. The most effectual purifiers of the system, searching out and removing all waste particles, leaving the skin new and fair as an infant's. Old and darkened complexions restored by them in a manner nearly miraculous; also of great benefit in Scrofula, etc., and healing power only with Sores, Affection and the only certain remedy for Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints. Given under the direction of a skilful physician by

MRS. S. LORD,

FIRST STREET,

Next door to Oak. Portland, Ogn.

MRS. LORD would inform her friends and patrons that she is still Agent for Mrs. MOORE'S

Great Scientific Hair Producer.

The only never-failing remedy for Baldness, in all Stages; Falling of the Hair; Itching of the Scalp, and Dandruff. Requires only three applications a week. Is not gummy, but makes the hair soft and beautiful; does not discolor the scalp, but cleanses and whitens it.

Price Reduced. Send for circulars with testimonials.

LADIES' BALANCE.

For the next Thirty Days I will close my Stock of MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS at Greatly Reduced Prices, to make room for one of the largest and best selected Stock of MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS ever exhibited in Portland. Don't fail to call if you are wanting anything in my line, at the Ladies' Bazar, No. 71 First st.

F. E. BRIGHAM.

JACOB STRAUB & CO.'S

Standard Cal. Billiard Tables,

Delaney's Wire Cushions Attached.

10 DIFFERENT STYLES.

Price from $250 to $1400.

Tables sold on easy terms on good Bankable paper.

See Tables at Merritt & Prahar's and at Peter Wehlm's, Fountain Saloon.

BILLIARD GOODS

At San Francisco prices.

For further information apply to

C. A. BURGNADT,

mr1d2m Agent for Oregon, etc.

[illegible]

Ex Ship "Dovenby," from Honolulu.

185 kegs UNION MILLS No. 1.

100 " " " 1½.

75 " T. HUGHES No. 1.

50 " T. HUGHES No. 1 A.

50 bbls. MOLASSES.

7000 lbs. RICE, A. 1.

50 bags COFFEE.

For sale in lots to suit, by

GILMAN & IRVIN,

Corner Front and Oak streets, Portland.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THIS COMpany will carry Canned Salmon and Canned Beef from the Columbia River Canneries (below mouth of Willamette) to Astoria at the rate of One Dollar per ton.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

March 1, 1877. m1d1m

FOR THE PASSOVER!

MATZOS! MATZOS!

THE STATE BAKERY, JOHN WINTTER, Proprietor, having secured the services of Mr. M. FRIEDMAN as superintendent is prepared to furnish MATZOS of superior quality to the Israelites of Oregon. Orders promptly attended to.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,

IN EVERY STYLE.

AT

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

Premium Candy Factory,

No. 105 FIRST STREET.

THE TAX ROLL OF EAST PORTLAND SCHOOL District No. 21 will be placed in the hands of the Sheriff for collection on the 19th day of March, 1877. All delinquents will take due notice.

CLAUDE THAYAR, School Clerk.

Office—East Portland, on 1 street, bet. Third and Fourth. mh6d2w2p

ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE.

Having made arrangements with some Eastern Factories, I have procured the Agency for some of the best and most improved styles of Carriages

I am now prepared to offer to the Public as well as the Trade

BABY CARRIAGES

Of all descriptions, at full one third less than ever before. Among the latest and most improved Styles which I have on hand will be found the

Patent Double Spring Extension Body Carriage,

which for its durability and beauty has been awarded the FIRST PRIZE at the Centennial Exposition. Also the

ADJUSTABLE BODY DOUBLE SPRING CARRIAGE.

Both of which are heavy Silver Mounted.

I have in addition to the above a full Assortment of REVOLVERS and all other Styles PERCUSSION PISTOLS.

CROQUET SETS.

BIRD AND BREED NO CAGES.

CROCKERY, GLASS AND

PLATED WARE.

Call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A VERY LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

HENRY ACKERMAN,

94 First and 95 Front Street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. LITTLEFIELD,

Physician and Surgeon

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

Office—Rooms 5 and 6, Strowbridge Building, Corner First and Alder streets.

Residence, corner Seventh and College streets.

Office Hours, 9 to 12 A.M. and 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 P.M.

DR. J. P. KINGSLEY,

OCULIST AND AURIST.

Office, Dekum's Block.

Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and NOSE (particularly Chronic and Catarrh) treated as specialties.

Prescriptions for the proper spectacles for relief of long, short or weak vision.

A fine stock of Artificial Eyes kept.

DR. C. C. GLASS,

Office—Parrish's Building,

Corner of Front and Washington sts., opposite Washington.

Office hours—10½ A.M. to 1 P.M. and 6½ to 7½ P.M.

SALOONS.

A COSY PLACE.

T. J. ROBINSON. J. CORBETT.

THESE WELL KNOWN GENTLEMEN HAVE opened a saloon

Elegantly Furnished & Finished Rooms,

on the north side of Morrison street, between First and Second, where they will be pleased to meet all their old friends. fe17d1m

HARBOUR'S THREAD,

Cotton Seine Twine and Rope

SUITABLE FOR SALMON NETS.

PAGE'S OARS,

Anchors, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Tackle Blocks, Cordage,

And all kinds of

Boat Builders' Material,

AT LOWEST RATES.

NORTHRUP & THOMSON,

131 Front st., Portland, Or.

200 Each of 14 & 15 ft. Pikes Now on Hand.

Best Eastern Oars.

FOR SALE LOW.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., &c.

JOHN H. FOSTEL'S,

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER OF ASH

SIMON, SPRINGER & CO.

81 Front Street,

Dealers in

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

German, French and American

WINDOW GLASS

Crystal Sheet, Enameled, Stained and Cut Glass. All Sizes of

LOOKING GLASSES.

Glazing done to order at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

ST. HELEN'S HALL,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A Boarding and Day School

FOR GIRLS,

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF

BISHOP MORRIS & the MISSES REDFORD.

The EASTER TERM will begin on

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 24TH.

fe19d1m

MATZOS! MATZOS! MATZOS!

To the Israelites of Oregon.

WE HEREWITH GIVE NOTICE THAT WE shall again, as this establishment, be able to furnish you with Matzos for the coming Passover. All orders left with the Oregon Bakery or Isaac Levy will be promptly attended to.

LIEBE & HOE BROS.

ISAAC LEVY, Superintendent. fe4d1m

PONY.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, ON THURSDAY, March 1st, an iron-gray Pony, mare, 3 years old, white star on forehead. Any one returning the same to the undersigned at his residence, on Seventh street, between Hall and College, will be rewarded for his trouble.

T. B. MAXWELL.

m6d2t

W. W. PIPER,

ARCHITECT,

Office in Monnastes' Building, First street, Between Morrison and Yamhill.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COpartnership, under the firm name of Staender & Gumbert, and will be pleased to continue the patronage of our old customers, and invite the attention of the public.

ADAM STAENDER,

mh7d2w ISAIAH GUMBERT.

BRITISH BARQUE "AETHELSTAN."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THIS VESSEL MUST be presented, in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned before 12 o'clock March 8th, or the same will not be allowed.

HENRY HEWETT & CO.

mh7d2t

CAPT. IN'S NOTICE.

BRITISH SHIP "ALUMINA," CAPT. JONES. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned consignees will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

R. C. JANION & CO.

mh7d3t

WANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN IN A DRY AND Fancy Goods Store. Address, J. A., Oregonian Office.

WANTED.

A GOOD COOK. A LIBERAL PRICE offered. Apply at 140 southwest corner Fourth and Oak streets.

WANTED.

PART BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE to sell, will find it to their interest to address Lock Box 467, Portland.

WANTED.

GOOD GARDENER TO CULTIVATE ON SHARES of J. R. Ferry.

GIFTS. 12 ELEGANT OIL CHROMOS, size 22x28, sent by mail post-paid for $1.00. Send address for Illustrated Catalogue. F. MUNSON, Jun'r, 174 Post street, San Francisco. d19—nw1

TO LET.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

TURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITH OR without board, with privilege of bath included. Inquire at Parrow, Washington street, No. 2. fe7d1m

TO LET.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO LET BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR SALE.

Store to Let, AND STILL REMAINS TO BE SOLD ABOUT consisting of 12 nice rooms (several in suites), each room has marble hearth and mantel. Could possibly rent all, or at least the upper story as one tenement. Inquire of JOHN WILSON, 107 Third street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ENGINE, 50H.P., BRASS FITTED, 16 in. DEPTH, 36 in. Oak Frames and proof Bank. Apply to FRANCIS BERRY, E street, between Front and Eighth. m8d1w

FOR SALE.

4000 BUSHELS OF VERY BEST CHARcoal, which will sell at the lowest market price. The coal will be delivered on sale at the purchaser's yard. Call on P. WOLFF, St. John's, or C. M. KOHN, Franklin Market. FOR SALE—WOOD FOR SALE, delivered anywhere along the river. fe22d1m

FOR SALE.

ONE SETT'S ALASKA 1000 POUND REFINING Furnace, consisting of White Borax Standard, with 8 heavy Silver plated Syrup Pannons. One Copper Soda Generator, one two hogshead Copper Tanks, with all the tools and implements necessary. All in good working order, can be seen 2000 below cost. Apply to ALLEN & HOLLIS, Commission Merchants, First street, Portland.

FOR SALE.

THE FURNITURE AND GOODWILL OF THE St. Charles Hotel, Albany, Oregon. Reason for selling, poor health. Apply to J. F. MORRISON, Albany, Ogn.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., BEFORE BUILDing, 50 and Stock of Goods, Hay Shed and Stock in Trade, at Cowlitz Station, P. O. County Seat of Lewis county. 320 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very light growth of timber. 120 acres of land 1½ miles north of Chehalis Station. For particulars and terms inquire of Geo. J. HOGUE, Chehalis, Lewis Co., W. T.

SAN JUAN COUNTY, W. T.

Farms and City Lots

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AGENT FOR THE sale or lease of several valuable FARMS and STREET LOTS, situated on San Juan and Orcas Islands. Address

D. WARNARS,

San Juan Island, W. T.

S. L. N. GILMAN. E. K. IRVIN.

GILMAN & IRVIN,

Auctioneers & Commission

MERCHANTS,

Corner Front and Oak Streets, Portland.

Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

A large assortment of Groceries, Furniture and Merchandise on hand at private sale.

Will attend to sales in any part of the city.

Cash advances made upon Consignments.

Will purchase the Furniture of parties declining housekeeping.

P. C. ANKENY & CO.,

Offer for Sale, ex "Dove V.,"

WORTHINGTON'S STOVE COAL and COMMON SALT.

CANNEL COAL.

PORTLAND CEMENT and WHITING.

SANDWICH ISLAND GOODS, MOLASSES, RICE and BANANAS.

1 GAS LATHE, 18 in. centers and 30 ft. bed.

WHITE GRANITE EARTHENWARE, GLASSWARE and PIPES.

ZINC, TINNED SAUCEPANS & COVERS, FRYPANS, SHEET LEAD and CAST STEEL.

WHITE LEAD and WHITE ZINC.

TERRA ALBA, HYDROCHLORATE OF SODA, ULTRAMARINE, SODA ASH and CHLORIDE OF LIME.

INDIA PALE ALE, BLOOD WOLFE'S ALE, PORTER and GUINNESS PORTER.

HENNESSY and HARDY BRANDIES, case and bulk.

JULES ROBIN & CO.'S BRANDIES, case and bulk.

GENEVA, in case.

MARASCHINO, ANISETTE, CURACOA, BENEDICTINE, etc.

HEIDSIECK'S CHAMPAGNE.

PORT and SHERRY WINES, in bulk.

LALANDE'S CLARETS, in case.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, in case.

CURRANTS, PICKLES, SALAD OIL and CURRIE POWDER.

HOSKIN & WILSON'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, &c., &c.

H. MAX & JOSEPHSEN,

No. 26 North Front Street, Portland, Ogn.

Sole Agents for

CHAS. REBSTOCK & CO.,

St. Louis, Mo.

AMERICA'S FINEST WHISKIES,

Stonewall Old Cabin Corner Whisky,

Nelson Co. Ky.

Snow Hill Pure Corner Bourbon,

Paris, Ky.

Importers of Foreign Wines & Liquors

Depot of Julius Dressel's

SONOMA VINEYARD.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

OSCAR KNIGHT,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Oak streets,

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Saturdays.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL Merchandise, Personal Property, etc.

A general assortment always on hand.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

WEDNESDAY, March 7, at 10 o'clock A.M.

Groceries, Hay, Grain, Pictures, Mirrors, Watches and Jewelry, Furniture, Carpets, etc.

OSCAR KNIGHT.

INSURANCE.

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

CAPITAL.....

Reserve and Surplus.....

Jan. 1st, 1876.....

Total.....

Premiums Received.....

Losses Paid in Oregon.....

5 years.....

EDWARD HOLMES,

Agent.

OREGON FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.

Fire Insurance.

OFFICE, 8 Signal Station of Chamberlain Building.

Portland, Oregon, March 7, 1877.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, on Monday, the 12th day of March, 1877, at 2 o'clock P.M., for the election of Trustees to serve for the ensuing year.

T. A. McBRIDE, Secretary.

Capital, - - - - $100,000

Assets, - - - - 150,000

Income, 1876, - - - 150,000

Losses paid since Organization, 300,000

HAMILTON BOWEN,

MANAGER.

70 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

INSURANCE.

Ensurance Company

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Assets, - - - $1,000,000

Assets, - - - - 1,000,000

Income, - - - - 1,000,000

Losses paid since Organization, 1,000,000

HAMILTON BOWEN,

MANAGER.

70 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

THE NORTHERN

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LONDON.

CAPITAL, - - - - $1,000,000

Assets, - - - - 1,000,000

Income, - - - - 1,000,000

Losses paid since Organization, 1,000,000

HAMILTON BOWEN,

MANAGER.

70 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

INSURANCE.

First National Fire Insurance Co.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

W. S. SLOCUM, Agent.

Office, 8 Signal Station of Chamberlain Building.

Portland, March 7, 1877.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, on Monday, the 12th day of March, 1877, at 2 o'clock P.M., for the election of Trustees to serve for the ensuing year.

W. S. SLOCUM, Secretary.

Capital, - - - - $200,000

Assets, - - - - 300,000

Income, 1876, - - - 300,000

Losses paid since Organization, 600,000

HAMILTON BOWEN,

MANAGER.

70 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

INSURANCE.

THE NORTHERN

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF LONDON.

CAPITAL, - - - - $1,000,000

Assets, - - - - 1,000,000

Income, - - - - 1,000,000

Losses paid since Organization, 1,000,000

HAMILTON BOWEN,

MANAGER.

70 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

R. J. JANION,

IMPORTER AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AGENTS FOR THE

OFFER FOR SALE:

WARNER'S ALE, pints and quarts.

HENNESSY'S BRANDY, case and bulk.

LEA COOPER & SONS ALE, pints and quarts.

Bisse, Watts & Co.'s ALE, pints and quarts.

RED CAMS GIN, case and bulk.

HENNESSY, pints.

Among the brands, may be mentioned Miss Lala Rose, Mabel, Mrs. Langtry, Lily Langtry, Lillie Langtry, Mrs. Cornwallis West, Mrs. Bernard Beere, Mrs. Brown Potter, Mrs. Hugh Fortescue, Mrs. Arthur Stanley, Mrs. Ronalds

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

OSCAR KILBOURN,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Corner First and Pine Streets.
Regular Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, etc.
General assortment of Merchandise ...

REGULAR SALE
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Mirrors, Fancy Goods, Watches and Jewelry, Furniture, Carpets and other ...
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.,
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
... EDWARD HALL, Gen'l Agent, Ankeny's Block, ...
OREGON BRANCH

HOME MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

... HAMILTON BOYD, MANAGER. ... Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

UNION Insurance Company, FIRE AND MARINE.
... W. CALDWELL, ...

THE STATE Investment & Insurance COMPANY, OF SAN FRANCISCO. FIRE AND MARINE. Incorporated in 1871.

... A. J. RYAN, ...

SALMON & ... IMPORTERS AND Commission Merchants. AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S.

... PHOTOGRAPHY. ...

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. ... J. SIMON, L. LACHMAN. ... Feb. 12, 1877.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. ... J. SIMON, JASON SPRINGER & CO. ... Feb. 12, 1877.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC SHEEP WASH. $3 Per Gallon. ... San Francisco, Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. ... A. Ferrera and L. Boire ... A. FERRERA, L. BOIRE. ... Or., March 1, 1877.

NOTICE. ... J. S. SIBSON IS AUTHORIZED TO ... JAMES LAIDLAW & CO. ... 25th January, 1877.

The Daily Oregonian.
THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1877.

CITY.

WALLOWA VALLEY DIFFICULTY.—An exchange says, in speaking of Joseph and his band of braves: "The military authorities have no intention whatever to inaugurate hostilities with Nez Perce Joe and his band, but will make arrangements that will keep him quiet. As soon as the condition of the roads will permit, two companies of cavalry will proceed to and occupy the Wallowa valley. It has not yet been determined to compel Joseph to go upon the reservation as this matter is under the control of the interior department at Washington. Persuasion will be used first, and if this fails, then force will be used. It is estimated that Joseph commands fully 200 fighting men, and with his knowledge of the country, a war could be maintained that would occasion great trouble and immense expense, besides loss of life. Reliable authority says that the Indians are prepared to resist, and fifteen of them have been sent to the Sioux to solicit their co-operation against the whites. The authorities have been informed and have taken every precaution to prepare for any outbreaks that may arise."

DRUNKEN BRAWL.—Tuesday night a drunken row occurred in a saloon down street, which came near resulting in serious consequences to one of the party concerned in the brawl. During the melee a drunken fellow named Murphy fired a pistol, the ball of which passed through the clothes of a Frenchman named Chouris. The missile grazed the skin, but did not inflict any injury. On complaint of Chouris, Murphy was arrested for assault with a dangerous weapon. Yesterday morning, however, Chourris declined to appear against Murphy, stating that he was intoxicated at the time of the row, and that the shooting was purely accidental. Murphy was ...

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, March 7, 1877:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Actual Barometer	30.120	30.170	30.140
Barometer, & elev.	30.130	30.140	30.128
Thermometer	47°	52°	48°
Relative Humidity	85	78	92
Wind, direction	SW.	SW.	S.
Velocity	8	8	1
Weather	Cloudy.	Lt. Rain.	Lt. Rain.
Maximum ther.			54°
Minimum ther.			44°

FINE SHEEP.—Mr. T. Withycombe, Jr., of Washington county, brought up on the last steamer four head of blooded Spanish merino sheep—three ewes and one buck. These sheep descended from the celebrated stock of Hammond, of Vermont. They were taken out on the train yesterday afternoon.

SENT TO SALEM.—The remains of the late ... M. Bear, the unfortunate young man who was found dead in his room at the Occidental Hotel, Tuesday afternoon, will be sent ... this morning on the train. The funeral will take place this morning from the residence of ... B. Strang, in Salem.

REVIVAL SERVICE.—Rev. J. C. Baker, of Oakland, ..., who has been laboring with ... in revival meetings at Victoria, will preach at the Baptist church Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

FIREMEN'S DELEGATES.—This evening the Board of Delegates of the Portland Fire Department will meet at the Police Court room at ... o'clock. A full attendance desired.

MISSIONARY LECTURE.—Dr. Lindsley has returned from Port Townsend, and the lecture will be ... according to appointment, in the ... Presbyterian church.

AMUSEMENTS.

... JUBILEE SINGERS.—The stormy weather did not have the effect to deter a very large ... of the amusement-loving public ... the darkness, wind and rain to be ... on the occasion of the first appearance of the celebrated Tennessee Jubilee ... The ... market theater was crowded to ... Among those present were observed many faces rarely, or never seen ... A fair proportion of the audience was composed of ministers and members of the various churches of Portland, which ... the occasion a measure of religious ... quite refreshing to the regular theater-goers, ... as pleasant to the managerial ... The character of the performance ... evening fully justified the ... encomiums bestowed by the press ... For some time the public ... have been tickled with a feast ... instrumental—of classical music, ... satiated. An exchange of the ... composers for the simple ... melodies of the campmeeting ... of the South comes with ... freshness. The songs— ... sentimental—while quaint, weird ... critical standpoint, crude, are ... earnestness, and which such ... the simplest rules of harmony, ... fail to reach the heart and ... sense of real enjoyment. ... feeling which pervaded the ... last evening, for a more ... one we have not often ... female singers of the company ... Henderson must be accorded ... This young woman ... voice of remarkable flexibility, ... an almost flute-like sweetness. ... with the most pleasing effect "That's ... Like to Be," "Campmeeting Down ... derness," "Massa's in de Cold, Cold ..." and several other selections in response to ... encores. The little lady ... a place in the public heart, ... to become an established favorite. ... Della Reyno is likewise a pleasant ... characteristic manner ... in its way. Mr. Henry ... a deep, rich bass voice, ... most pleasantly to the ear. We ... to mention in complimentary ... the singing of Miss Annie ... which in many essential ... scarcely inferior to ... Miss Lulu. Although many ... were rendered, the real gem ... was the quartette, "Come ... Love Lies Dreaming," which won ... Artistically speaking, a ... and training is very apparent ... great charm of the performance ... display of the natural, spontaneous ... of the heart and soul, unwarped ... of culture, for which the colored ... of the South are so noted. We ... conscientiously commend the performances ... by the Jubilee Singers to the ... of the public. To attempt ... music, or analyze its spirit and ... would be an impossible task. To- ... will appear again with a change of ... also to-morrow and Saturday ... performance Saturday ... Box office at Gray's music store. ... early.

... BENEVOLENT SOCIETY. ... is the treasurer's report for ... February, 1877:

... December report		$391 16
...	$ 12 00	
...	43 00	
... at The Home	27 00	
...	8 00	
... Astoria	10 00—	100 00
		$509 36

DISBURSEMENTS.

... "The Home"	$ 98 05	
...	29 00—	$127 05
... treasury, ... 1877.		$367 31

SOCIAL EVENTS.

On Tuesday evening the marriage of Dr. Wm. Halpruner to Miss Caroline Liebe was ... at Prof. Halpruner's dancing ... After the ceremony, congratulations ... expressed by all present, followed ... in which every one took an active part. The dancing was interrupted at midnight, when a great many adjourned to Fabre's ... The affair was a pleasant one, and the happy couple have the kindest wishes of many friends.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

We call attention to the O. S. N. Co.'s advertisement in relation to the time of the sailing of the steamer Dakota.

Go to S. L. Stone's for the finest grapes.

BRIEF NOTES.

Blue glass.

Lent—and fish.

Shipping very dull.

County court this morning.

Steamer off Saturday morning.

The grand jury is still in session.

Line prostrated yesterday afternoon.

The social season is winding to a close.

Oregon Bible Society in session last evening.

Masken Kraenzch to-morrow evening at Turn Halle.

The "shinny" mania has broken out among the boys again.

It might be well to state that J. Pluvius is out calling again.

Come to think of it, blue-moulded cheese ought to be healthy.

We are prepared to hear of trees budding now, at any moment.

The weather during the past winter has been grand for the farmers.

River is getting "booming," and quantities of drift-wood passing.

Fifty-three Mondays in 1877. Won't the washerwomen be happy.

John Jack and his company are playing to good houses in Walla Walla.

One week from next Saturday will be St. Patrick's Day in the morning.

Steamer *Ajax* will sail for this port next Saturday with freight and passengers.

If you want to find out what's in a name, put it on the back of a note and see.

The clamor of political strife has died away, and welcome peace once more reigns.

"Shell jewelry is modest."—*Ex.* Right, and it doesn't require so much shelling-out to pay for it.

Mr. Burch, the penitentiary manager, ought to try a blue glass window on the sick convicts.

To walk about the streets last evening would convince one that we want a better system of sewerage.

Mrs. Cazentie and J. B. Guillimette were both arraigned in State circuit court yesterday charged with adultery.

The first bed-bug of the season was captured yesterday while on a prospecting tour. He was thin and had an army overcoat on.

Yesterday a youth was seen promenading the streets who stands in his boots *seven feet and one inch*. That young fellow seems eminently qualified by nature to "cut down bacon from the loft."

"Ball dresses are made low-necked, U-necked, V-necked, or heart shaped, or square in the neck, according to fancy."—*Ex.* In the matter of ball dresses we always thought they were neckst to nothing.

If we have been correctly informed the conviction of Mrs. Mary Vigilius and J. H. McIntosh is the first instance in the judicial history of Oregon where parties guilty of the crime of adultery have been punished.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

WEDNESDAY, March 7, 1877.

In re the Oregon Iron Works, bankrupt; petition of assignee for an order that mortgagee show cause why assignee should not sell mortgaged property free from liens and incumbrances, and answer thereto argued and submitted.

In re the Oregon Iron Works, bankrupt; petition of Elijah Corbett for an order for leave to foreclose mortgage and answer thereto argued and submitted.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

State of Oregon vs Wm. Marceen; defendant arraigned, and E. Mendenhall appointed to defend; defendant allowed till to-morrow morning to plead to the indictment.

State of Oregon vs Jean B. Guillimette and Virginia Cazentie—adultery; defendants arraigned, and L. B. Stearns appointed counsel for Virginia Cazentie; defendants allowed until to-morrow morning to plead.

A. Zetterman vs A. Legrand; tried and submitted.

Wm. Barr vs C. S. Silver and J. H. Mitchell; cause on trial.

COUNTY COURT—WOODWARD, J.—WOODWARD AND KELLY, COMMISSIONERS.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the estate of Adolph Jorand, deceased; set for hearing on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of May, 1877.

In the matter of the estate of Angeline Kennard, deceased; order confirming sale of real estate.

In the matter of the estate of E. H. Garling, deceased; order appointing O. F. Hoffman, J. P. Cline and C. Schloth appraisers of said estate.

In the matter of the estate of Mahala Bonser, deceased; order setting case for hearing objections to final account of administrator on Saturday the 9th of April, at 10 o'clock A. M.

In the matter of the petition of W. A. Scoggins and G. J. Watts for a change of a portion of the "River Road"; J. Keiser, Jeremiah Priston and A. Byers appointed viewers of said road, to meet at the residence of W. A. Scoggins on — day of March at — o'clock.

In the matter of the petition of J. N. Mitchell for a change of road; report of viewers read for the first time.

LAW.

Joseph Sedlack vs Podang; parties appeared in person by their attorneys; by consent in open court, parties waived the right to a trial by jury; case continued until Thursday at 10 o'clock A. M.

Order for $22 additional to A. Flowers for work as janitor at court-house.

Report of the county treasurer for month of February submitted and approved.

Court adjourned until Thursday, the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

The following cases were disposed of yesterday in the police court: J. D. Jones, drunk, fined $20; .. Bradway, same, fined $5; W. Wilson, same, fined $10; W. Gammet, same, fined $5; F. Williams, similar offense, fined $5; C. Brown, same offense, fined $10.

J. K. Gill & Co. have a large shipment of *New Books*, Stationery and Novelties on the incoming steamer—direct from New York.

Hayes has been inaugurated and business will brighten up. Try a lunch at Barnes'.

Hickory nuts direct from Quincy, Illinois, to be had at S. L. Stone's.

The neatest thing out for a schoolboy is "Smith's Scholar's Companion," price 35 cents. J. K. Gill & Co. sold a gross of them during Christmas week, and have just received another large lot of them.

To be beautiful, graceful, healthful and comfortable, wear Dr. Warner's corset. Third street near Morrison.

For ladies' corsets at low prices go to the Emporium of Fashion.

Worsted reduced to fifteen cents per ounce at Mrs. Charles Tichnor's.

For good kid gauntlets at $1 a pair, go to the Emporium of Fashion.

All depends on Oregon and the lunches served by Barnes at Central Market.

Masquerade costumes for rent cheap, and all kinds of masks, at Mrs. Charles Tichenor's.

Masquerade suits and trimmings, at J. Harris & Son's.

Afternoon school at Progress Hall for children. All those holding card of invitation to the Sioroes will be admitted. Good music.

Fabre can't sing, but he can get up a capital meal at any time.

N. W. according to Bardwell Sloit, would mean no water. It likewise applies to Noble Whisky, the drink of the gods, who are supplied by Millard & VanSchuyver, 39 Front st., Portland.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. Number of English papers on file, including the London *Daily Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*.

The ladies who wear Dr. Warner's health corset step along as lightly as gazelles and enjoy perfect freedom in every movement. Third street near Morrison.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

COMMON COUNCIL.

REGULAR MEETING, FEB. 21, 1877.

A regular meeting of the common council was held at the Council Chamber last evening at 7 o'clock.

Present—Councilmen Andrus, Blumauer, Corbett, Harrington, Lambert, Skidmore, Stemme, Stephens and Wiley.

W. S. Caldwell, auditor and clerk, and J. H. Lappeus, chief of police, in attendance.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

REPORTS.

The committee on ways and means reported back an ordinance for the relief of John McKenna with a recommendation that the same be indefinitely postponed which was on motion adopted.

The committee on fire and water reported adversely on the petition of Jacob Kamm for permission to repair his building on Washington street; report adopted.

The city surveyor submitted a report in the matter of the extension of Clay street, which was read and referred to the committee on streets and public property.

The city attorney submitted a report relative to certain suits to which the city was a party; report filed.

CLAIMS.

The following claims were ordered paid by warrants on the treasury: Schwab & Anderson, $30; James A. Smith, $61 20; Charles Lawrence, $6; Police Commissioners, $39; Gas Light Co., $32 05; J. H. Lappeus, $116 50; D. W. Taylor, $150; W. T. Besser, $38 25; H. D. Gradon, $41 25; D. Halpruner, $63 05; W. H. Butts, $280 42; B. Latham, $10 80; A. G. Walling, $12; Willamet Iron Works, $7.

ORDINANCES.

An ordinance authorizing an agreement with J. G. Fairfoul & Son for the removal of stone from the city park was taken from the table and referred to the committee on streets.

An ordinance from the committee on ways and means, authorizing a temporary loan, was read three times and passed.

An ordinance, from the same committee, authorizing a contract for the city printing, was read first and second times.

An ordinance from the committee on streets and public property, providing for the improvement of E street, from Tenth to Seventeenth, was read three times and passed.

An ordinance, from the same committee, providing for the improvement of Third street, from Yamhill to Taylor, by macadamizing, was read three times and passed.

An ordinance, from the same committee, providing for the fencing of Park blocks 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, was read three times and passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolution, from the committee on streets and public property, was adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council propose to improve North Thirteenth street from G to Q street by grading and laying side and crosswalks on the west side thereof.

A communication was received from Geo. Burton calling the attention of the council to the offensive smell caused by the depositing of offal on B street, and asking that the nuisance be abated; referred to the committee on streets and public property.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

The following authorizations to expend public money were adopted:

Authorizing the expenditure of $25 for a new floor in rear room of Engine Co. No. 3's house. Also $3 50 for lanterns for Engine Co. No. 4. Adjourned.

It having recently been denied that Admiral Farragut lashed himself to the mast of his ship in the fight in Mobile Bay, Mr. Wm. Page, the artist who painted the famous picture giving the late Admiral that historic attitude, writes to the New York *Tribune* stating that he had the authority of the Admiral himself for the authenticity of the incident, which ought to put the question at rest. Mr. Page says:

In his first "pose" for me, at the house of the commander of the Navy Yard at Brooklyn, the Admiral himself arranged some boxes so as to keep his feet in the right position, and held on to a stick placed at the proper angle to represent the futtock shroud, and took the exact position required for the situation. At another time he placed a rope around him and tied the knot for a model. This rope I kept till I removed my studio from Eagleswood, about ten years since, when it was lost. The Navy Yard people promised me a model of the rigging, which I needed, but delay ensuing, I made the model myself from exact measurements of the ship at the Navy Yard; and when the picture was done, and the Admiral brought his wife to see it, I think he was more disposed to flatter the lansman who had made the model of the flagship *Hartford* than the artist who had made the picture of it, though he was kind enough to say, after various observations, that it seemed to him "to be about the thing."

A curious murder trial has just been brought to a conclusion at Hudson, N. Y. The evidence showed that the killing was done by a man named Kiere, yet his wife, who was standing by when the shot was fired, swore that she was guilty and her husband innocent; he corroborated her testimony. The jury swept away their perjury, and, crediting the more material statements of bystanders, sentenced the man to imprisonment for life, and acquitted the woman. In sentencing Kiere, the judge said: "Your wife, who was indicted with you, has, by her conduct and her evidence, exhibited an amount of affection for you which has been the wonder, as it has excited the admiration, of this whole community. That she should be willing to sacrifice herself either from her own volition or at your suggestion and entreaty, to spare your life, to save you from incarceration in a felon's cell, by taking upon herself the whole responsibility of this crime and exonerating you from all participation therein, furnishes an evidence of womanly heroism and devotion seldom if ever witnessed before. As we contemplate it we can almost forgive her for deliberately swearing to an untruth in order to carry out this object and purpose. The story was too unreasonable and improbable to be credited by honest and intelligent men."

This is the way the Cincinnati *Gazette* replied to the cry of partisanship against the electoral commission after the Florida decision:

"If some one or more of the seven Democrats who have hitherto voted with stubborn unanimity will only be reasonable and step across the party line to the majority, the nonpartisanship of the Tribunal will be demonstrated. The judicial faculty of Thurman or Bayard or the three Representatives may not be adequately developed for such a heroic adventure; but may we not cherish the hope that Justices Clifford and Field will yet trample on their party prejudices and take their stand beside the other justices with the stern determination that the legal decision of the States, as certified by the lawful State officers, shall not be defeated by violence or fraud, that the right of the States shall be preserved and their voice in the election respected, as it has been respected in every previous election since the foundation of the Government?"

The Medical Institute of Dr. W. L. Adams, corner of First and Salmon streets, will be removed to Hood river in a few months. Till then chronic diseases of men and women will be treated in Portland as usual. An accomplished lady assistant to give baths to ladies and assist in their treatment always in the office.

Dr. Halpruner's RHEUMATIC LINIMENT is a sure cure for RHEUMATISM, SORE THROAT, ACHES, PAINS, CHILBLAINS, etc. It can be had at the Doctor's office until he has it ready for the market. The Doctor will send a bottle by express, or a box of his Salve by postoffice. Price, 50 cents each, expressage extra.

Portland Steam Scouring Mills Scour and re nap Blankets; scour and repick Mattresses; scour Ply and Ingrain Carpets; Brussels Carpets threshed, cleansed and spots removed. Leave orders at Weeks & Morgan's and Powers' Furniture Store.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE.

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here. 98 FIRST STREET.

THE TERRITORIES.

Seattle had an illumination in honor of the election of Hayes and Wheeler.

A good many men will start from the Sound for the Cassiar mines, when the smallpox at Wrangel abates.

Mount Baker Lodge, No 9, of Odd Fellows, was organized at Port Townsend February 26. The lodge starts off with twelve members.

A light draught steamer is soon to commence running regularly on the Chehalis river from Gray's Harbor up to the mouth of Black river.

The Indian Heo, who killed the half-breed Peel, near Bossert, last month, was caught in the Puyallup valley on Monday last by Sheriff Storey of Chehalis county, and lodged in the jail in Olympia.

A petition from the citizens of Washington Territory for the improvement of the Skagit river was presented by Delegate Jacobs at Washington on the 24th ult., and referred to the committee on finance.

An Olympia paper says: "Ed. Sikes, reported killed at the Ashtabula accident, is now stopping at the Pacific Hotel. The report of his death is not so, and he considers himself entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, under the constitution yet."

The third number of the North Pacific *Rural* is out from the press. It is filled with information to those designing to immigrate to the Territory about how to come and what to expect when they reach here; with articles of value to the farmers and gardners, and with several good papers pertaining to the educational interests of the Territory.

The Cassiar season is now opening lively. Miners are now leaving Victoria by the shipload, and if present indications are any criterion, the season promises to be one of increased activity. The *Maude*, Capt. Morrison, left Victoria recently, with 18 steerage and 24 cabin passengers; the steamer *California*, left with about 60, all told, and the *Grappler* with about 40.

PANIC IN DAMASCUS.

The *Politische Correspondenz* contains a remarkable narrative of the state of feeling in Damascus, which, but for the energy of the Turkish governor threatened to end in a massacre of the Christians of that city. The writer, dating from Damascus on the 8th of January, says:

In the Mahometan circles of this city there are at present strange ongoings. The excitement and frenzy are indescribable. Everybody is crying out to be sent to the seat of war. This humor is due solely and entirely to the Turkish officials, who artfully feed the fanaticism of the masses with the idea that Islam is threatened by the Christians, in order that the government may obtain from the Mahometan population those heavy sacrifices which the ceaseless calls upon them and constant recruitings that are going on demand. This appeal to fanatical passions has had the most perfect success. All who are fit to bear arms offer themselves for service. Every day we see, in front of the Government House, great processions with music and flags at their head, demanding arms and crying out to be led to war for their country and their faith. The governor general, Nachid Pasha, and the commandant of the army corps of Syria, Izzet Pasha, have to take reckoning of these streams of warlike people, and to cause enrollment lists for the national militia to be made. One day no fewer than forty-nine ulemas, upward of two hundred government officials, and a still greater number of the inhabitants of this city, were enrolled.

The excitement has reached such dimensions that for some days all the Mahometans of the city have forsaken their occupations in order to devote themselves exclusively to military service. The great evil of this is that these improvised soldiers retain the weapons which are given to them, which for the Christians of the town is a cause of great anxiety, remembering as they do the year 1860. This general arming in connection with the great fanaticism on behalf of the Mahometans of other parts of the empire, for which the Mahometans of the quarter are quite distinguished, may lead to serious consequences for the Christian element of the population. The impulse given by the officials may lead to awkward results, and they may have yet some day to regret it. During the last week our fears were a most realized. Dark rumors were circulating through the whole town; the Mahometans more spoke loudly of an impending massacre of the Christians; the latter were insulted everywhere in the streets; in a word, the panic was general. The Christians took refuge in their own quarter, and did not venture to go out. Then the orthodox patriarch of Antioch, who is resident here, plucked up courage, and, along with the other spiritual heads, took energetic steps with the military and civil authorities of the vilayet.

This intervention came in the nick of time, and had a good result. Nachid Pacha immediately forbade the nightly meetings in the cafes, and communicated instructions to the moukhtars of the various quarters to remove, by their advice and admonitions, the ill-feeling of the Mahometans against the Christians. At the same time some of the worst spoken of characters who had fomented the disorders were arrested. Izzet Pasha on his side, strengthened the military watch in the Christian part of the city, caused patrols to go up and down the streets night and day, and used his personal influence partly in order to restore the confidence of the Christians and partly to disperse the Mahometan crowds. These energetic measures were successful, although the danger is not yet passed. During the days of the panic not a single traveler from Beyrout came hither, and unfortunately telegraphic communication was interrupted by a snow storm in Lebanon, so that the Beyrout people were in the greatest perplexity about the fate of the Christians here, and the most dreadful rumors prevailed among them.

Happily, however, as we have already remarked, the state of things is now better. Nevertheless, the Greek patriarch and many Christian families of Damascus have left and settled provisionally in Beyrout. The dispatch of troops from here to Constantinople still continues, and up to the end of 1876 Syria had sent 30,000 Nizams and Redifs to Constantinople. Hoio Pacha has just been sent to the Bedouin races of the deserts of Muzelrib and Palmyra to arrange with the sheiks for a greater contingent of cavalry. In fact, the latter have already promised 15,000 troopers, which, looking to the splendid equestrian qualities of these nomad tribes, is a considerable gain.

CHAS. S. BRAY,
Professor of Music,
Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.
Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple)

OMNES PROSINT.
WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

Renovation, not Prostration.
Did any enfeebled human being ever become strong under the operation of powerful cathartics or salivants? It is sometimes necessary to regulate the bowels, but that can not be done by active purgation, which exhausts the vital forces and serves no good purpose whatever. The only true way to promote health and vigor, which are essential to regularity of the organic functions, is to invigorate, discipline and purify the system at the same time. The extraordinary efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in cases of debility or irregularity of the organs of digestion, assimilation, secretion and discharge, is universally admitted. Appetite, good digestion, a regular habit of body, active circulation of the blood, and purity of all the animal fluids are induced by this superb tonic and corrective. It has no equals, moreover, as a preventive of chills and fever, and other types of malarial disease. To emigrants and travelers it is particularly serviceable as a medical safeguard.

The People Want Proof.
There is no medicine prescribed by physicians or sold by druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

THE POSITION OF THE COLORED CITIZENS.

PORTLAND, Oregon, March 7, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In view of the fact that the colored citizens who sustained President Hayes in the late Presidential campaign, were stigmatized at the ratification meeting last Monday night as "niggers and darkies" by O. P. Mason and Dr. Sloan, because they refused to accept the bribe of $100,000 in Louisiana to betray their party, and opprobrious epithets instead of credit were applied to them for their unswerving fealty to the Republican party, I ask as a favor the publication of the appended resolutions of the colored voters of Oakland, Cal., as expressing the sentiments of the colored voters on the Pacific coast in future.

A COLORED VOTER.

Following are the resolutions referred to:

WHEREAS, We the colored voters of Oakland, have always felt it to be our unbounded duty to vote the straight Republican ticket, and uphold its true principles; and

WHEREAS, We have done this at every election since we have been in the possession of this sacred right, without complaint, notwithstanding many of us have asked for employment, such as cleaning streets, sweeping houses and other small positions which we could fill with perfect satisfaction to the public good, and almost in every instance we have been turned away or stubbornly refused.

Resolved, That we will not hold ourselves bound at the approaching municipal election to vote for any particular party.

Resolved, That we will vote for the best men, those who will use their best endeavor for the whole people.

Resolved, That it is the duty of all good citizens to cast their votes for honest, enterprising and liberal minded men regardless of party distinction.

LYON'S KATHAIRON makes beautiful, glossy, luxuriant hair, prevents its falling out or turning gray. It has stood the test of 40 years. Is charmingly perfumed, and has no rival.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S RESTAURANT.
The Best on the Pacific Coast.
FIRST STREET, NEAR STARK.
Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Chateau Versailles.
FROM MONDAY, THE 2ND OF THIS MONTH I am prepared to take boarders by the MONTH, WEEK OR DAY.
Hoping to have successful patronage to induce me to provide the best the market affords, and my best ability to satisfy my customers, I am, Ladies and Gentlemen, your best Caterer,
FRANK FABRE,
Second street, bet Morrison and Yamhill.
Private Rooms for Families, Ladies and Gentlemen.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
Cor. Front and Morrison Sts.,
GEORGE COGGAN, PROPRIETOR.
I have taken charge of the RESTAURANT connected with this popular Hotel, and it will hereafter be conducted in connection with the House. The DINING ROOM, located on the ground floor, is under the supervision of an experienced CATERER. The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords.
The ST. CHARLES being the only first class fire proof hotel in the city, SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS will be given to guests and rooms furnished single or in suits at prices ranging from $1 to $2.50 per day with board. FREE COACH runs between the Hotel and all trains and boats.

NORTON HOUSE,
Cor. C & First Sts., Portland.
This House is a Fire-Proof Brick, Newly Furnished with the best Spring Beds.
RATES OF BOARD:
Board and Lodging, per week...$5 to $6 00
Per day...$1 00
Single Meals...25c Lodging...25c to 50c
Free Coach to and from the House.
P. NORTON, Proprietor.
Formerly of the Portland Hotel.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors.
Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home, and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.
Free Coach to and from the House.
S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH, Proprietors.

REMOVED
To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,
WILSRON & VALTIER'S
PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the house promptly attended to.

METROPOLIS HOTEL.
Corner First and Pine Streets.
THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:
Board and Lodging, per week...$5 50
Board per week...4 50
Board and Lodging, per day...1 00
The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.
JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

PALACE HOTEL,
SAN FRANCISCO.
GRADUATED PRICES.
Rooms with Board $3 per Day
Rooms with Board $4 per Day
Rooms without Board $1 per Day
And Upwards.
Warren Leland, - Lessee.
fe2d2m

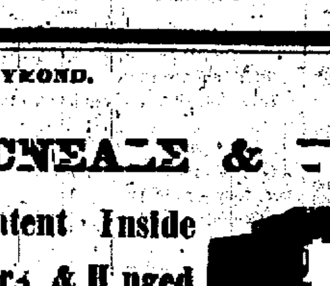
OREGON STATE FAIR, 1877.
COMMENCING OCT. 8th.
Post Stakes for Running and Trotting.
CENTENNIAL POST STAKES,
For 2-Year Olds.
Premium of $500 for 2-year olds, bred in Oregon or Washington Territory, running dash of one mile. Entrance $25, half forfeit. Entrance to be added to the purse. To close, and name the colt, with sire and dam, May 1, 1877.
1st premium...$400 00
2d premium, ¾ of balance.
3d premium, remainder of stakes.
Premiums given on following conditions and graded accordingly:
If 5 star...$500 00
If 4 star...400 00
If 3 star...300 00
If 2 star...200 00
If 1 star...100 00
In the Post Stakes, for running and trotting, all starters shall be bona fide, and have been in training.

CENTENNIAL POST STAKE,
For 3-Year Olds.
Premium of $500 for 3-year old mile heats, trotting, 3 in 5, for horses, mares or geldings, bred in Oregon or Washington Territory. Entrance $25; half forfeit. Entrance money added to the purse. Entries to close, and name the colt, with sire and dam, May 1, 1877.
1st premium...$400 00
2d premium, ¾ of balance.
3d premium, remainder of stakes.
Same conditions as running stake.
Entries received by the undersigned at Salem.
For the information of many who will desire to know, I will state that the 2 year old Post Stake in 1876 for running, was won in 1:51¼, and the premium for 3-year olds, trotting, in 2:56¼.
E. M. WAITE,
fe27d2tw2t Secretary State Agricultural Society.

ELOCUTION.
LESSONS IN ELOCUTION GIVEN BY THE undersigned at her residence, Eighth street, east side, between D and E.
Pupils taught in Classes if desired.
MRS. D. F. SMITH.
Portland, Feb. 13, 1877. fe1d1m

GEO. A. RAYMOND. WM. B. WILSHIRE, Late with Hall's Safe and Lock Co.

MACNEALE & URBAN'S SAFES
With Patent Inside Bolt Work & Hinged Cap—Without which no Safe is complete.



Bank Vault Doors, Burglar Proof Safes, for County Treasurers, Locks, &c., &c.
We DO NOT claim to make CHEAP Safes, but we DO claim to make the BEST, and we do claim that even our FIRE-PROOF SAFES cannot be burglarized in five minutes' time—and moreover we do claim our ability to demonstrate these facts conclusively.
We make a SAFE especially adapted to the use of STEAMBOATS without any fire-proof filling, thus giving much more inside room. Safe has either COMBINATION or KEY LOCK. The attention of STEAMBOAT MEN is called to this SAFE.
"We have on hand a number of Hall's Safes (new) direct from factory of HALL'S SAFE & LOCK CO., that we will sell at a liberal discount from their prices.
OLD SAFES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AND FOR SALE.
AGENTS FOR THE YALE TIME LOCK.
For prices, testimonials, &c., write to
RAYMOND & WILSHIRE.
105 and 107 California street, San Francisco.

BUFFALO SCALE CO., of Buffalo, N. Y.
Platform, Counter, Grain, Stock and Hay Scales.
Have Patent COMBINATION BEAM, the latest and best thing out—dispenses with the use of weights entirely—and has only to be seen to be appreciated.
TUCKER'S MONEY ALARM TILLS.
For prices, circulars, &c., address
RAYMOND & WILSHIRE.
105 and 107 California street, San Francisco.
Or, KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Portland, Oregon.

A. L. FRANCIS,
AGENT FOR
THE WORLD-RENOWNED "WEBER"
And other Pianos and Organs.
Address P. O. Box 235.

1877. 1877.
OREGON CARPET WAREHOUSE.
WALTER BROTHERS,
NEW GOODS
Would invite attention to their Large and Complete Stock of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Paper Hangings, Upholstery Goods
Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Window Shades, &c.,
WHICH THEY OFFER AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
92 and 94 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

SMITH BROS' IRON & BRASS WORKS
South Front Street, between Harrison and Hall,
In Fireproof Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Iron Works Company.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and Canning Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forging and Pattern Making.
MACHINERY of all kinds made to order on short notice.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1866,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.
P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary. R. R. THOMPSON, President. PETER TAYLOR, Vice President.
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists And Engine Builders,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery. Agents for the Celebrated MOORE & PARKER WATER WHEEL, cheaper than any other wheel.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. ...
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pumps, the best in use. Also, Agents for the ... Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale. DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fences; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc. House Castings, Etc., Etc.
JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

P. GOLDSMITH, Nos. 247 and 249 Water street, New York.
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,
2 and 84 Front Street, ... Co., Block,

Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, RANGES AND METALS,
Tinner's & Plumber's Goods, Lead & Iron Pipe,
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
HYDRAULIC RAMS, INDIA RUBBER HOSE,
House Furnishing Hardware,
BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS,
Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers,
And the Excelsior Metallic Refrigerator.

JOHN W. GILBERT,
Salem, Oregon,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes, Shoe Findings, Harness,
SKIRTING, BELTING and LACE LEATHER,
French and American Calf Skins, Upper and Sole Leather, Moroccos, Linings, Etc.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES AND FURS.

WAKELEE'S
BATH for SHEEP.
THE MOST RELIABLE APPLICATION for THE destruction of parasites infecting the fleece, and for the prevention and cure of Foot Rot, Scab, etc., etc.
FOR SALE BY
T. A. DAVIS & CO.
71 Front street, Portland.
eld2m

NOTICE.
Land Department, Oregon Central Railroad Company.
PORTLAND, February 13, 1877.
A FINAL DECISION HAVING BEEN RENDERED by the Hon Secretary of the Interior in the matter of the conflict between the Oregon Central Railroad Co. and the Northern Pacific Railroad Co., involving title to certain Lands in Townships one, two, three, four and five, North of Ranges one, two, three, four, five and six west in favor of the Oregon Central Railroad Co.: parties having settled upon or improved any of these lands are hereby notified to appear within sixty days from the date of this notice at the Land Office of the said O. C. R. R. Co. at this city, to prove settlement or improvement. At the expiration of the said sixty days the lands will be opened to purchase to the first applicant.
Persons not being able to come to Portland may make the required proof of settlement or improvement by affidavit before Col. T. R. CORNELIUS, at Cornelius, Washington county, who will forward the same to the undersigned.
P. SCHULZE,
fe20d6tw2m Land Agent, O. C. R. R. Co.

45 First street, Portland, Oregon.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. $10 Outfit Free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

EVERDING & LEERS,
Commission Merchants,
EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, ..., ...
OF ALL KINDS
STAPLE GROCERIES,
FIRE BRICK and FIRE CLAY,
GRAIN SACKS & TWINE
NO. 27 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. HEXTER. L. MAY.
HEXTER & MAY
Have just opened at
88, 90 and 92 FRONT ST.
An Entire New and Large Stock of
TINWARE,
Metals, Stoves and Ranges,
TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS,
Japanned Ware, House Furnish'g Goods
Special Orders Promptly Executed.

E. SEELIG. F. ZIMMERMAN.
E. SEELIG & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES AND LIQUORS!
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS
S. W. corner Second and Morrison streets
Sole Agents for P. Vollmer's Old Kentucky Bourbon.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1877.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

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Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

THE UNLUCKY LOVERS.

A TALE OF JAPAN.

Fanny Foo-Foo was a Japanese girl,
A child of the great Tycoon;
She wore her head bald, and her clothes were made
Half petticoat, half pantaloon;
Her face was the color of lemon peel
And the shape of a table-spoon.

A handsome young chap was Johnny Hi Hi,
And he wore paper muslin clothes;
His glossy black hair on the top of his head
In the form of shoe-brush rose;
His eyes slanted downward, as if some one
Had savagely pulled his nose.

Fanny Foo Foo loved Johnny Hi-Hi,
And when, in the usual style,
He popped, she blushed such a deep orange tinge,
You'd have thought she had too much bile,
If it hadn't been for her slant-eyed glance
And her charming, wide mouthed smile.

And oft in the bliss of their new-born love,
Did these little pagans stray
All around in spots, enjoying themselves
In a strictly Japanese way.
She bowling a song on a one stringed lute,
On which she thought she could play.

Often she'd climb to a high ladder's top,
And quickly there repose.
As he stood on his head and fanned himself,
While she balanced him on her nose;
Or else she would get in a pickle tub
And be kicked around on his toes.

The course of true love, even in Japan,
Often runs extremely rough;
And the fierce tycoon, when he heard of this,
Used Japanese cuss-words enough
That his curlers' hair would have stood on end
If only they'd had enough.

So the tycoon buckled on both his swords,
In his pistol he placed a wad,
And went out to hunt the truant pair,
With his nerves braced by a tod;
He found them enjoying their guileless selves
On top of a lightning rod.

Sternly he ordered the gentle Foo-Foo
To come down out of that there!"
And he told Hi-Hi to go to a place—
I won't say exactly where;
Then he dragged off his child, whose spasms
evinced
Unusually wild despair.

But the tycoon, as I was badly fooled,
Despite his paternal pains;
For John, with a toothpick, let all the blood
Out of his jugular veins;
While, with a hand somewhat on the floor,
Foo Foo battered out her brains.

They buried them both in the tycoon's lot,
Right under a cogwood tree,
Where they could listen to the nightingale and
The bees of the bumble bee,
And where the mosquito's mournful chant
Maddens the restless flea.

And often at night, when the tycoon's wife
Slumbered as sound as a post,
His almond shaped eye balls looked on a sight
That seared him to death almost;
Twas a head-less paper dicer flitting about
With a paper-maiden ghost.

GEN. MIGUEL BLANCO.

A telegram from Brownsville to the Galveston (Texas) *News*, dated Feb. 13th, says: "The Mexican General, Miguel Blanco, who has lately assumed command on this frontier, is a native of Coahuila, and a lawyer. He was a member of the Mexican Supreme Court of Justice, and of the Mexican Congress. In 1855 he entered the military service as a colonel, and fought against the despotic rule of Santa Anna two years afterward. He was again in Congress, and was again in arms against President Comonfort, and was second in command of the constitutional army. After the conclusion of this war he was governor of the Federal District of Mexico, and occupied other high positions. At the beginning of the war of intervention he was minister of war. After the fall of Puebla he resigned, and accepted command of a division of the army. This he resigned to avoid some unpleasant complications. He established a flourishing colony in Tamaulipas — was offered a military command under the Empire and refused. He offered his services to Juarez in Chihuahua; was in the battle of San Jacinto and the siege of Queretaro. At the close of the war he returned to private life, only taking part in politics in the Fourth Congress, acting with the opposition. He was afterward fourth magistrate of the Supreme Court, and was prevailed upon to accept command of the line of the Bravo. He is spoken of as a candidate for the Supreme Bench and for Governor of Coahuila. This is the kind of man Diaz has sent here to supersede the tyrant and robber, Revueltas. Blanco and Cortina had a friendly interview yesterday. The people of Matamoras are lively and hopeful of peace and a resumption of business. A great many families have returned to their homes. Some of the officers of Revueltas are said not to relish the change of commanders; it may be because they know he will rule according to law and will allow of no illegal exactions. The people are highly pleased at the change. It is not known where Gen. Cortina will be sent; it is said he will not command Matamoras."

A DESCRIPTION OF THE TELEPHONE.

[From the Salem (Mass.) Observer, Feb. 17.]

It appears that Salem people have been specially concerned in the pursuit of this invention. The fact that electricity in passing through a magnetic helix, or coil of wire, is productive of sound, was first discovered by Professor Charles G. Page, of this place, as long ago as 1837. His observations were published, and, as he was a man of large attainments, his experiments attracted attention at home and abroad. Other scientists became interested in the same line of investigation, among them the late Colonel Francis Peabody, of Salem. The fact, therefore, that sound could be conveyed electrically to considerable distances has been known for some time, and the nature of the experiments therein has been shown on Monday morning in various ways, notably by the transmission from Boston to Lyceum Hall of a telegraphic message, which announced itself, not by the usual dots and lines of telegraphy, but by sounds of different lengths. This was a very interesting experiment.

But it remained for Professor Bell to discover that articulate sounds can be conveyed by the electrical current. This he has done during his residence in Salem. Professor Bell is a Scotchman by birth, and is engaged in the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in Boston, where he employs the ingenious system of "visible speech," of which he is the inventor. Associated with him in his telephonic experiments is Mr. Thomas A. Watson, of Salem, to whom he expressed his obligations for valuable assistance.

The apparatus by which this astonishing result is secured is wonderfully simple. Only a telegraph wire, a horseshoe magnet, two helices and a vibrating disc at each end. The audience can see a mahogany box on the table, of the appearance of an ordinary photographer's camera. The tube in the end is used in this case to speak into and hear out of. Within the box is a horseshoe magnet. Opposite each arm of the magnet is a helix of the usual construction. One end of the wire among the helices is connected with the ground and the other with Boston or the place in operating connection. Set up against the helices, within a sixteenth of an inch, is a sheet of thin polished iron, upon which the voice of the operator impinges when speaking. The magnet induces an electrical current in the telegraph wire. The vibrating disc imparts pulsations to the electrical current corresponding to the sounds, which are conveyed to Boston and reproduce themselves upon the vibrating disc there with exactness of tone and articulation. The little four inches of iron utters the whole gamut of the human voice. This is indeed wonderful—the greatest achievement of modern science.

"I don't believe in fashionable churches," said a lady, recently; "but after all, considering that we all go to the same Heaven, perhaps it's better to keep up the social distinction as long as we can."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 7, 1877.

Gold in New York, 105.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 95; selling 96.

Silver Coin—buying, 93½; selling, 94½.

Coin and Currency Exchange on New York ½ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½@¾ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco ½ per ct. premium.

Gold Bars 809 par.

Philadelphia Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—Wool in good demand; supply light. Washed, 20@28c; unwashed, 16@25c; extra merino, pulled, 36@42c; No. 1 and super pulled, 20@35c. Texas, fine and medium, 20@28c; coarse, 16@20c. California, fine and medium, 25@33c; coarse, 18@22c.

New York Wool Market.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The wool circular reports that the month of February was characterized by a moderate demand for desirable parcels of fine grades. At first, dealers were disposed to advance prices, but the market not sustaining the attempts, all wools sold freely at quotations. At present, prices are seemingly lower, but when the condition of offerings is considered, they are really found to be unchanged, and all grades meet with more inquiry. Good parcels are scarce and firmly held. Coarse grades have been moved only at forced sales. For fine grades of combing and delaine wools a strong demand exists, and where quality is satisfactory, buyers are liberal in their selections, but coarse grades do not move except at low figures. Stocks of clothing fleeces are very light, but it begins to interest dealers that there should be no excitement here to influence the aspect of the San Francisco market. No changes in prices are looked for.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, March 7.—Wool: demand fair, prices steady, with tendency in favor of buyers, particularly for fall California. Medium and X Ohio 41@45c; XX 46@40c; choice XX and XXX 48@50c; New York, Michigan and Wisconsin 38@40c; combing and delaine 46@55c; pulled in fair demand, 12@14.

EXPORTS.

Per steamship Ajax, which sailed hence for San Francisco, February 17th: 4,120 sks oats, 1,202 bxs apples, 6 cs bacon, 2,251 hf sks, 4,833 qr sks flour, 6 rolls leather, 26 hf bbls oysters, 1 bbl, 12 kits, 100 cs salmon, 437 sks wheat, 50 bxs peas, 1,494 bdls hops, 18 cs boots and shoes, 117 bxs eggs, 1 cs buckskin, 2 trunks, 31 bbls, 73 hf bbls beading, 11 bxs plums, 875 bbls wheat, 18 pkgs tallow, 2 bdls furs, 2 chests tools, 3 sks wool, 21 bdls skins, 192 hides, 117 sacks potatoes; 25 cs cider, 116 bxs fruit, 9 pkgs hardware, 5 pkgs butter, 3 coops fowl, 1 sk tails, 2 cs machines, 2 bdls trees, 2 bdls deer skins, 28 pkgs. express, 26 cs mdse.

Per steamship George W. Elder, which sailed hence for San Francisco Feb. 24th: 1860 sxs apples, 2 do dried fruit, 1 do books, 89 do pears, 1 do ordnance stores, 11,903 hf sks and 5378 qr sks flour, 2099 sks oats, 233 do potatoes, 3 do seed, 60 do flax seed, 16 cs tallow, 327 hides, 8 rolls leat ier, 12 bdls calfskins, 28 do sheep do, 494 do skins, 3 do skins, 25 hf bbls lard, 26 bales hay, 40 do meal, 38 bbs pork, 42 do heading, 1 cs hams, 46 cs bacon, 148 cs eggs, 2 cs hardware, 1 cs furs, 1 cs cigars, 2 cs machines, 1 pkg hams, 15 pkgs H goods, 36 do cider, 20 cs oysters, 1 steam pump, 2 cs fish nets, 17 cs mdse.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1955.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING CERTAIN APPROpriations out of the Fire Department Fund. The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ordinances No. 1434, or in such other manner as the Common Council may by Ordinance direct:

For repairs to hydrants, seventy five dollars.

For repairs to cisterns and cistern tops, five hundred dollars.

For the construction of cisterns and connecting cisterns with water mains, sixteen hundred dollars.

For the payment of the construction of cisterns contracted for prior to the 1st day of January, 1877, sixteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to fire apparatus, furnishing supplies and the incidental expenses of the Fire Department, thirteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to engine houses and other buildings used for fire department purposes, seven hundred dollars.

For payment of hose contracted for and delivered during the year 1876, three thousand dollars.

For repairs, supplies, and incidental expenses connected with the fire alarm telegraph, five hundred dollars.

For procuring and putting in additional fire alarm boxes, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 21, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Feb. 28, 1877. J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

m2d4t

Shade Trees.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, until 12 o'clock M., Wednesday, March 7, 1877, for furnishing and setting out Shade Trees on the Park Blocks lying between Salmon and Hall streets and on the streets adjacent thereto.

Bidders must state the price per tree for furnishing and setting out trees of the following kinds: White Elm, silver-leaved Poplar, Lombardy Poplar, Locust, Linden or Basswood, European Ash, Mountain Ash, Box Elder, Cork Elm, Oregon Maple and Red Maple.

The bidder must state opposite each kind of tree, the number he will be able to furnish; the diameter of stem, and the height of tree. No dwarfed or crooked trees will be accepted. Six hundred trees will be needed.

Bidders must also state the price for furnishing the trees, exclusive of setting out.

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders in the sum of two hundred dollars, to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

NOAH LAMBERT,
S. HUMAUER,
THOS. STEPHENS,
Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Ordinance No. 1930.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE IMprovement of public grounds and streets adjacent thereto.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest bidder or bidders for setting out shade trees on Park Blocks 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, and on the streets adjacent thereto, or on so much thereof as they may deem expedient.

Section 2. The Committee are hereby authorized to fix the lines of completion of said work or any part thereof, and to make such regulations and agreements relating thereto as the public interests may require.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 28, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 1, 1877. J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

m2d5t

Stark Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland proposes to improve Stark street from the west line of Fourth street to the west line of Sixth street by Macadamizing the roadway full width, with the necessary grading therefor, and by repairing sidewalks and crosswalks or laying new ones where necessary.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Feb. 24, 1877. fe24d10t

Clay Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 1926 for the improvement of Clay street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1921, on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of said street lying between the center line of Seventh street and the east line of Eighth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't
225,	4, 3,	J F DeVore	$30 97
Park 11.		City of Portland	61 93
226,	8,	F N Shurtleff	1 25
226,	1, 2,	Geo J Watts	3 50
			$105 95

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

March 2, 1877. m2d10t

Hall Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Hall street from the center of Front street to the center of Sixth street, by grading to the established grade and by raising and repairing sidewalks and crosswalks, where necessary.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

March 2, 1877. m2d10t

Stark Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to change and establish the grade of Stark street as follows:

At its intersection with Fifth street from 23.50 feet to 23.75 ft. At its intersection with Sixth street from 24.00 feet to 24.50 feet above the base of grades.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

March 2, 1877. m2d10t

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN THE UNDERsigned under the firm of Pearson & Strand, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. F. Pearson collects and settles all debts of the late firm.

C. F. PEARSON.
L. STRAND.

Portland, Feb. 26, 1877. m1d2w

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

Oregon.

Cyrus Smith.....Amity
Thos. Smith.....Auburn
S. E. Young.....Albany
J. M. McCall.....Ashland
J. W. Case.....Astoria
E. C. Holden.....
Stephen Smith.....Aurora
G. H. Treacy.....Baker City
McGrew & Co.....Bethel
W. R. Kirk.....Brownsville
O. Green.....Brooks
J. W. Hobart.....Buena Vista
G. A. Cone, Sr.....Butteville
S. Handsaker.....Dexter
W. Carl.....Carlton
R. McNutt.....Cornelius
J. T. Gilfry, P. M.....Cresswell
G. W. Riddle.....Canyonville
Knight Bros.....Canby
W. A. Mills.....Clackamas
H. Rust.....Clarksville
E. W. Conyers.....Clatskanie
W. B. Clarke.....Cole's Valley
S. A. Chenoweth.....Corvallis
Thos. Graham.....Corvallis
D. G. Overholt.....Canyon City
Lurch Bros.....Cottage Grove
G. C. Litchfield.....Grand Ronde
Cris Taylor.....Dayton
J. D. Lee.....Dallas
Waldron Bros.....Dalles City
J. W. Krewson, P. M.....Drain
M. Riley.....Ellensburg
B. Moore.....Empire City
T. G. Hendricks.....Eugene
H. A. Breyman.....Fairfield
I. H. Butler.....Gardner
W. Bowlby.....Forest Grove
W. P. Smith.....Halsey
Riley Cave.....Hillsboro
Smith, Brasfield & Co.....Harrisburg
A. B. Gleason.....Hubbard's
S. & J. Handsaker.....Goshen
W. L. Hedgkin.....Independence
N. Langell.....Jacksonville
Smith, Brasfield & Co.....Junction City
J. W. Roland.....Jefferson
H. Woodcock.....Kerbyville

Washington Territory.

Chas. Brady.....Bruceport
H. Miles.....Chehalis
H. Howe.....Cowlitz
G. L. Hogue, P. M.....Claquato
J. C. Davenport.....
F. N. Day.....Dayton
F. Johnson.....Goldendale
H. C. Comegys.....Kalama
M. P. Callender.....Knappton
J. S. Conner.....La Conner
Miller & Co.....Lewis River
Crosby & Lowe.....Olympia
Stephen Shubert.....Union
Ridge, W. T.
E. J. Ford.....Huson

LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.
Auburn,
*Baker City,
Clarksville,
Express Ranch,
Eldorado,
Rumboldt Basin,
Jordan Valley
Marysville,
Rye Valley,
Stone,
Sumter.
North Powder,
Wingville.

Benton.
Alsea Valley,
Drift Creek,
Dollins,
*Corvallis,
King's Valley,
Little Elk,
Monroe.
Newport,
Newton,
Oneatta,
Philomath,
Summit,
Toledo,
Yaquina.

Clackamas.
Canby,
Clackamas,
Damascus,
Eagle Creek,
Glad Tidings,
*Oakland,
Molalla,
Milwaukie,
Needy,
New Era,
Norton,
*Oregon City,
Owego,
Ringo Point,
Sandy.
Springwater,
Union Mills,
Viola,
Zion,

Clatsop.
*Astoria,
Clifton,
Fort Clatsop,
Jewell,
Knappa,
Olney,
Skipanon,
Seaside House,
Westport.

Coos.
Central City,
Coledo,
Coquille,
Coos City,
Dora,
Empire City,
Richland Prairie,
Fairview,
Hermansville,
Iowa Slough,
*Marshfield,
Norway,
Ott,
Randolph,
Siltcum.
Sumner,
Utter City,

Columbia.
Columbia City,
Clatskanie,
Marshland,
Quinn,
Rainier,
Riverside,
St. Helens,
Scappoose.

Curry.
Chetcoe,
Ellensburg,
Fort Orford.

Douglas.
Camas Valley,
Cleveland,
Cole's Valley,
Comstock,
N. Canyonville,
Drain,
Elkton,
Galesville,
Gardiner,
Kellogg,
Looking Glass,
Myrtle Creek,
*Oakland,
*Roseburg,
Scottsburg,
Ten Mile,
Umpqua City.

Grant.
Alvord,
*Canyon City,
Camp Watson,
Camp Harney,
Dayville,
Monument,
Prairie City.
Penola,

Jackson.
Applegate,
*Ashland Mills,
Barren,
Brownsborough,
Central Point,
Eagle Point,
Grant's Pass,
*Jacksonville,
Phoenix,
Rock Point,
Sam's Valley,
Willow Springs,
Woody Ile,

Josephine.
Kirby,
Leland,
Slate Creek,
Waldo,
Murphy,

Lane.
Belknap Springs,
Cottage Grove,
Camp Creek,
Cartwrights',
Cheshire,
Crow,
Dexter,
*Eugene City,
Franklin,
Gate Creek,
Goshen,
Irving,
Isabel,
Junction,
Long Tom,
Mohawk,
McKenzie Bridge,
Pleasant Hill,
Pitzhugh,
Spencer Creek,
Springfield,
Trent,
Walterville,
Willamette Forks,

Lake.
Antler,
Bonanza,
Chewaukan,
Dairy,
Drew's Valley,
Goose Lake,
Linkville,
Langell Valley,
Silverlake,
Sprague River.
Summer,
Turn Lake,
White Hall,
Yainax,

Linn.
*Albany,
Big Prairie,
*Brownsville,
Crawfordsville,
Fox Valley,
Waterloo,
*Harrisburg,
Halsey,
Jordan,
Lebanon,
Miller,
Mount Pleasant,
Peoria,
Pine,
Scio,
Soda Stone,
Shedd's,
Sodaville,
Sweethome,
Tangent,

Marion.
Aurora,
Aumsville,
Butteville,
Butte Creek,
Fairfield,
Gervais,
Howell Prairie,
Hubbard's,
Jefferson,
Marion,
Monitor,
Newellsville,
*Salem,
Silverton,
Stayton,
St. Paul,
Sublimity,
Turner,
Woodburn,

Multnomah.
Albina,
East Portland,
Pleasant Home,
*Portland,
Powell's Valley,
Rooster Rock,
Sauvies Island,
St. Johns,
William's Slough

Polk.
Bethel,
Buena Vista,
*Dallas,
Eola,
Elk Horn,
Grand Ronde,
Independence,
Lincoln,
Laytonville,
Monmouth,
Perrydale,
Rickreall,
Zena,

Tillamook.
Kilchis,
Nehalem,
Nestockton,
Tillamook,

Umatilla.
Butter Creek,
Hepner,
Lena,
Milton,
Mill Way,
Pilot Rock,
Pendleton,
*Umatilla,
Weston.
Willow Forks,

Union.
Cove,
Island City,
*La Grande,
Orodell,
Sparta,
Sand Ridge,
Prairie Creek.
Pritchard
Summerville,
Union,
Wallowa.

Wasco.
Antelope,
Bake Oven,
Camp Polk
Bridge Creek,
Dese utes,
Fossil,
Hood River,
Olex,
Prineville,
Mitchell,
Mt. Hood,
Pine Creek,
Spring Valley,
Scoi's,
Spanish Hollow,
The Dalles,
Upper Ochoco,
Warm Springs,
Willoughby.

Washington.
Beaverton,
Cedar Mill,
Corn ellus,
Dilley,
Forest Grove,
Gale's Creek,
Gaston,
Glencoe,
Greenville,
Hillsboro,
Middleton,
Mountain Dale,
Shell's Ferry,
Taylor's Ferry,
Tualatin,
West Union,

Yamhill.
Amity,
Bellevue,
Carleton,
Dayton,
*Lafayette,
*McMinnville,
North Yamhill,
St. Joe,
Sheridan,
West Chehalem,
Wheatland,
Newberg.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co.
Neah Bay,
New Dunginess,
Port Angeles,

Clarke.
Battle Ground,
Brush Prairie,
Lewis River,
Hayes.
Mill Plain,
Martin's Bluff,
Pioneer.
Stoughton,
Union Ridge,
*Vancouver,
Washougal,

Chehalis.
Cedarville,
Chehalis Point,
Elma,
Hoquilam,
Montesano,
Oakville,
Satsop,
Sharon,

Columbia.
Dayton,
Pataha Prairie,
Tukanon.

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock,
Freeport,
Kalama,
Cowlitz,
Monticello,
Mt. Coffin,
Oak Point.
Olequa,
Pekin,

Island.
Coupeville,
Coveland,
Utsaladdy.
Oak Harbor.

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow.
*Port Townsend,

King.
Dwamish,
Fall City,
Renton,
*Seattle,
Slaughter,
Snoqualmie,
Squak,
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely,
Port Gamble,
Port Madison,
Seabeck,

Klickitat.
Block House,
Columbus,
Goldendale,
Klickitat City.
Klickitat Land'g,
White Salmon.

Lewis.
Bolsfort,
Chehalis,
Cowlitz,
Claquato,
Little Falls,
Gleneden.
Meadow Brook,
Mossy Rock,
Napavine,
Newaukum,
Newaukum Prie
Silver Creek,
Skookum Chuck,
Winlock,

Mason.
Arcadia.
Oakland,
Skokomish,

Pierce.
Ellis
Lake View,
Puyallup,
*Steilacoom.
Sumner,
New Tacoma.
*Tacoma.

Pacific.
Bay Centre,
Iwaco,
Brookfield,
Chinook,
Knappton,
Oysterville,
Riverside,
South Bend.
Woodard's Land'g

San Juan.
Friday Harbor.
Lopez Island,
San Juan'

Snohomish.
Centerville,
Lowell,
Mukilteo,
Snohomish,
Tulalip.

Skamania.
Cascades,
Colins' Landing,

Stevens.
Fort Colville,
Owensburgh,
Rock Creek.
Spokane Bridge
Spokane Falls,
Walker's Prairie,

Thurston.
Beaver,
Miami Prairie,
*Olympia,
Tenino,
Tumwater,
Yelm.

Wahkiakum.
Cathlamet
Eagle Cliff.
Skamokawaway.
Waterfort.,

Walla Walla.
Alpowa.
Burkesville.
*Walla Walla,
Wallula,
*Waitsburg.

Whatcom.
Lynden.
Nooksachk
Sehome,
Fidalgo,
La Conner,
Lehmhl.
Samish,
Semiahmoo,
Skagit.
Trudder,
Whatcom,

Whitman.
Penewawa.
Cedar Creek,
Colfax,
Evarteville.
Hangman Creek,
Leitchville,
Palouse,
Rosalia,
Steptoe,

Yakima.
Attanum,
Ellensburg.
Fort Simcoe,
Konnewack,
Kittitas,
Mok See,
Nanum,
Pleasant Grove,
Selah,
Yakima.

OCEAN TEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRY NO U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

GEO. W. ELDER,

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1877, At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE STEAMSHIP

"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS. THORN.....Commander

Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf, foot of F street, for the above ports on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1877, At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

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Ordinance No. 1923.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN

Morning Oregonian.

XVII—NO. 27. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

ERAL NEWS.

Gold and Stocks.

, March 7.—Silver bars, 127½ (21¼ gold; silver coin, ¼ discount; d 105¼, sold up to 105½, at which nd strong; Western ½ silver 55¼; Pacific 22½; Mari- Cargo 83; N. Y. C. 95; Erie 7½; Union Pacific 71; bonds 103½; 05.

Financial Difficulty.

firm of sugar refiners is report- y. Liabilities said to be $350,000.

New York Mining Board.

March 7.—Transactions in the 350 Alpha, 18½; 200 B & B, 36; 2 ; 100 Caledonia, 8½; 200 Calli- ; 300 Chollar, 72½@¼; 100 C. 100 Exchequer, 7½; 100 G & C, & N, 58; 300 Justice, 16½; 100 400 Seaton, 45@50.

Plead Guilty.

March 7.—Attorney General Taft's District Attorney Farrow, giving prisoner opportunity to plead to their homes, has been availed took advantage of the order on

Fires.

own, March 7.—Late last night siness block was burned; loss rance small.

March 7.—A fire at Lansing, ght, destroyed the business por- town. Loss $30,000 to $40,000; ce.

March 7.—The *Waltham build-* siness structure on Bond street, rned last night, with a loss of million. Robbins & Appleton, American Watch Company, erware Manufacturing Com- & Bro., Adams, Shaw & Co., aviet losers, and many other smaller loss. Adjoining build- much damaged. Insurance sup- unt to two-thirds of the loss. The ire forty safes, among the ruins, is he total loss will be $200,000.

he true fire cannot be estimated y is made of melted and crushed jewelry in the cellars. Some of he property may be easy to consult ount of property contained in the hich has been destroyed; but all morally impossible to form any r losses at present, as their books ccounts of stock were locked up fes. The estimate of losses n Manufacturing Co., $300,000; oan, jewelers, $50,000; Adams & 0; Mulford, Hale & Cattle, jewel- Taylor & Bros, fancy goods, Brown, jeweler, $3,000; ; on watches, $20,000; Bald- Peterson, jewelers, $150,000; J. ney, watches, $40,000; E. jewelers, $30,000; Pearce, jewelers, $25,000; Dominick & $15,000; G. W. A. Davis, Gorham & Co. watches, $350, 0. The buildings, which Robbins & Appleton, agents of Watch Company, are valued at

ives the loss of the Bond street ry, the Sun, $1,000,000; the Four firemen were injured

Heavy Failure.

Hoyt has gone into bankruptcy, manager is jointly liable with the liabilities are $1,185,000 and McKenney is jointly liable claims that amount to $1,040, nouncement of the failure of solvency of McKinney natur- excitement. Hoyt says the ough looking large, is not as im- ense. The immediate cause of into bankruptcy is the desire to assets of his creditors, since he d by an English company, Rich- who had a claim of $117,346.

Democratic Nomination.

March 7.—The Democratic ision to-day nominated J. J. Bar- rnor.

Pacific R. R. Election.

March 7.—The annual meeting of ders of the U. P. R. R. Co. held called to order by Jay Gould, who Joan P. Alley chairman, who was ted, with Henry McFarland sec- the number of votes cast, 257,989, were for the following gentlemen re elected the board of directors: Elisha Atkins, F. Gordon Dex- Bates, of Boston, Wm. L. Scott, Sydney Dillon, Cornelius R. Gar- Jay, James Richardson, Hor- C. H. H. Clark, Ezra H. Barker, Granville M. Dodge. Immedi- adjournment of the stockhold- of the new board of directors Sydney Dillon was chosen Elisha Atkins vice president. E. H. Rollins, United States New Hampshire, was received, e office of secretary of the corpora- Henry McFarland, assistant treas- hosen secretary and treasurer, and Merick, chief clerk, was chosen

Starting for Spring Campaign.

March 7.—Gen. Sheridan, accompa- Sheridan of his staff, arrived here proceeded west on the Union Pa- Cheyenne, whither the General et with Crook this spring campaign hostile Indians.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Postal Card Service.

March 7.—It is said the German General will shortly propose to Reich the introduction of the service for all the countries in the ate of a penny each.

England Cannot Consent.

Mail Gazette on General Ignatieff's ks England cannot consent to an which would simply fix the time Russian occupation over Turkish terri- ere to agree to give Russia her ere when the time came.

Dead.

March 7.—Dr. Johann Coby, the German politician, is dead.

The German Consistory.

March 7.—A consistory for the nom- Cardinals and Bishops will be held t inst.

The Press Disapproves.

The press is nearly unanimous in t of the project believed to be the Mr. Ignatieff's mission. The pre- ent is that it would be unwise e the demobilization of the Russian practical surrender of the treaty of the concession to Russia of the to establish a protectorate over European provinces. Even if Turkey re work out satisfactory reforms, Russian society would not give her ity to do so.

Claiming Amnesty.

March 7.—Many Carlist officers are ing daily.

Silver.

March 6.—Silver closed at 56d.

The Winning Scamp.

March 7.—Scamp won the grand nal hurdle; Lottery second; Wood- and Broadside fourth; 19 started.

Indianapolis *Sentinel* excitedly asks: Democrat who mounts into office by ot would make a sneak thief blush to be accepted as the Chief Magis- of that people that revere the memory of son." It then calls upon the Demo- ans never to submit to the outrage, not suggest what they shall do We believe the Knights of the Circle are disbanded.—*Phila. Times.*

PRESIDENT HAYES' CABINET.

Vice-President Wheeler will Visit the South.

Leading Republicans Dissatisfied with the Cabinet Nominations.

Hayes' Cabinet.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The *Tribune's* Washington special gives the following as a list of President Hayes' cabinet: Secretary of State, Wm. M. Evarts, of New York; Secretary of the Treasury, John Sherman, of Ohio; Secretary of the Interior, Carl Schurz, of Missouri; Secretary of War, Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana; Secretary of the Navy, Gen. Charles Devens, of Mass.; Postmaster General, David M. Key, of Tennessee; Attorney General, Geo. M. McCrary, of Iowa.

Cabinet Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The following nominations were received by the Senate from President Hayes at 2:20 P. M.: Wm. M. Evarts, of New York, Secretary of State; John Sherman, of Ohio, Secretary of Treasury; Geo. W. McCrary, of Iowa, Secretary of War; Richard M. Thompson, of Indiana, Secretary Navy; Chas. Devins, of Mass., Attorney-General; David M. Key, of Tennessee, Postmaster-General; Carl Schurz, of Missouri, Secretary of Interior.

The Rush at the White House.

There was another immense rush at the White House to-day; but by noon the corridors were very clear, giving opportunity for the secretaries and clerks to give attention to business.

Provided For.

Major C. C. Sniffin, private secretary of ex-President Grant, has just been confirmed paymaster in the army and assigned to duty in the War Department.

As a Visitor.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Ex-President Grant was on the floor of the Senate to-day occupying a seat by the side of Senator Conkling.

Senatorial Democratic Caucus.

At an adjourned meeting of the caucus of the Democratic Senators this morning, there was further interchange of views regarding the general political situation, but no action. The caucus will be reassembled to-day after the Senate adjourns. Among matters incidentally referred to was the subject of Democratic representation on the Senate standing committees, and it was informally argued that the minority having increased its numbers this session should insist upon increased representation upon committees.

Waiting the Announcement.

The galleries of the Senate are crowded and the floor largely occupied with visitors, and the corridors near the Senate are thronged with persons waiting the announcement of the cabinet nominations.

Visit of the Diplomatic Corps.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—This afternoon the diplomatic corps paid their respects to President Hayes. They were in full court dress, and were accompanied by the ladies of their respective families. They assembled in the blue parlor and thence entered the east room, where had previously assembled President and Mrs. Hayes and Messrs. Taft, Robeson, Cameron, Hon. Eugene Hale, and a few others. Sir Edward Thornton, dean of the diplomatic corps, advanced to the president and said they had called to pay their respects, in behalf of the country they respectively represented, to congratulate him on his accession to the Presidency, and wish that his administration may be highly successful. The President expressed his gratification with their visit and reciprocated their friendly sentiments. Members of the corps and families were then presented to the President, and after a few minutes conversation the visit terminated.

A Few Paragraphs.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: Justice Clifford is surprised his absence yesterday was regarded as politically significant, and says he was led to believe the inaugural oath having been taken Saturday would be omitted yesterday, and being pressed for time concluded to remain at home. He denies there was any political feature to his absence.

Stanley Matthews, it is said, will not now contest Banning's right to a seat in the House, having too much other work on hand to allow preparation of evidence. He is urged as successor of Senator Sherman.

Attorney-General Taft is also a candidate.

Numerous Eastern men are urging the appointment of Banks as minister to France. His friends, however, want him to remain, and think he will be elected Speaker of the House.

There will be no cabinet appointments to-day. It is asserted the nomination of Schurz will be strongly opposed in the Senate.

Blaine and Morton had a spirited passage of words in the Senate to-day which greatly amused the Senate.

Anxious to Succeed Christiancy.

CHICAGO, March 6.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says Chandler is anxious to have Christiancy succeed Judge Davis so that he can succeed Christiancy as Senator from Michigan. The probabilities now are that Bristow will be appointed.

Hayes Firm.

The *Journal's* Washington special says: Various influences have been working to secure a postponement of cabinet appointments until the Republican leaders had reconciled their differences. Many Republicans are dissatisfied because their advice has been disregarded in the formation. Morton was among the number yesterday, but the nomination of Thompson has conciliated him. It is an open secret that he sent the President a note recently asking the retention of Tyner. Blaine was not ignored, but a position was tendered three of his intimate personal friends at different times, but each declined. The President was anxious to conform with the wishes of Blaine in this regard. Blaine's speech yesterday is therefore regarded by close friends of the President as significant and unaccountable. Both Hoar and Dawes opposed the nomination of Governor Rice to a cabinet position, who thought he should remain governor; hence Devens was chosen. The greatest animosity was towards Schurz. His personal enemies are numerous, and though recognizing his great abilities they claim harmony to be impossible with him in the cabinet. The President was somewhat moved but not convinced by the opponents of that nomination. There is little opposition to Evarts, though some talk of the Democrats opposing Key as a man who abandoned his party.

Why Some Cabinet Appointments were made.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Some inside views of President Hayes' contemplated policy has made clear the sincerity of his desire and purpose to pacificate the South, quiet its apprehensions and disarm its suspicions of his administration on the basis of a just protection of all classes and all interests. Senator Key's nomination to the cabinet is the first practical development of this policy. It is designed as a marked tender of the olive branch, and a declaration that the administration has no views or purposes with regard to the South which the President is unwilling to disclose to that able and conscientious gentleman in full sympathy with the intelligent and honest sentiment of that section. Key led a Confederate regiment during the war, was a Democratic appointee Senator in the last Congress, where he made the first Southern speech looking to Southern pacification through conciliation and co-operation with a Republican administration. His views as to which Hayes might properly do to effect that result were recently clearly expressed in a private letter which Hayes found entirely according with his own sentiments; hence the offer of a cabinet appointment which was the more appropriate because Key was supported by the Republicans for election to the Senate, as against the more pronounced and extreme Isham Harris, who was elected. Southern Democratic Congressmen will press Key to decline. They urge that the President's purpose in his appointment is to divide the Southern Democracy and reconstruct the Republican party in the South on a basis to command successfully the union of the old Whig and Union elements. To which the blacks, Key's friends, reply that he cares more for Southern peace and prosperity on peaceful terms than for party success. Some Republicans also antagonize Key's appointment, fearing that it will commit the administration to the abandonment of the Packard and Chamberlain governments of Louisiana and South Carolina, and the sacrifice of their adherents. The President will stand provided Keys remains true to his present position, because he knows that his real and already determined general line of Southern policy fails to justify these Republican apprehensions; while he was ready to take even Gen. Joe Johnson into his cabinet if they had not been acceptable to Republican friends. In order to testify practically his desire for sectional reconciliation, he does not propose to hand over honest Southern Republicans to the tender mercies of their opponents. Vice President Wheeler will be called into the President's counsel as freely as if he was a cabinet officer. He will have control of patronage also to such extent as he can wisely distribute it in the public interest; and as a means of illustrating the President's conciliatory purposes, he is expected to go South after the Senate adjourns in company with Gen. Garfield, or some other equally well known friends of the President, to study the situation in the disturbed States, and ascertain on what conditions the pending difficulty can be honorably compromised and amicably adjusted with the consent and approval of the best men of both parties there. The report of these commissions concurred in by Key will be accepted, and their recommendation carried out by cooperation of the President, so far as he has constitutional powers. If this policy fails the President intends it shall not be the fault of the Southerners themselves. If it succeeds, its effect is expected to be to establish a strong administration party of Southern whites, to which the blacks will naturally adhere. There is some opposition to Sherman for the cabinet by extreme advocates of civil service reform, from fear that he will disapprove it. But the President fully understands Sherman's views, and does not doubt his earnest aid in carrying out such reasonable and practicable ameliorations of the civil service system as alone can win its way against hostility in Congress and elsewhere. The objections to McCreery because of his connection with the McGarrahan case, does not appear to shake the President's confidence that his integrity will be proof against the influence, interest or prejudice growing out of a former professional engagement.

Political Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Senator Gordon has such assurances from President Hayes as to give him occasion to believe that in a few days Gov. Hampton will be left unembarrassed and in undisputed possession as the executive officer of South Carolina.

The Cabinet remained with the President till 2 o'clock. Explaining the condition of public matters, Morrill presented the financial department in a very favorable light. Judge Taft and others spoke freely on all important questions. Of Louisiana affairs it is not now positively known what views were expressed, but it is understood not to have counseled any procedure which would prove disastrous to the hopes of the Packard government. The meeting was cordial.

The World Accepts the Situation.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The *World's* editorial says we shall take it for granted no good Democrat, no good citizen went into this battle simply to elect a particular Democratic candidate to the Presidency. The *World* certainly did not. We have lost the President, but we have gained a cause. Let the dead bury their dead, and living men go forward to win live issues. We fully recognize the fact that the executive conduct of the United States has been lodged for four years in the hands of Mr. Hayes, and we hold this recognition to be essential to any manly and effectual driving out of the seven devils who entered with him into possession of powers of importance the whole country, that we should all of us settle down to the fact that this particular Presidential struggle is over, and that nothing short of revolution can unseat the President who has been so falsely and so fraudulently seated. The country does not want such a revolution. It could not be made better off by such a revolution and would, in all human probability, be made infinitely worse off by such revolution.

Criticisms on Blaine's Speech.

The *World's* Washington special on Blaine's speech says: The words, no less than the manner of the speaker, stirred a thrill throughout the chamber only equaled by the applause, when he said "there was no power high enough to compromise the Republican party to the new policy on the interminable Louisiana question. Sherman looked troubled, but sat in his place and gave no sign of reply. Morton looked unutterable words, but did not speak them. Conkling, apparently oblivious to the sensation which his ancient and honorable enemy had created, but relished the issue quite too well to attempt to narrow it. Now every Republican Senator, with the words of the inaugural fresh before him, appealing for conciliation and self-government in the South, remained silent. What they will do on the morrow is not known. Some of them in conversation affect to criticise Blaine's course, and declare he will be defeated in it. The *Times* ridicules Blaine's speech, while the *Tribune* applauds it.

Won't Confirm Him.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The *Herald's* editorial don't believe the Senate will confirm Shurz.

MEXICO.

Found Guilty.

MATAMORAS, March 6.—The military court before which General Cortina was tried, found him guilty of kidnapping, the penalty to which is death. The finding of the court has been sent to General Canales, military commander of Northern Mexico, for action. It is believed the finding will be approved, and that Cortina will be executed in a few days.

The frontier is quiet and commerce reviving.

The "Mysteries of Paris" have become tame in comparison with the sensations of life, marriage and divorce with which New York has furnished us of late, but a sad tale comes to us from San Francisco. It is of a Benedict on the Pacific slope, whose wife had encouraged the attentions of a gay New Yorker until his suspicions were thoroughly aroused. He therefore resolved upon the time honored scheme of a pretended absence. Returning on the second day, he quietly let himself in, and conceived the brilliant idea of hiding in one of the several old coats of mail which adorned the library. It was a hard job, but he succeeded, and waited from early afternoon till 9 o'clock without any one appearing. Still no one came, and at 1 o'clock in the morning, after the longest day he ever spent, he fell asleep from sheer fatigue. His loud snoring aroused the butler, who valorously crept down stairs with a doubled barreled gun and awakened the supposed burglar with a charge of quail shot in the breastplate. This he followed up with a second charge at the pier glass, whence he supposed another burglar was drawing upon him. Explanations were made, and the luckless husband released by the aid of a blacksmith. Amid the snickers of all he crept up stairs to read a little note on the pin cushion. His wife had eloped the morning before.

The Emperor William is to visit Strasburg and Metz in May or June, the Crown Prince being likely to accompany him. Prince Frederick William, the eldest son of the latter, has passed with credit the final examination at Cassel, and will proceed to examination at Bonn University, but will first serve some time in the first regiment of the Guards.

What is the use of so much fretting
Over what we can't restrain?
It might save us much regretting,
If it rains, to *let* it rain!"

GOVERNOR HAYES AT HOME.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* thus sketches Governor Hayes at home during the recent exciting times:

To see this large, handsome and pleasant man daily entering his office here, and quietly going through the routine of Governor of Ohio—matters of dry detail—applications for pardon, petty questions from State officers on a thousand and one points, daily receiving visitors from almost every State, now chatting with a State Senator, again as agreeably and pleasantly conversing with some quiet old farmer who stepped in to see the Governor, and when one sees all this, and looks at the self-poised, independent dignity of the man, notices his pleasant looks—the same for all ranks of men—it is hard to realize that there stands before you a gentleman in whom to-day center all the immediate hopes and interests of a nation. He is a plain man—but affects no plainness—he is no politician; he is no demagogue. He has no arts—no him to conceal. He never whispers or winks, but speaks right out candidly in a strong, manly voice, and looks you square in the face with those two large blue eyes of his. He is not worrying or fretting. He is patient as Job himself. Others may worry and fret, as for him he looks fresh, young, buoyant and brilliant. The campaign has not added a furrow to his ruddy cheeks nor a shadow to his high and open brow. He seems to-day much younger than he is, scarcely over forty, a strongly-built, large-chested, healthy, stalwart man, capable of doing a world of work and enduring a world of hardship, and all bravely and without a murmur. Like a good lawyer that he is—he long ago rested his case with the great tribunal, first of the people and next of Congress. He will not fret. He will retire early, sleep well, rise early, and keep a good appetite and a clear conscience. No man watches the progress of political events as day by day the great trial proceeds, with greater interest or more intelligently than Gen. Hayes. Yet he preserves his wonted marvellous calmness and self-poise. You could surprise from his property General Grant himself as easily as Hayes. He is firm as a rock. He looks on, says little, and that little to the point. He answers all questions calmly modestly, and with the utmost candor. He does absolutely nothing—tries to do nothing—never tried to do anything to make himself President. He refused to vote for himself. He refused to expend money for himself. He never alludes to himself. He is modest to a fault, if it can even become a fault. No man is so nonchalant about this thing as Hayes. He bides his time. He believes in God and the people; and, as he has never bothered himself to try to manipulate politics in his own behalf, he calmly awaits the verdict, and when it comes, whether it shall raise him to the Presidency or leave him in the governor's office, he will still smile and be happy and contented.

Referring to the statement of the President of the Manchester (Eng.) Chamber of Commerce to the effect that no cotton goods were now exported from that city to this country, and that in Manchester there is a large trade in American cotton fabrics, the New York *Bulletin* publishes tables showing by comparison of last year (1870) with 1871, that the decrease in cotton goods has been at the rate of 57½ per cent., woolens 77½ per cent., and worsted goods 52 per cent. The imports of British iron also show fully an equal ratio of decrease. These comparisons are based on quantities, not values, which, owing to the large decline in prices, would exhibit a still larger rate of decrease. The *Bulletin*, while claiming that this country can turn out certain classes of goods better and cheaper than the English, maintains that the question of wages must ultimately determine whether our present advantage will be permanent or not.

A CONSCIENTIOUS JURY.—An old story is well retold in a recent issue of a Southern journal, as follows: "A jury in Alabama had been impaneled in the case of a Mr. Johnson, charged with killing his wife. The evidence was positive and conclusive, leaving no doubt of his speedy conviction. To the amazement of all, the jury after a short absence, returned a verdict, 'Guilty of horse stealing.' The judge, astonished, asked an explanation, stating that the indictment was not for horse-stealing, but manslaughter. The foreman, with his hand upon a huge law-book, and with an amusingly dignified air, informed the court that it was not a case of mans aughter, but womans aughter, for which the law made no provision, but being satisfied the man deserved to be hanged, they had brought in a verdict of horse-stealing, which, in that country, would be sure to hang him."

Senator Davis, when he was a judge, had a shrewd way of his own. Once at Indianapolis, which was within his circuit, a lawyer named Ketchum was ready when his case was called, but his opponent was absent and had sent word that he couldn't arrive for an hour or two. Ketchum insisted on proceeding at once. The judge demonstrated in favor of the absent lawyer, but to no purpose. "Well," said he, finally, "if you insist upon going on, Mr. Ketchum, you have, of course, the technical right to do so; but if I were you I wouldn't urge the matter. Over at Springfield, the other day, there was just such a case, the lawyer would insist upon going on with trial; and so I had to look after the interest of the other party—and, do you know, curiously enough, Mr Ketchum, we beat him." Mr. Ketchum concluded to wait.

Whether at work or at leisure in his study Mr. James Russe Lowell occupies a broad easy chair standing midway between the table and the fireplace, which holds blazing logs. In this chair he has done most of his writing, his only desk being a stiff piece of pasteboard, conveniently resting on his knee. One of the curiosities which Mr. Lowell's study contains is a pair of silver sleeve buttons, now tarnished almost into blackness, which were once worn by Robert Burns. Mr. Lowell is fond of trees and flowers and often works among them. He is an angler and a pedestrian, never riding when he can walk. He is in excellent health, and looks manly, robust and erect. He may sometimes be seen in bleak, wintry weather walking leisurely through Cambridge thoroughfares without even the ghost of an overcoat enveloping him.

Julia Ward Howe encountered the wrong person at Indianapolis when she was announced to give her lecture on "Polite Society." The story goes that some years ago a lady of Indianapolis met Mrs. Howe in Washington and was introduced to her. Simply recognizing her, Mrs. Howe turned rudely away, and petulently remarked to her escort, in French, "Why we never have done with these people?" It didn't occur to Mrs. Howe that a Western woman could possibly understand French. But she did, and immediately came to the conclusion that polite society is not always polite.

When the reported death of Representative Alexander H. Stephens reached Georgia, some nine or ten sat up all night writing letters to their friends informing them of their intention to run for Congress to fill the vacancy, and many of the letters were mailed before it was ascertained that Mr. Stephens was not dead.

Mr. Darwin, says the London *Examiner*, is as reverent and loving a man as lives, and is the father of reverent and loving sons, whose chief delight is in searching out the wonders of the Creator and making them plain to common men.

SENATE EXTRA SESSION.

Grover Fails to be Sworn In.

Exciting Debate on the Admission of Kellogg.

Blaine makes a Stirring Speech.

Admission of Lamar.

WASHINGTON, March 6.

Wallace submitted a resolution that the credentials of J. Q. C. Lamar, Senator elect from Mississippi, be taken from the table and he be sworn in.

Anthony moved the Senate adjourn; rejected: Yeas, 15; nays, 36,—many Republicans voting with the Democrats against adjournment.

Blaine said Lamar's credentials were entirely regular, and he was just as much entitled to be sworn in as he (Blaine) or any other Senator sworn in yesterday.

Debate ensued and Spencer wanted Boutwell's committee report of last session on Mississippi affairs read, but the Senate refused.

Blaine argued that the report might show that the Legislature which elected Lamar was illegal, but that was a matter for subsequent inquiry. It was a dangerous thing to stop a Senator from taking the oath who bore the proper credentials.

Lawes advocated receiving Lamar.

Spencer opposed because the Legislature electing him was a fraud. He had read as a part of his remarks a part of Boutwell's report.

Thurman said there was nothing in Boutwell's report affecting Lamar's prima facie right to a seat nor in the report which touched this quest on, and it was out of order for the Senate to listen to the reading of the report.

Morton begged to remind the Senate that one year ago Thurman stood on the other side of this prima facie business in the case of Pinchback. According to Thurman, there could be no investigation as to the legislature which elected Lamar, but there could be as to that which elected Pinchback. He (Morton) held the same doctrine now as he did in the Pinchback case. There had been a sudden revolution on the part of the Democrats. He believed the Senators objected to should be called in the regular order in which they are named. The Senator from Louisiana (Kellogg) is here with a legal certificate, but objection was made to swearing him in yesterday on the very ground upon which he was stopped from taking his seat yesterday. The Senator from Alabama (Spencer) has the right to interpose an objection in the case of Lamar, but if seemed to Morton this was an attempt to have one doctrine for one case and another for another case.

Thurman regretted his friend Morton's memory was failing. He had in every case held when a man had been elected by a composed State legislature, and brought legal credentials in all precedent do named he be sworn in but according to the report of the Senate election committee, it was not the legislature but the mob that elected Pinchback; therefore Pinchback's credentials were refused.

Morton said Pinchback's election was certified to by the Governor, now acknowledged by every department, and the legislature which elected him had enacted hundreds of statutes and was recognized by the State supreme court. He said the election in Mississippi in 1875 was well known to be a scene of carnage, and might show, when investigated, that the legislature was not a legal body representing a majority of 30,000 which was overcome in that State by violence.

Blaine said he discovered how unpleasant it was to have that record. He welcomed Thurman coming over to right and urged on Morton not to get wrong.

Morton asked what was the objection to Kellogg.

Blaine replied he had a resolution prepared on that subject when the case was disposed of.

Gordon advised Blaine to look out for his own record, that would keep him busy.

Christiancy read from Boutwell's report to show the legality of the Mississippi legislature was unquestioned and recognized by the courts and government, and despite some intimidation the majority of legislators were peaceably elected. In the case of Pinchback the committee reported there was no legal legislature.

Gordon combatted these views and facts.

Howe made an argument in favor of Lamar.

McMillan said he would not be voting for Lamar to say the validity of the body which elected him, but would pass on that case after.

Morton said if it was right to seat Lamar, it was a great wrong not to seat Pinchback.

Gordon to refer the credentials of Senator Lamar to the committee on privileges and elections; rejected; yeas, 1; nays, 56.

The Senate then by vote of yeas 57, nays 1 (Wadleigh), adopted the resolution of Wallace, and Lamar was sworn in by the Vice President.

Spencer, who would have voted in the negative, was joined with Merrimon, who would have voted in the affirmative.

Lamar was then escorted to the desk of the President by Davis of West Virginia, and the Vice President administered the oath.

Blaine then offered a resolution to swear Kellogg.

Finally by a vote of yeas 35, nays 29, the substitute of Bayard was adopted, referring credentials of Kellogg to the committee on privileges and elections. Burnside, Christiancy, Conkling, Davis, Jones of Nevada, and Morrill voted with the Democrats in the affirmative.

Patterson submitted a resolution to refer the credentials of Corbin and M. C. Butler, each claiming a seat from South Carolina, to the committee on privileges and elections when appointed; agreed to.

Bayard submitted a resolution to have John T. Morgan, Senator-elect from Alabama sworn in. Pending discussion the Senate went into executive session. Was in executive session less than half an hour, but the cabinet nominations were not confirmed. All were referred to appropriate committees without discussion.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

Immediately after reading the journal Wallace moved the Senator-elect from Oregon, L. F. Grover, be sworn. As the Vice President rose to administer the oath, Hamlin said the Senator from Oregon (Mitchell) was not in his seat, and he therefore objected to the oath being administered, as he understood Mitchell has some papers bearing on the case.

Wallace said, as a Senator of the United States, he presented the Senator elect from Oregon, and hoped he would be sworn.

Hamlin said, as a Senator of the United States, he objected to him being sworn.

The oath was not administered.

Senate then resumed consideration of unfinished business, taking up the resolution of Blaine to swear in Wm. Pitt Kellogg as Senator from Louisiana, and the substitute submitted by Bayard, to refer the credentials to the committee on privileges.

Blaine moved adoption of the resolution that Kellogg be sworn in.

Bayard asked permission to have the credentials of Morgan, Senator-elect from Alabama, presented, his case was the same as Lamar's.

Blaine said Kellogg's case came up before either of the others.

Bayard then moved that the credentials of Kellogg be tabled until they could be referred to the election committee.

Blaine regretted that it was necessary to detain the Senate on Kellogg's case. He had hoped there would be no objections to his credentials. He believed he was elected legally and represented the legal government of Louisiana, and he did not see how any Senator who voted for the Senate to count the vote of Louisiana for Hayes and Wheeler could doubt that Packard was equally the right Governor of that State. There might be some keen logic that would discriminate, but he could not see how a man with nearly 1,000 votes more than the electoral tickets was not elected. Nobody in the Senate, especially on the other side, was permitted to doubt that the electors, vote of Louisiana had been properly cast for Hayes and Wheeler—it having been decided by a tribunal created by that State. All of them but Eton, who was guiltless of that tribunal, had voted for it and believed that high and faultless body had reached a proper conclusion.

Thurman asked if the Senate could not do what the tribunal refused to do, viz: look back of the returning board.

Blaine said he would reach that soon. A tribunal had decided to go behind the returning board which was constituted by and legally competent to make the count and declare the electors and legislature. Blaine continued: I stand alone to say that the honor and credit and faith of the Republican party, in so far as the election of Hayes and Wheeler is concerned, are as indissolubly united in maintaining the righteousness of the return of that body as the illustrious house of Lancaster that sits on the throne of England to-day as to the maintaining of the revolution of 1688. You discredit Packard and you discredit Hayes; you hold Packard no legal Governor of Louisiana, and President Hayes has no title to his seat; and the honored Vice President who presides over our deliberations has no title to his chair. I say, therefore, on the action of the returning board, which the Senator from Ohio admits was held by the electoral commission to be a competent and legal and constitutional body, rests the authority of Packard to exercise the governorship of that State, and on the authority of that board rests the legislature of that State; and by the legislature of that State Wm. P. Kellogg was duly elected Senator; by the Government of that State, thus determined, he comes here commissioned as a Senator, bearing the great seal of the State, as I maintain, and I do not, upon that point, desire to go into details of the election—

Thurman—Do I interrupt the Senator?

Blaine—Not at all.

Thurman—Does the Senator understand that the returning board count the votes for Governor and declare who is elected Governor?

Blaine—The legislature did that.

Thurman—Then the Senator is in great error.

Blaine—No; I never said any such thing. They were based on the same returns precisely, and the same returning board which counted the vote for members of the legislature also counted and transmitted to the legislature the votes for Governor.

After some bandiage between Blaine and Thurman, Blaine reiterated his point forcibly. He continued: I know that there has been a great deal of bad faith here and there, in the corridors of the capitol, around and about in by places, and in high places, of late; but some arrangement has been made by which Packard was not to be recognized and upheld; that he was to be allowed to slide by and Nicholls accepted as governor of Louisiana. I want to know who had authority to make any such arrangement. I wish to know if any Senator on this floor will state, in his place, that any person, speaking for the administration that was coming in or that was going out, had any right to make any such arrangement. I deny it, without being authorized to speak for the administration that now exists; but I deny, on the simple broad ground, that it would be in order that the administration of President Hayes could do it. I deny it on the ground that President Hayes possesses a character for common sense, respect and patriotism, all of which he has in a high measure and eminent degree. I shall be exceedingly disappointed, wounded and humiliated, if my denial is not vindicated in the policy of the administration; but whether it be vindicated or whether it be not, I care not; it is not the duty of a Senator to inquire what the policy of the administration may be, but what it ought to be, and I hope a Republican Senate will say on this point there shall be no authority in this land large enough or adventurous enough to compromise the good of the national administration or the good name of the great Republican party that called that administration into existence. [Applause in the galleries, which was promptly checked by the presiding officer.]

Bayard then took the floor, but before proceeding with his remarks he died for a motion to adjourn. Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

During all remarks on the Kellogg case Blaine read the following telegram:

COLUMBIA, March 6.

HON. D. L. CORBIN: I have just had a long interview with Blaske, who brings a letter to me from Stanley Matthews and Mr. Evarts. The purport of Matthews letter is that I ought to yield my rights for the good of the country. This is embarrassing beyond endurance. If such action is desired, I want to know its authority. I am not acting for myself. I do not assume such responsibility. Please enquire and telegraph me to-night.

D. H. CHAMBERLAIN.

SITTING BULL.

The Cheyenne *Leader* gets off some good things. From the latest we select the following biographical sketch of what that paper calls Secretary Taurus:

Of Mr. Sitting Bull's early history, but little is known, though it is very probable that he was brought up the backwoods—some ways back.

When he was a boy he did not have the advantages of either free schools or lunches, and he always served himself instead of the Lord, whenever he got the chance. He most always got the chance.

Old man Sitting Bull gave him a little red paint and his blessing, which was all he had for a start in life. He ran around naked and chased the lost outer antelope, but a fellow couldn't run around naked in this neighborhood for five minutes, although they call it a free country.

Sitting Bull was a child of nature, and lived on a piece of rained ground called the Big Horn Mountains. He is the only man who ever parted his hair in the middle.

We have seen some handsomer men than Sitting Bull, but none that were cut out better for wear and tear—especially a tare. But good looks ain't what Sitting Bull brags on.

If Sitting Bull had to live his life over again he would cultivate himself more many less opportunities; but I reckon he wouldn't be half as many Indians mouths a good health.

And then we'll be dog to cut that I. B would draw a bigger crowd than Beecher. And crowds are what counts.

The biggest crowd that S. B. ever drew at one meeting was last fall. Perhaps you have heard of it. It was on the Rosebud.

The biggest crowd Beecher ever drew was nigh unto two years ago. Perhaps you have heard of that. It was on the Rosebud. It was at a court house.

Sitting Bull is the only man who ever whipped the United States. But he did it by hook or by Crook. He is a hard old account to trust—Custer charged him once, but made a mistake in order to carry, and received payment in full.

Like all men of genius, Sitting Bull loves whisky. If it wasn't for men of genius whisky would be borne to blush unseen, even at ten cents a drink. A real Injin can hide a heap of whisky or most anything else; but they always find it again, especially be whisky.

Whisky and warm weather are about all a Injin wants, but even hell would be a restful place, if it had a low temperature and good society.

Josh Billings says a good Injin is the dead young; but there can't be a navvy digger in the United States who ever saw a dead young Injin. If heaven has only on good Injins for angels, there ain't more than one angel to two hundred and fifty million square miles.

We don't say more about Sitting Bull, but they say talk about the devil and he will appear. We don't have Sitting Bull appear in Cheyenne until the walking is better, for half our interest in the presidential election.

Boston is retrenching; the salaries of city officials to the tune of $85,000, and there is loud wailing among that class that the reduction will greatly injure the value and efficiency of the service, but it would seem from the following figures that each officer is left with means of comfortable subsistence: The salary of the mayor is allowed to stand at $5,000. The city clerk is reduced from $5,000 to $4,000, and the expenses of his office is cut down $1,250. In addition, the treasurer's salary is reduced from $6,000 to $5,000, and his department $3,000. The auditor receives a like reduction, and his department $2,350. The collector is cut from $5,000 to $4,000 and his department $5,900.

THE MULE.—After Tupper, and not very long after him,

Who have seen a mule dive?
Hath the vision of man encompassed one upon his
last legs about to keel over?
Mixy, my boy, for the mule is immortal!
He liveth a thousand years, and then braceth up,
and taketh a fresh hold for twenty thousand.
Such is the vastness, the grandeur, the greatness of
the animile. He is a big thing!
Why is he thus? *That is big?*
Thou fool go to the ant and consider!
He is big because he is not little and
Bigness differeth from littleness even as the flea
differeth from the barndoor.
Be wise, oh man put out thy skull with knowledge, and scan wisdom of me, the poet of the obvious.

The *Farmer* gives the following succinct directions for flax raising:

The land must be sown on clean, rich land, about a bushel and a quarter per acre and sown as early as the 1st of April. If possible. It will cost about six dollars per acre to pull it, after the outside, and the mill-men will furnish the hands to pull the flax and superintend the pulling, and will charge the raiser the actual cost of pulling. There can be an average of 400 pounds of dressed flax per acre, and also an average yield of eight bushels of flax-seed per acre, and the flax can be sold at the factory for from 15 to 25 cents per pound, according to quality.

The following officers for Coyote Grange No. 55, of Lane county, for the ensuing year, were publicly installed at a regular meeting of said Grange, on the 24th ult.: R. B. Hayes, Master; W. H. Kill, O.; H. G. P. Lemly, L.; A. J. Wood, S.; J. B. Richardson, A. S.; A. Wood, C.; S. R. Jenkins, T.; A. Hemenway, Sec.; N. Beeldwent, G. K.; Mrs. Lucy Hayes, Ceres; Mrs. Sarah Jenkins, Pomona; Mrs. P. Richardson, Flora; Miss Mary Hayes, L. A. S.

Miss Emilie Schaumberg, of Philadelphia, is the American belle in Paris at present. Mrs. Hooper, who is blessed with a fair allowance of enthusiasm even for her generous nature, says the young lady was the most beautiful woman at President MacMahon's ball. A grand dinner was given in her honor by a resident of the American colony. Thirty guests were present, and Mrs. Hooper never saw the like in Paris before.

Mrs. Russell Sebbens, of Ridgefield, Conn., once known as a literary lady, has written a private letter speaking kindly of Edgar A. Poe, and giving as a reason of the enmity of Dr. Griswold, Poe's biographer, toward him, the attachment of both men to the same woman—an attachment hopeless on the part of both.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1877.

PRESIDENT HAYES A PIONEER REFORMER.

Two points in the matter of political methods, that is, in the manner of accomplishing political ends, as contradistinguished from the ends themselves, have within the last few years taken peculiar prominence in the minds of thoughtful men of all parties. One of them is the purity of elections, and the other, immediately connected with the former, the relation between public offices and party politics. On both these there has been lately much agitation, and, unfortunately, not a little personal misunderstanding and consequent ill-feeling. Those who are generally classed as professional politicians, by which designation is meant those who seek office for themselves, have generally been found favoring the use of any means that will secure party victories. Their political convictions are supplemented and fortified by strong personal interest, till they have no difficulty in concluding that the success of their party is really a matter of such vast moment as to justify questionable methods and practices in achieving it. On the other hand the non-professional, the individual who "has nothing in it," who expects to get his living by business pursuits, and is above the vulgar ambition to get office for the notice into which it brings the possessor, is generally found on the side of honest elections and honest administration.

It will naturally be interesting to inquire what has been the position of Mr. Hayes with reference to these subjects. His position from the time of his nomination as President, so far as the civil service is concerned, is well known; but the question comes up, what are his general views on such matters? Is he a machine politician, or is he not? Was the civil service paragraph of his letter of acceptance the result of a fixed and well-defined conviction, or was it merely a skillful move to catch the popular ear? These inquiries are natural and proper, and, in the light of the facts, must result in a conclusion exceedingly gratifying to the friends of honest elections and honest administration. As long ago as 1868, when the matter of fraudulent elections had not yet attracted so general attention as it has of late, he was led, by contemplation of the frauds in the great cities, to perceive that the evil was in its nature contagious, and that in a short time the strictest provisions would be necessary to prevent frauds in all the States. In his message to the legislature of Ohio at that time he urged the adoption of laws, first, for securing representation to both political parties in all election boards, and second, for a complete registration of all the votes. The proposition to secure representation to both parties, in election boards, is one that could never emanate from one who was not desirous of having fair elections, even if his party lost in them.

And now for his civil service reform doctrines. In this matter, too, he is not a new convert, but one of the pioneers of the movement. On receiving notice of his nomination to Congress, in 1872, he made a speech in which he took the same ground he now occupies on the subject. In the course of that speech he said:

> About forty years ago a system of making appointments to office grew up, based on the maxim, "to the victors belong the spoils." The old rule—the true rule—that honesty, capacity, and fidelity constitute the highest claim to office, gave place to the idea that partisan services were to be chiefly considered. A few persons in practice have adopted this system. Since its first introduction it has been materially modified. At first, the President, either directly or through the heads of departments, made all appointments. Gradually, by usage, the appointing power in many cases was transferred to members of Congress—to Senators and Representatives. The offices in these cases have become not so much rewards for party services as rewards for personal services in nominating and electing Senators and Representatives. What patronage the President and his cabinet retain, and what offices Congressmen are by usage entitled to fill is not definitely settled. A Congressman who maintains good relations with the executive usually receives a larger share of patronage than one who is independent. This system is a bad one. It destroys the independence of the separate departments of the government, and it degrades the civil service. It ought to be abolished. * * * *
>
> We ought to have a reform of the system of appointments to the civil service, thorough, radical and complete.

From this it is seen that President Hayes' ideas on this subject were clearly defined from the first of the agitation, and that he was one of the most advanced of the anti-machine school. It can not, therefore, be doubted that from the first his convictions as to the true policy have been deep, thorough and steadfast. That he means to carry them out in his administration is evident, first, from the language of his inaugural address, and in the end, from evidence more convincing than any language could be, namely, the appointment of a cabinet with Wm. M. Evarts at the head, with Carl Schurz in one of the most responsible places, with David M. Key, a Democratic Senator from the South, as Postmaster-General, and with not a single man in any place who has been heretofore known as a machine politician.

The *Standard*, noticing the report of the committee which has been investigating the election in San Francisco, makes the following singular comments:

> The disclosures are startling. They examined 17,370 of the votes cast on certificates of registration, and of those 3,005 were illegal. The report says that the same proportion would obtain as to the remainder of the votes cast, thus making 8,105 fraudulent votes in that election at that place. This, if all cast for the Republican candidates (and the implication is they were for that party), would entirely have changed the result in the State. Thus fraud after fraud on the people's rights pile up until they become a perfect mountain of infamy.

What is singular about the remarks of the *Standard* is that it is declared "the implication is" that the fraudulent votes were Republican votes. Assuming this to be the truth, the *Standard* proceeds to pile up its "mountain of infamy" on the devoted shoulders of the Republican party. Now the truth is, there is not in the dispatch on which the *Standard* based its remarks, the slightest inkling from which the implication could be raised that the fraudulent votes were Republican votes, or that they were Democratic votes. The dispatch said, "the report *fails to indicate* the probable political complexion of the fraudulent votes, except by vague implication. This is all there is in it about the political complexion of the fraudulent votes. There is a "vague implication," but whether it is a vague implication that the frauds were in the interest of the Republican party, or in the interest of the Democracy, no one can tell. There is just as good ground for the OREGONIAN to say that the implication is that these fraudulent votes were Democratic, as for the *Standard* to say the implication is they were Republican; but if we should make such a statement concerning them, without further evidence than has yet come to light, the *Standard* would say, and justly, too, that we were putting an unwarrantable construction on the facts telegraphed. We ask the *Standard*, not in any unkindness, but for the sake of candor, whether it considers such treatment of current facts fair, either to the opposite party or to its own readers. We put it as a question of newspaper morals, whether it can justify itself in humbugging its readers with that sort of serving up a dispatch, especially when the original dispatch was at hand and would have occupied but little if any more space than the *Standard's* extraordinary rendering of it.

We are afraid party record will not be of much value as a means of securing favor with Hayes' administration. Carl Schurz, the Secretary of the Interior, has refused to acknowledge allegiance to the Republican party for five years past, and has been about as often found opposing as supporting Republican tickets. He was one of the most zealous of all the supporters of Greeley in 1872. But he is not a man who quarrels with his party out of a factious disposition. The reason of his being found sometimes supporting, sometimes opposing the Republican party, is, not that he is himself uncertain or unsteady in his political views, but that he has clear and distinct views which he holds sacred from interference by the party organization, and which he dares maintain, even against the adverse decision of the party. There are many of his kind of men throughout the country denounced as he has been by the machinists for unsteadiness of political faith, when in fact their relations with their party have been broken off because their political faith is too steady, and their moral convictions in politics too deep to allow them to change front from time to time as party expediency may be thought to require. It is the depth, not the shallowness, of Schurz's convictions of duty that places him now on one side, now on the other in political contests.

Notice is given by President Hayes in his inaugural address to Senators and others who have been controlling official appointments with a view to having a strictly personal following in the public service, that this sort of thing will not go on hereafter with the same facility as heretofore; in fact, that the President of the United States will exercise his constitutional functions in this matter, and give Senators a chance to attend more strictly to their own line of duty. It is probable there will be signs of a row shortly, when the jobbers in official places shall have fully ascertained that they can't get removals made at their caprice and pleasure. Surely now "the party" will go to the dogs, since the office-holder is able to assert his independence of the Senator without fear of removal. It is to be feared, too, that the stand taken by President Hayes will materially weaken the "influence" and reduce the following of a certain class of Senators and politicians.

The advocates of prohibition in Minnesota have matured a plan—which has strong supporters in the legislature—by which they hope to get the better of the liquor traffic. The plan is an amendment to the constitution allowing women over the age of twenty-one years to vote in all the cities and towns on the question of granting licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors. The prohibitionists claim that women are even greater sufferers than men from the evils of intemperance and that if they can be allowed a deal with the question they will make short work of it. Legislators, they say, are proverbially shy of any measure that peremptorily stops the whiskey ration from even a small minority of their constituents, and therefore will gladly support a measure for relegating the matter to the people in the form proposed, though the result may be the same as through the means of absolute prohibition embodied in law.

We do not want to crow over the machine Republicans, but we feel mightily like doing so. Still they have supposed they were justified by the necessities of the case in their general course of conduct. That is the presumption, at least, and we gladly give them the benefit of it. The other sort of Republicans have rather got the better of this deal, and must be allowed to feel just a little sit good over it. Rah for Hayes—and Schurz!

David M. Key, the new Postmaster-General is a Democrat, who represented Tennessee in the Senate till the 4th instant. His appointment will be very distasteful to the politicians of the spoils school. In his appointment President Hayes has followed the example of Washington who had in his Cabinet, Thomas Jefferson, the leader of the opposite party.

The President's nominations of cabinet officers have not been acted on by the Senate. It seems there is a want of harmony among the Republicans, as there naturally would be. The probabilities are, however, that the nominations will be confirmed.

The people of Minnesota are experiencing the same tribulation as we in Oregon, in the matter of school books. They have a uniformity-law which many of them believe works grievous wrong, and they are trying to break it down.

Bangor *Whig*: In Augusta, the Rev. H. W. Tilden is pastor of the Baptist church, and is highly esteemed, especially among the children of his parishioners. Recently a little five-year old boy, who is a Republican true-blue one thinks very much of the clergyman, was about to retire, and closed up his bed-time prayer with: "O Lord, bless father and mother, and bless Mr. Tilden; O Lord, you know which one I mean."

Dr. Erasmus Wilson, an eminent physician of London, has contracted for the removal of the obelisk known as Cleopatra's Needle from Alexandria to the former city. The cost will be £50,000.

MARRIED:

In this city, March 6, by Hon. J. H. Woodward, County Judge, Dr. W. S. Halpruner and Miss Caroline Lieb.

In Seattle, March 4, Thomas H. Ladnor and Miss Genevieve Wright.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED.

A SITUATION ON A DAIRY FARM, BY A Practical Cheese and Butter maker. Address or call, T. M. COOPER, Russ Hotel, Portland. d&w1

FOR SALE.

ONE HALF INTEREST IN A STOVE AND TIN Store, in one of the liveliest towns in Oregon. Small capital required. For particulars inquire of HEXTER & MAY, Portland, Oregon. m8d10t

TO LOAN.

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY, $2000—$2300—$800 and $500. Apply to WOODWARD & CONNELL, Brokers, cor. First and Washington sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE,

FOR CITY PROPERTY, TWO BLOCKS (ONE acre each), a good House and improvements, situate on rising ground near the river, one mile from Portland. Apply to X. Y., Postoffice Box 781, Portland. m8d1m

NEW TO-DAY.

Just Received per Str "Elder,"

A FULL LINE OF

PARASOLS AND SUNSHADES,

Also, a Lot of

FRENCH & IRISH POPLINS,

ALL SHADES,

To be Sold at

Greatly Reduced Prices,

Silk and Worsted Fringes to Match.

We call special attention to these Goods, as they are MUCH LOWER than the regular market price.

m8d6t CLARKE & HENDERSON.

REGULAR SALE

TO-MORROW.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1877,

At Salesroom, at 10 o'clock A. M.

GROCERIES,

FURNITURE,

DRY GOODS,

Express Wagons, Buggies and Harness.

ALSO,

On account of whom it may concern,

55 bxs Assorted Soap,
5 chests Japan Tea, Etc.

GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

SOCIAL PARTY

Will be given by

Scandinavian Society,

TUESDAY EVEN'G, MARCH 13, 1877,

AT

TURN HALL,

108 FIRST STREET.

ADMISSION.....$1 00

"PLEASANTON" GLASS,

FOR SUN BATHS.

THE NEWLY-DISCOVERED REMEDIAL Agent. Recommended by Gen. Pleasanton, and distinguished Medical authority, in

Nervous Prostration, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bruises, &c., &c., &c.,

To arrive ex "GEO. W. ELDER," and for Sale by

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists, and Dealers in

Paints, Oils & Window Glass,

Nos. 75 Front and 76 First Sts., Portland, Ogn.

To Let. The Rooms now used as U. S. Engineers' offices will be vacant about March 1st. Inquire of JOHN WILSON, 107 Third st.

Just Received.

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND,

161 DOZ. FLOWERPOTS,

Assorted sizes.

For sale by

HACHENEY & STEVENS,
SEED DEPOT,
Corner Taylor and First Sts.

OREGON STATE

MANUFACTURING CO.,

OFFICE—FRONT STREET,

One door north of the American Exchange Hotel.

Information Free to Immigrants.

FARMERS, MANUFACTURERS, MILLMEN and others, are requested to assist the Society by notifying the Secretary when they need Laborers, Lumbermen, Mechanics or Clerks.

LANDS FOR SALE

The Society has the following REAL ESTATE in its hands for Sale:

320 Acres

In Yamhill county, 18 miles from McMinnville; 150 acres under cultivation and 170 acres of good pasturage. The farm has good running water and excellent springs; also timber enough for practical purposes, a rolling surface and good drainage. There are good neighbors in the vicinity.

Price $20 per acre. Terms one-half cash, balance on long credit at low interest.

40 Acres

In Washington county, 120 acres of Beaver dam land, with no timber or brush on it; about 40 acres of heavy timber, balance open hazel brush land. There is a good Barn and Log house on the place; also a fine young orchard and 16 acres of Timothy meadow. The land is nearly all under fence, and it can easily be made one of the finest farms in Oregon. Price $5,250.

680 Acres

On the Columbia bottom, 20 miles north of Portland, 2½ miles from landing place of daily steamers on the Columbia river. Lake river, a navigable stream, crosses the place. It is one of the best dairy farms in the country. Two hundred and sixty acres of this tract is good pasture and meadow land, and will be sold separately or with par or all of the balance, which is timber.

Price for the meadow and pasture, $15 per acre; for the timber, $7 00 per acre. Price for the whole tract, $6,500. Terms—Two-thirds cash, balance on time. Good buildings on the place.

March 7, 1877. mh7d1m

J. K. GILL & CO.,

75 FIRST STREET.

Can now supply

SMALL NEW STOVES,

SMALL NEW HOUSES,

THE SMALL

"SMALL STOVES"

IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT.

HAY FOR SALE,

ON WHARF,

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET, AT

$16 per Ton.

mh7d2w

PORTLAND BAKERY.

Cor. Fourth and A. Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE TO announce to his friends, acquaintances and the public in general, that he has re-opened the above Bakery, where he always will keep on hand an assortment of

Crackers, Bread, Cakes and Pastries,

Of all kinds. All orders promptly attended to.

mh7d1m HERMAN & LEHMAN.

STONE,

The Jeweler, has Removed

TO FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATRE.

THEO. CARLTON.....LESSEE AND MANAGER

MR. CARLTON takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Portland and vicinity that he has engaged for a short season only, the World-Renowned and

ORIGINAL

CHRISTY MINSTRELS

COMMENCING

Wednesday Ev'ng, March 7, '77

MISS LULU HENDERSON
The Child Wonder.

Miss ANNA HENDERSON
Soprano.

MISS DELLA REYNO,
Alto and Baritone.

MISS ANNA WEBSTOCK,

MISS DORA CLARKE,

HENRY HUNLY,
The finest Basso in the country.

JOHN HENDERSON,
The Lovely Tenor.

FRANK GRIMES,
The Great Baritone.

ALBERT BYRI and T. JACKSON.

The following Card is published by permission:

Dear Sir—I shall be glad indeed to see again those of the Jubilee Singers I know. Five of them on your Photograph Card I recognize as part of the Band that delighted our Eastern people as much as any entertainment which they are privileged to enjoy. O. O. HOWARD.

To Mr. THEO CARLTON, Agent for the Band.

ADMISSION.....ONE DOLLAR.

No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

Box Sheet open at 10 o'clock Monday, March 5th, at Gray's Music Store.

LAW CARDS.

SIDNEY D. LIL,
Attorney at Law,

Office—Second floor Strowbridge's new building, First street, Portland, Oregon. fe4d1m

T. A. McBRIDE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Monnastes' Brick, First street, Portland. m17d3m

WHALLEY & FORCHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Ghemin building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

S. WHITE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office—Opposite Court House,
Court Street, Dalles City, Oregon.
d19d3m

STK. C. SIMPSON. JNO. E. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 12 Dekum's Building.

Summer Tan Bars

FOR WHITENING AND BEAUTIFYING THE Complexion. The most effectual purifiers of the system, searching out and removing all waste particles, leaving the skin new and fair as an infant's. Old and darkened complexions restored by them in a manner nearly miraculous; also of great benefit in Neuralgia, etc., and dealing powerfully with Scrofulous Affections and the only certain remedy for Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints. Given under the direction of a skilful physician by

MRS. S. LORD,
FIRST STREET,

Next door to Oak, Portland, Ogn.

MRS. LORD would inform her friends and patrons that she is still Agent for Mrs. MOORE'S

Great Scientific Hair Producer.

The only never-failing remedy for Baldness, in all Stages; Falling of the Hair; Itching of the Scalp, and Dandruff. Required only three applications a week. Is not gummy, but makes the hair soft and beautiful; does not discolor the scalp, but cleanses and whitens it.

Price Reduced. Send for circulars with testimonials.

LADIES' BAZAAR.

For the next Thirty Days I will offer my Stock of MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS at Greatly Reduced Prices, to make room for one of the largest and best selected Stock of MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS ever exhibited in Portland. Don't fail to call if you are wanting anything in my line, at the Ladies' Bazar, No. 71 First st.

P. E. BRIGHAM.

JACOB STRAUB & CO.'S

Standard Cal. Billiard Tables,

Delaney's Wire Cushions Attached.

10 DIFFERENT STYLES.

Price from $250 to $1400.

Tables sold on easy terms on good Bankable paper.

See Tables at Merritt & Prang's and at Peter Wilhelm's Fountain Saloon.

BILLIARD GOODS

At San Francisco prices.

For further information apply to

C. A. BURCHARDT,
Agent for Oregon, etc.

m8d2m

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,

Ex Ship "Dovenby," from Honolulu.

125 kegs UNION MILLS No. 1.
100 " " " " 1½.
75 " T. HUGHES No. 1.
50 " T. HUGHES No. 1 A.
50 bbls. MOLASSES.
7000 lbs. RICE, A. 1.
50 bags COFFEE.

For sale in lots to suit, by

GILMAN & IRVIN,
Corner Front and Oak streets, Portland.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THIS COMpany will carry Canned Salmon and Canned Beef from the Columbia River Canneries (below mouth of Willamette) to Astoria at the rate of One Dollar per ton.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

March 1, 1877. m1d1m

FOR THE PASSOVER!

MATZOS! MATZOS!

THE STATE BAKERY, JOHN WINTTER, PROprietor, having secured the services of Mr. M. FRIEDMAN as superintendent is prepared to furnish MATZOS of superior quality to the Israelites of Oregon. Orders promptly attended to.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,

IN EVERY STYLE,

AT

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

Premium Candy Factory,
No. 105 FIRST STREET.

THE TAX ROLL OF EAST PORTLAND SCHOOL District No. 21 will be placed in the hands of the Sheriff for collection on the 10th day of March, 1877. All delinquents will take due notice.

CLAUDE THAYAR, School Clerk.

Office—East Portland, on 1 street, bet. Third and Fourth. mh6d2w2p

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER MARCH 1ST, THE STEAMER Wm. Kohlhagen will run as a regular packet between Portland and Astoria, leaving Portland every Monday at 7 A. M., and Astoria every Tuesday at 7 A. M. Freight received at the Company's Wharf, foot of Taylor street, Portland, and at Astoria.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

mh1d1m

ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE.

Having made arrangements with some Eastern Factories, I have procured the Agency for some of the latest and most improved Styles of Carriages

I am now prepared to offer to the Public as well as the Trade

BABY CARRIAGES

Of all descriptions, at full one third less than ever before. Among the latest and most improved Styles which I have on hand will be found the

Patent Double Spring Extension Body Carriage,

which for its durability and beauty has been awarded its FIRST PRIZE at the Centennial Exposition. Also the

ADJUSTABLE BODY DOUBLE SPRING CARRIAGE.

Both of which are heavy Silver Mounted.

I have in addition to the above a full Assortment of REVERSIBLE and all other Styles PERAMBULATORS.

CROQUET SETS.

BIRD AND BIRD CAGES.

CROCKERY, GLASS AND PLATED WARE.

☞Call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A VERY LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

HENRY ACKERMAN,

94 First and 95 Front Street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. LITTLEFIELD,
Physician and Surgeon
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Office—Rooms Nos. 1 and 3, Strowbridge Building, Corner First and Alder streets.
Residence, corner Seventh and Oak streets.
Office Hours, 9 to 12 A.M., and 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 P.M.

DR. J. P. KINGSLEY,
OCULIST AND AURIST,
Office, Dekum's Block.

Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and NOSE (particularly Chronic Nasal Catarrh) treated as specialties.

Prescriptions for the proper spectacles for relief of long, short or weak vision.

A fine stock of Artificial Eyes kept.

DR. C. C. GLASS,
Office—Parrish's Building,
Corner of Front and Washington sts., entrance on Washington.
Office hours—10½ A.M. to 4 P.M. & 6½ to 7½ P.M.

SALOONS.

A COSY PLACE.

T. J. ROBINSON. J. C. KELLY.

THESE WELL KNOWN GENTLEMEN HAVE opened a saloon

Elegantly Furnished & Finished Room,

on the north side of Morrison street, between First and Second, where they will be pleased to meet all their old friends. fe17d1m

BARBOUR'S THREAD,

Cotton Seine Twine and Rope

SUITABLE FOR SALMON NETS.

PAGE'S OARS,

Anchors, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Tackle Blocks, Cordage,

And all kinds of

Boat Builders' Material,

AT LOWEST RATES.

NORTHRUP & THOMSON,

131 Front st., Portland, Or.

200 Each of 14 & 12 ft. Pigeon Boats,

Best Eastern Oars.

FOR SALE LOW.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., &c.

JOHN R. FOSTEL'S,

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER OF ASH

SIMON, SPRINGER & CO.

41 Front Street,

Dealers in

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

German, French and American

WINDOW GLASS

Crystal Sheet, Enameled, Stained and Cut GLASS. All Sizes of

LOOKING GLASSES.

Glazing done to order, at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

ST. HELEN'S HALL,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A Boarding and Day School

FOR GIRLS,

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF

BISHOP MORRIS & the MISSES DIVINEY.

The EASTER TERM will begin on

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 24TH.

fe19d1m

MATZOS! MATZOS! MATZOS!

To the Israelites of Oregon.

WE HEREWITH GIVE NOTICE THAT WE shall again, as this establishment, be able to furnish you with Matzos for the coming Passover. All orders left with the Oregon Bakery or Isaac Levy will be promptly attended to.

LIEBES & HOE BROS.

ISAAC LEVY, Superintendent. fe4d1m

PONY.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, ON THURSDAY, March 1st, an iron-grey Pony, mare, 3 years old, white star on forehead. Any one returning the same to the undersigned at his residence, on Seventh street, between Hall and College, will be rewarded for his trouble.

m6d2t T. B. MAXWELL.

W. W. PIPER,
ARCHITECT,

Office in Monnastes' Building, First street,
Between Morrison and Yamhill.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COpartnership, under the firm name of Staender & Gumbert and will be pleased to continue the patronage of our old customers, and invite the attention of the public.

ADAM STAENDER,
ISAIAH GUMBERT.

mh7d2w

BRITISH BARQUE "AETHELSTAN."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THIS VESSEL MUST be presented, in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned before 12 o'clock March 8th, or the same will not be allowed.

HENRY HEWETT & CO.

mh7d2t

CAPT. IN'S NOTICE.

BRITISH SHIP "ALUMINA," CAPT. JONES. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned consignees will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

R. C. JANION & CO.

mh7d3t

WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN IN A DRY AND Fancy Goods Store. Address, J. A., Oregonian Office.

WANTED.

A GOOD COOK. A GERMAN GIRL PREFERred. Apply at the southwest corner Fourth and Oak streets.

WANTED.

PARTIES HAVING CUSTOM HOUSE FURNITURE to sell, will find it to their interest to address Lock Box 467, P.O., Portland.

WANTED.

GOOD GARDENER AND FARMER ON BOARD of S. E. Ferry.

GIFTS. 12 ELEGANT OIL CHROMOS, size 9x11, by mail post-paid for $1.00. Send address for illustrated catalogue. F. MUNSON, Jun'r, 124 Post street, San Francisco. d12-sawly

TO LET.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

TURN SHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITH OR without board, with privilege of bath included. Inquire at Farrow, Washington street, No. 2. fe27d1m

TO LET.

FIRST CLASS ROOM TO LET BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR ALE.

Store to Let, AT 166 THIRD STREET, IS second floor over Stores Nos. 105 and 107, consisting of 12 nice rooms (several in suite), each room has marble heads and water. Could provide rooming for the upper story if desired. Inquire of JOHN WILSON, 107 Third street.

FOR SALE.

WOOD, DRY AND SEASONED, FOR SALE. Oak Grubs and prime Manzanita. Apply to FRANCIS DERRY, First street, between Pine and Ankeny. m8d1w

FOR SALE.

4000 BUSHELS OF VERY BEST CHARcoal, which will sell at the lowest market price. The coal will be delivered or sold on the premises. Address or call on P. WOLFF, St. John's or C. M. ROSS, Franklin Market.

P.S.—WOOD FOR SALE delivered anywhere along the river. fe6d1m

FOR SALE.

ONE CUTTS'S ALASKA COD FOUNTAIN, consisting of White Garde standard, with 6 heavy Silver plate Syrup Pumps. One Copper Soda Generator, one two Gallon Copper Tanks, with all the tools and appliances necessary. All in good working order, cost over $300 below cost. Apply to ALISKY & HEGELE, Confectioners, First street, Portland.

FOR SALE.

THE FURNITURE AND GOODWILL OF THE St. Charles Hotel, Albany, Oregon. Reason for selling, poor health. Apply to J. K. MORRISON, Albany, Ogn.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., THE STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Goods, Hay Shed and Stock in Warehouse, at Cowlitz Station, Northern Pacific Railroad, in the County Seat of Lewis county, 160 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very light growth of timber. 120 acres of land 1¼ miles north of Chehalis Station. For particulars and terms enquire of Messrs. GOLDSMITH & CO., Portland, Ogn, or GEO. J. HOGUE, Chehalis, Lewis Co., W. T.

SAMUEL COUNTRYMAN, W. T.

Farms and Stock Runs

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AGENT FOR THE sale or Lease of several valuable FARMS and SHEEP RUNS, situated on San Juan and Orcas Islands. Address

J. D. WARNACK,
San Juan Island, W. T.

jel4d3m

S. L. N. GILMAN. F. K. IRVIN.

GILMAN & IRVIN,

Auctioneers & Commission MERCHANTS,

Corner Front and Oak Streets, Portland, Oregon.

Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

A large assortment of Groceries, Furniture and Merchandise on hand at private sale.

Will attend to sales in any part of the city.

Cash advances made upon Consignments.

Will purchase the Furniture of parties declining housekeeping.

R. C. JANION & CO.

Offer for Sale, ex "Dovenby,"

WORTHINGTON'S PUMPS and COMMON SALT.

CANNEL COAL.

PORTLAND CEMENT and WHITING.

SANDWICH ISLAND SUGARS, MOLASSES, RICE and BARLEY.

1 GAP LATHE, 12 inches in centers and 30 ft. bed.

WHITE GRANITE EARTHENWARE, GLASSWARE and CHINA.

ZINC, TINNED SAUCEPANS & COVERS, FRYPANS, SHEET IRON and CAST STEEL.

WHITE LEAD and WHITE ZINC.

TERRA ALBA, BICARBONATE of SODA, ULTRAMARINE, SODA ASH and CHLORIDE OF LIME.

INDIA PALE ALE, BLOOD WOLFE'S ALE, PORTER and GUINESS PORTER.

HENNESSY and MARTELL BRANDIES, case and bulk.

JULES ROBIN & CO.'S BRANDIES, case and bulk.

GENEVA, in case.

MARASCHINO, ANISETTE, CURACOA, BENEDICTINE, etc.

HEIDSIECK'S CHAMPAGNE.

PORT and SHERRY WINES, in bulk.

LALANDE'S CLARETS, in case.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, in case.

CURRANTS, PICKLES, SALAD OIL and CURRIE POWDER.

HOCKIN & WILSON'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, &c., &c. m1d2w

M. IX & JORGENSEN,

No. 26 North Front Street, Portland, Ogn.

Sole Agents for

CHAS. REBSTOCK & CO.,

St. Louis, Mo.

AMERICA'S FINEST WHISKIES,

Stonewall Old Fashion Copper Whisky.

Nelson Co., Ky.

Snow Hill Pure Corner Bourbon,

Paris, Ky.

Importers of Foreign Wines & Liquors

Depot of Jules Dressel's

SONOMA VINEYARD.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

OSCAR KINGSLEY,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Corner First and Stark streets.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL Merchandise, Furniture, etc.

A general assortment of Merchandise.

REGULAR SALE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

Groceries, Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Pictures, Mirrors, Looking Glasses, Watches and Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Glassware, Etc., Etc.

OSCAR KINGSLEY, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
Reserve and Surplus, Jan. 1st, 1876.....$2,500,000
Total.....$12,500,000
Premium Receipts, 1876.....$1,500,000
Losses Paid in United States 6 years.....$3,000,000

EDWARD RICH, Agent.

OREGON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Fire Insurance.

Capital, - - - - - $100,000
Assets, - - - - - $150,000
Income, 1876, - - - - $100,000
Losses paid since Organization, $300,000

HAMILTON MURRAY, MANAGER.

73 First Street, Portland.

INSURANCE.

Insurance Co. of North America,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Capital and Assets, Jan. 1st, 1876.....$4,000,000
Losses paid since Organization.....$20,000,000

Napkin, (Fabric Co.)

Ancient, Exceed

BRANCH OFFICE,

First National Bank Building.

W. S. CAMPBELL, Agent.

THE NEW

INVESTMENT & AGENCY COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Incorporated 1876.

Cash Capital, - - - - $1,000,000

PACIFIC COAST BOARD OF FIRE UNDERWRITERS.

INSURANCE.

Pacific Fire Insurance Co.

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000
Assets, - - - - - $1,500,000
Income, 1876, - - - - $1,000,000
Losses paid since Organization, $2,000,000

HAMILTON MURRAY, MANAGER.

73 First Street, Portland.

R. J. JANION,

IMPORTER AND

Commission Merchant,

AGENTS FOR THE

OFFICE FOR SALE.

ST. MARNET'S ALE, Imperial Pints.
McEWAN'S " "
LEE, COOPER & CO'S ALE, Pints.
Bass, Wells & Co's ALE, Imperial pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, pints.
RED CAPS OLE, (Byass & Co.)
Monopole, Heidsieck and Brandies, in cases and bulk.
Scotch and Irish Whiskies, in cases and bulk.
DRY PRIVATE COTTAGE CURED Hams and quarts.
The Finest HERRINGS, Imported to this market.
CURLY TOP PEACH TREES.
SAUGHS.
SALAD and COD LIVER OILS.
RICE in 100 lb. bags.
SAGO and TAPIOCA.
CORN CRUSHERS, CHAIN HARROWS.
PIANOS.
PAINTS and VARNISHES.
CHLORIDE OF LIME.
WHEAT & OAT SACKS.
Scouring and Rubbing Flannels.

R. C. JANION & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants,

AGENTS FOR THE

OFFICE FOR SALE.

ST. MARNET'S ALE, Imperial Pints.
McEWAN'S " "
LEE, COOPER & CO'S ALE, Pints.
Bass, Wells & Co's ALE, Imperial pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, pints.
RED CAPS OLE, (Byass & Co.)
Monopole, Heidsieck and Brandies, in cases and bulk.
Scotch and Irish Whiskies, in cases and bulk.
DRY PRIVATE COTTAGE CURED Hams and quarts.
The Finest HERRINGS, Imported to this market.
CURLY TOP PEACH TREES.
SAUGHS.
SALAD and COD LIVER OILS.
RICE in 100 lb. bags.
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CORN CRUSHERS, CHAIN HARROWS.
PIANOS.
PAINTS and VARNISHES.
CHLORIDE OF LIME.
WHEAT & OAT SACKS.
Scouring and Rubbing Flannels.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of SIMON & CO., is this day dissolved.

Portland, Feb. 12, 1877.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a copartnership for the transaction of business on a general Cash, Door, Blind and Sash business at 41 Front street, under the firm name of Springer & Co.

J. SIMON.
JASON HUNT.

Portland, Feb. 12, 1877.

TRADE MARK

CALVERT'S SHIELD BRAND

SHIELD BRAND

After the most useful Hides, Furs, Wool, Feathers, Hair, Pelts, Wax, Tallow, Oils, Gums, Seeds, Roots, Herbs, Bark, Dye Woods, Extracts, Flowers, Fruits, Nuts, Spices, Grains, Vegetables, Provisions, Liquors, Minerals, Ores, Metals, Coal, Salts, Acids, Chemicals, Drugs, Paints, Colors, Dyes, Cotton, Flax, Hemp, Jute, Rags, Paper Stock, Rubber, Gutta Percha, Guano, Fertilizers, Skins, Leather, Furniture, Manufactures, Machinery, Implements, Vehicles, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Notions, Fancy Goods, Toys, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Glassware, Stationery, Books, Engravings, Pictures, Statuary, Musical Instruments, Sporting Goods, Cordage, Canvas, Tents, Awnings, Flags, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Upholstery, Trimmings, Millinery, Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Shawls, Cloaks, Suits, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Furs, Robes, Blankets, Flannels, Yarns, Threads, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, Soaps, Candles, Matches, Fancy Articles, Notions, Sundries, Etc., Etc., Etc

...t for Oregonian.

...AY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1877.

CITY.

...A VALLEY DIFFICULTY.—An ex... says, in speaking of Joseph and his ...raves: "The military authorities ...intention whatever to inaugurate ...with Nez Perce Joe and his band, ...make arrangements that will keep ...As soon as the condition of the ...ermit, two companies of cavalry ...to and occupy the Wallowa val... not yet been determined to com... to go upon the reservation as this ...nder the control of the interior de... Washington. Persuasion will be ...nd if this fails, then force will be ...estimated that Joseph commands ...ghting men, and with his knowl... country, a war could be main... would occasion great trouble and ...xpense, besides loss of life. Relia... says that the Indians are pre... and fifteen of them have been ...Sioux to solicit their co-operation ...whites. The authorities have been ...nd have taken every precaution to ...any outbreaks that may arise."

...BRAWL.—Tuesday night a drunk... curred in a saloon down ...reet, ...e near resulting in serious conse... one of the party concerned in the ...ring the melee a drunken fellow ...rphy fired a pistol, the ball of ...e through the clothes of a French... Chourris. The missile grazed the ...id not inflict any injury. On com... Murphy was arrested for ...a dangerous weapon. Yesterday ...owever, Chourris declined to ap... Murphy, stating that he was in... the time of the row, and that the ...e purely accidental. Murphy was

...REPORT.—From the records of the ...Station of Observation, Portland, ...rch 7, 1877:

	7 A. M	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
...meter	30.120	30.170	30.140
...& clears	30.130	30 140	30 128
...	47°	52°	48°
...dity	85	78	92
...tion	SW.	SW.	S.
...y	8	8	1
...	Cloudy.	Lt. Rain.	Lt. Rain.
...er			54°
...e			44°

...ER.—Mr. T. Withycombe, Jr., of ... county, brought up on the last ...load of blooded Spanish merino ...ewes and one buck. These ...nded from the celebrated stock of ... of Vermont. They were taken ...train yesterday afternoon.

...SALEM.—The remains of the late ...Bear, the unfortunate young man ...and dead in his room at the Occi..., Tuesday afternoon, will be sent ...is morning on the train. The ...take place this morning from the ...B. Strang, in Salem.

...RVICE.—Rev. J. C. Baker, of Oak... ...ia, who has been laboring with ...in revival meetings at Victoria, ...at the Baptist church Thursday ...30 o'clock. A cordial invitation ...to attend.

...DELEGATES.—This evening the ...bers of the Portland Fire De... ...ment at the Police Court room ... A full attendance desired.

...ECTURE.—Dr. Lindsley has ...Port Townsend, and the lecture ...according to appointment, in ...the Presbyterian church.

AMUSEMENTS.

...ELMAN SPEAKS.—The stormy ...ust have the effect to deter a very ...ge of the amusement-loving public ...darkness, wind and rain to be ...occasion of the first appearance ...celebrated Tennessee Jubilee ...Market theater was crowded to ... Among those present were ob... many faces rarely, or never seen ... A fair proportion of the audi... composed of ministers and members ...us churches of Portland, which ...occasion a measure of religious ...refreshing to the regular theater... as pleasant to the managerial ... character of the performance ...evening, fully justified the some... encomiums bestowed by the press ...ale. For some time the public ...have been tickled with a feast— ...strumental—of classical music, ...natured. An exchange of the ...most composers for the simple ...ated melodies of the campmeet... ...tion of the South comes with ...e and freshness. The songs— ...sentimental—while quaint, weird ...critical standpoint, crude, are ...with earnestness, and with such ...the simplest rules of harmony, ...must fail to reach the heart and ...bence a sense of real enjoyment. ...e feeling which pervaded the ...dience last evening, for a more ...ertsted one we have not often ...the female singers of the com... ...Henderson must be accorded ...cellent. This young woman ...oice of remarkable flexibility, ...an almost flute-like sweetness. ...h the most pleasing effect "That's ...ike to Be," "Campmeeting Down ...ness," "Massa's in de Cold, Cold ...d several other selections, in re... ...clarous encores. The little lady ...won a place in the public heart, ...to become an established favor... ...ella Reyno is likewise a pleasant ...her characteristic manner in... ...ence in its way. Mr. Henry ...sses a deep, rich bass voice, ...most pleasantly to the ear. We ...ik to mention in compliment... the singing of Miss Annie ...which in many essential ...scarcely inferior to ...er ...Miss Lola. Although many ...odies were rendered, the real gem ...ng was the quartette, "Come ...ve Lies Dreaming," which won ...encore. Artistically speaking, a ...tion and training is very appa... great charm of the performance ...display of the natural, spontan... of the heart and soul, unwarped ...ale of culture, for which the col... of the South are so noted. We ...ntiously commend the per... by the Jubilee Singers to the ...ge of the public. To attempt ...e music, or analyze its spirit and ...d be an impossible task. To... ...ce again with a change of ...also to-morrow and Saturday ...ternoon performance Saturday ...box office at Gray's music store. ...seats early.

THE BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

...ing is the treasurer's report for ...February, 1877:

...December report		$291 16
...January—		
...ual dues	$ 12 00	
...ubscriptions	43 00	
...dges at The Home	27 00	
...ts	8 00	
...ne, Astoria	10 00	100 00
		$391 16
DISBURSEMENTS.		
...e "The Home"	$ 98 05	
...charities	29 00	$127 05
...easury		$507 31
...1877.		

SOCIAL EVENTS.

...ay evening the marriage of Dr. ...ner to Miss Caroline Liebe was ...d at Prof. Halpruner's dancing ...After the ceremony, congratula... expressed by all present, followed ...which every one took an active ...dancing was interrupted at mid... ...a great many adjourned to Fabre's ...The affair was a pleasant one, ...y couple have the kindest wishes ...ends.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

...Attention to the O. S. N. Co.'s ad... in relation to the time of the sail... ...steamer *Dakota*.

...Stone's for the finest grapes.

BRIEF NOTES.

Blue glass.

Lent—and fish.

Shipping very dull.

County court this morning.

Steamer off Saturday morning.

The grand jury is still in session.

Line prostrated yesterday afternoon.

The social season is winding to a close.

Oregon Bible Society in session last evening.

Mosken Kraensch to-morrow evening at Turn Halle.

The "shinny" mania has broken out among the boys again.

It might be well to state that J. Pluvius is out calling again.

Come to think of it, blue-moulded cheese ought to be healthy.

We are prepared to hear of trees budding now, at any moment.

The weather during the past winter has been grand for the farmers.

River is getting "booming," and quantities of drift-wood passing.

Fifty-three Mondays in 1877. Won't the washerwomen be happy.

John Jack and his company are playing to good houses in Walla Walla.

One week from next Saturday will be St. Patrick's Day in the morning.

Steamer *Ajax* will sail for this port next Saturday with freight and passengers.

If you want to find out what's in a name, put it on the back of a note and see.

The clamor of political strife has died away, and welcome peace once more reigns.

"Shell jewelry is modest."—*Ex.* Right, and it doesn't require so much shelling-out to pay for it.

Mr. Burch, the penitentiary manager, ought to try a blue glass window on the sick convicts.

To walk about the streets last evening would convince one that we want a better system of sewerage.

Mrs. Cazentic and J. B. Guillimette were both arraigned in State circuit court yesterday charged with adultery.

The first bed-bug of the season was captured yesterday while on a prospecting tour He was thin and had an army overcoat on.

Yesterday a youth was seen promenading the streets who stands in his boots *seven feet and one inch.* That young fellow seems eminently qualified by nature to "cut down bacon from the loft."

"Ball dresses are made low-necked, U-necked, V-necked, or heart shaped, or square in the neck, according to fancy."—*Ex.* In the matter of ball dresses we a ways thought they were neckat to nothing.

If we have been correctly informed the conviction of Mrs. Mary Vigilius and J. H. McIntosh is the first instance in the judicial history of Oregon where parties guilty of the crime of adultery have been punished.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

WEDNESDAY, March 7, 1877.

In re the Oregon Iron Works, bankrupt; petition of assignee for an order that mortgagee show cause why assignee should not sell mortgaged property free from liens and incumbrances, and answer thereto argued and submitted.

In re the Oregon Iron Works, bankrupt; petition of Elijah Corbett for an order for leave to foreclose mortgage and answer thereto argued and submitted.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

State of Oregon vs Wm. Varcen; defendant arraigned, and E. Mendenhall appointed to defend; defendant allowed till to-morrow morning to plead to the indictment.

State of Oregon vs Jean B. Guillimette and Virginia Cazentic—adultery; defendants arraigned, and L. B. Stearns appointed counsel for Virginia Cazentic; defendants allowed until to-morrow morning to plead.

A. Zetterman vs A. Legrand; tried and submitted.

Wm. Barr vs C. S. Silver and J. H. Mitchell; cause on trial.

COUNTY COURT—WOODWARD, J.—WOODWARD AND KELLY, COMMISSIONERS.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the estate of Adolph Jorand, deceased; set for hearing on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of May, 1877.

In the matter of the estate of Angeline Kennard, deceased; order confirming sale of real estate.

In the matter of the estate of E. H. Garling, deceased; order appointing C. F. Hoffman, J. P. Cline and C. Schloth appraisers of said estate.

In the matter of the estate of Mahala Bonser, deceased; order setting case for hearing objections to final account of administrator on Saturday the 9th of April, at 10 o'clock A. M.

In the matter of the petition of W. A. Scoggins and G. J. Watts for a change of a portion of the "River Road"; J. Kelser, Jeremiah Priston and A. Byers appointed viewers of said road, to meet at the residence of W. A. Scoggins on — day of March at — o'clock.

In the matter of the petition of J. N. Mitchell for a change of road; report of viewers read for the first time.

LAW.

Joseph Sedlack vs Podang; parties appeared in person by their attorneys; by consent in open court, parties waived the right to a trial by jury; case continued until Thursday at 10 o'clock A. M.

Order for $22 additional to A. Flowers for work as janitor at court house.

Report of the county treasurer for month of February submitted and approved.

Court adjourned until Thursday, the 8th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

The following cases were disposed of yesterday in the police court: J. D. Jones, drunk, fined $20; —. Bradway, same, fined $5; W. Wilson, same, fined $10; W. Gammet, same, fined $5; F. Williams, similar offense, fined $5; C. Brown, same offense, fined $10.

J. K. Gill & Co. have a large shipment of *New Books*, Stationery and Novelties on the incoming steamer—direct from New York.

Hayes has been inaugurated and business will brighten up. Try a lunch at Barnes'.

Hickory nuts direct from Quincy, Illinois, to be had at S. L. Stone's.

The neatest thing out for a schoolboy is "Smith's Scholar's Companion;" price 35 cents. J. K. Gill & Co. sold a gross of them during Christmas week, and have just received another large lot of them.

To be beautiful, graceful, healthful and comfortable, wear Dr. Warner's corset. Third street near Morrison.

For ladies' corsets at low prices go to the Emporium of Fashion.

Worsted reduced to fifteen cents per ounce at Mrs. Charles Tichenor's.

For good kid gauntlets at $1 a pair, go to the Emporium of Fashion.

All depends on Oregon and the lunches served by Barnes at Central Market.

Masquerade costumes for rent cheap, and all kinds of masks, at Mrs. Charles Tichenor's.

Masquerade suits and trimmings, at J. Harris & Son's.

Afternoon school at Progress Hall for children. All those holding card of invitation to the Siorces will be admitted. Good music.

Fabre can't sing, but he can get up a capital meal at any time.

N. W. according to Bardwell Slote, would mean no water. It likewise applies to Noble Whisky, the drink of the gods, who are supplied by Millard & VanSchuyver, 39 Front st., Portland.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. Number of English papers on file, including the London *Daily Shipping and Mercantile Gazette.*

The ladies who wear Dr. Warner's health corset step along as lightly as gazelles and enjoy perfect freedom in every movement. Third street near Morrison.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

COMMON COUNCIL.

REGULAR MEETING, FEB. 21, 1877.

A regular meeting of the common council was held at the Council Chamber last evening at 7 o'clock.

Present—Councilmen Andrus, Blumauer, Corbett, Harrington, Lambert, Skidmore, Stemme, Stephens and Wiley.

W. S. Caldwell, auditor and clerk, and J. H. Lappeus, chief of police, in attendance.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

REPORTS.

The committee on ways and means reported back an ordinance for the relief of John McKenna with a recommendation that the same be indefinitely postponed which was on motion adopted.

The committee on fire and water reported adversely on the petition of Jacob Kamm for permission to repair his building on Washington street; report adopted.

The city surveyor submitted a report in the matter of the extension of Clay street, which was read and referred to the committee on streets and public property.

The city attorney submitted a report relative to certain suits to which the city was a party; report filed.

CLAIMS.

The following claims were ordered paid by warrants on the treasury: Schwab & Anderson, $30; James A. Smith, $61 20; Charles Lawrence, $6; Police Commissioners, $39; Gas Light Co., $32 05; J. H. Lappeus, $116 50; D. W. Taylor, $150; W. T. Besser, $38 25; H. D. Gradon, $41 25; D. Halpruner, $63 05; W. H. Butts, $280 42; B. Latham, $19 80; A. G. Walling, $12; Willamet Iron Works, $7.

ORDINANCES.

An ordinance authorizing an agreement with J. G. Fairfoul & Son for the removal of stone from the city park was taken from the table and referred to the committee on streets.

An ordinance from the committee on ways and means, authorizing a temporary loan, was read three times and passed.

An ordinance, from the same committee, authorizing a contract for the city printing, was read first and second times.

An ordinance from the committee on streets and public property, providing for the improvement of E street, from Tenth to Seventeenth, was read three times and passed.

An ordinance, from the same committee, providing for the improvement of Third street, from Yamhill to Taylor, by macadamizing, was read three times and passed.

An ordinance, from the same committee, providing for the fencing of Park blocks 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, was read three times and passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolution, from the committee on streets and public property, was adopted.

Resolved, That notice be given that the common council propose to improve North Thirteenth street from G to Q street by grading and laying side and crosswalks on the west side thereof.

A communication was received from Geo. Burton calling the attention of the council to the offensive smell caused by the depositing of offal on B street, and asking that the nuisance be abated; referred to the committee on streets and public property.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

The following authorizations to expend public money were adopted:

Authorizing the expenditure of $25 for a new floor in rear room of Engine Co. No. 3's house. Also $3 50 for lanterns for Engine Co. No. 4. Adjourned.

It having recently been denied that Admiral Farragut lashed himself to the mast of his ship in the fight in Mobile Bay, Mr. Wm. Page, the artist who painted the famous picture giving the late Admiral that historic attitude, writes to the New York *Tribune* stating that he had the authority of the Admiral himself for the authenticity of the incident, which ought to put the question at rest. Mr. Page says:

In his first "pose" for me, at the house of the commander of the Navy Yard at Brooklyn, the Admiral himself arranged some boxes so as to keep his feet in the right position, and held on to a stick placed at the proper angle to represent the futtock shroud, and took the exact position required for the situation. At another time he placed a rope around him and tied the knot for a model. This rope I kept till I removed my studio from Englewood, about ten years since, when it was lost.

The Navy Yard people promised me a model of the rigging, which I needed, but delay ensuing, I made the model myself from exact measurements of the ship at the Navy Yard; and when the picture was done, and the Admiral brought his wife to see it, I think he was more disposed to flatter the lay lunan who had made the model of the flagship *Hartford* than the artist who had made the picture of it, though he was kind enough to say, after various observations, that it seemed to him "to be about the thing."

A curious murder trial has just been brought to a conclusion at Hudson, N. Y. The evidence showed that the killing was done by a man named Kiere, yet his wife, who was standing by when the shot was fired, swore that she was guilty and her husband innocent; he corroborated her testimony. The jury swept away their perjury, and, crediting the more material statements of bystanders, sentenced the man to imprisonment for life, and acquitted the woman. In sentencing Kiere, the judge said: "Your wife, who was indicted with you, has, by her conduct and her evidence, exhibited an amount of affection for you which has been the wonder, as it has excited the admiration, of this whole community. That she should be willing to sacrifice herself either from her own volition or at your suggestion and entreaty, to spare your life, to save you from incarceration in a felon's cell, by taking upon herself the whole responsibility of this crime and exonerating you from all participation therein, furnishes an evidence of womanly heroism and devotion seldom if ever witnessed before. As we contemplate it we can almost forgive her for deliberately swearing to an untruth in order to carry out this object and purpose. The story was too unreasonable and improbable to be credited by honest and intelligent men."

This is the way the Cincinnati *Gazette* replied to the cry of partisanship against the electoral commission after the Florida decision:

"If some one or more of the seven Democrats who have hitherto voted with stubborn unanimity will only be reasonable and step across the party line to the majority, the non-partisanship of the Tribunal will be demonstrated. The judicial faculty of Thurman or Bayard or the three Representatives may not be adequately developed for such a heroic adventure; but may we not cherish the hope that Justices Clifford and Field will yet trample on their party prejudices and take their stand beside the other justices with the stern determination that the legal decision of the States, as certified by the lawful State officers, shall not be defeated by violence or fraud, that the right of the States shall be preserved and their voice in the election respected, as it has been respected in every previous election since the foundation of the Government?"

The Medical Institute of Dr. W. L. Adams, corner of First and Salmon streets, will be removed to Hood river in a few months. Till then chronic diseases of men and women will be treated in Portland as usual. An accomplished lady assistant to give baths to ladies and assist in their treatment always in the office.

Dr. Halpruner's RHEUMATIC LINIMENT is a sure cure for RHEUMATISM, SORE THROAT, ACHES, PAINS, CHILBLAINS, etc. It can be had at the Doctor's office until he has it ready for the market. The Doctor will send a bottle by express, or a box of his Salve by postoffice. Price, 50 cents each, expressage extra.

Portland Steam Scouring Mills Scour and renap Blankets; scour and repick Mattresses; scour Ply and Ingrain Carpets; Brussels Carpets threshed, cleansed and spots removed. Leave orders at Weeks & Morgan's and Powers' Furniture Store.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

98 FIRST STREET.

THE TERRITORIES.

Seattle had an illuminator in honor of the election of Hayes and Wheeler.

A good many men will start from the Sound for the Cassair mines, when the smallpox at Wrangel abates.

Mount Baker Lodge, No 9, of Odd Fellows, was organized at Port Townsend February 20. The lodge starts off with twelve members.

A light draught steamer is soon to commence running regularly on the Chehalis river from Gray's Harbor up to the mouth of Black river.

The Indian Heo, who killed the half-breed Peel, near Bosbert, last month, was caught in the Puyallup valley on Monday last by Sheriff Storey of Chehalis county, and lodged in the jail in Olympia.

A petition from the citizens of Washington Territory for the improvement of the Skagit river was presented by Delegate Jacobs at Washington on the 24th ult., and referred to the committee on finance.

An Olympia paper says: "Ed. Sikes, reported killed at the Ash abula accident, is now stopping at the Pacific Hotel. The report of his death is not so, and he considers himself entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, under the constitution yet."

The third number of the North Pacific *Rural* is out from the press. It is filled with information to those designing to immigrate to the Territory about how to come and what to expect when they reach here; with articles of value to the farmers and gardners, and with several good papers pertaining to the educational interests of the Territory.

The Cassiar season is now opening lively. Miners are now leaving Victoria by the shiploads, and if present indications are any criterion, the season promises to be one of increased activity. The *Maude*, Capt. Morrison left Victoria recently, with 58 steerage and 24 cabin passengers; the steamer *California*, left with about 60, all told, and the *Grappler* with about 40.

PANIC IN DAMASCUS.

The *Politische Correspondenz* contains a remarkable narrative of the state of feeling in Damascus, which, but for the energy of the Turkish governor threatened to end in a massacre of the Christians of that city. The writer, dating from Damascus on the 9th of January, says:

In the Mahometan circles of this city there are at present strange ongoings. The excitement and frenzy are indescribable. Everybody is crying out to be sent to the seat of war. This humor is due solely and entirely to the Turkish officials, who artfully feed the fanaticism of the masses with the idea that Islam is threatened by the Christians, in order that the government may obtain from the Mahometan population those heavy sacrifices which the ceaseless calls upon them and constant recruitings that are going on demand. This appeal to fanatical passions has had the most perfect success. All who are fit to bear arms offer themselves for service. Every day we see, in front of the Government House, great processions with music and flags at their head, demanding arms and crying out to be led to war for their country and their faith. The governor general, Nachid Pasha, and the commandant of the army corps of Syria, Izzet Pasha, have to take reckoning of these streams of warlike people, and to cause enrollment lists for the national militia to be made. One day no fewer than forty-nine ulemas, upward of two hundred government officials, and a still greater number of the inhabitants of this city, were enrolled.

The excitement has reached such dimensions that for some days all the Mahometans of the city have forsaken their occupations in order to devote themselves exclusively to military service. The great evil of this is that these improvised soldiers retain the weapons which are given to them, which for the Christians of the town is a cause of great anxiety, remembering as they do the year 1860. This general arming in connection with the great fanaticism on behalf of the Mahometans of other parts of the empire, for which the Mahometans of the quarter are quite distinguished, may lead to serious consequences for the Christian element of the population. The impulse given by the officials may lead to awkward results, and they may have yet some day to regret it. During the past week our fears were almost realized. Dark rumors were circulating through the whole town; the Mahometan mob spoke loudly of an impending massacre of the Christians; the latter were insulted everywhere in the streets; in a word, the panic was general. The Christians took refuge in their own quarter, and did not venture to go out. Then the orthodox patriarch of Antioch, who is resident here, plucked up courage, and, along with the other spiritual heads, took energetic steps with the military and civil authorities of the vilayet.

This intervention came in the nick of time, and had a good result. Nachid Pasha immediately forbade the nightly meetings in the cafes, and communicated instructions to the moukhtars among those of the various quarters to remove, by their advice and admonitions, the ill-feeling of the Mahometans against the Christians. At the same time some of the worst spoken of characters who had fomented the disorders were arrested. Izzet Pasha on his side, strengthened the military watch in the Christian part of the city, caused patrols to go up and down the streets night and day, and used his personal influence partly in order to restore the confidence of the Christians and partly to disperse the Mahometan crowds. These energetic measures were successful, although the danger is not yet passed. During the days of the panic not a single traveler from Beyrout came hither, and unfortunately telegraphic communication was interrupted by a snow storm in Lebanon, so that the Beyrout people were in the greatest perplexity about the fate of the Christians here, and the most dreadful rumors prevailed among them.

Happily, however, as we have already remarked, the state of things is now better. Nevertheless, the Greek patriarch and many Christian families of Damascus have left and settled provisionally in Beyrout. The dispatch of troops from here to Constantinople still continues, and up to the end of 1876 Syria had sent 30,000 Nizams and Redifs to Constantinople. Hoio Pasha has just been sent to the Bedouin races of the deserts of Muzerib and Palmyra to arrange with the sheiks for a greater contingent of cavalry. In fact, the latter have already promised 5,000 troopers, which, looking to the splendid equestrian qualities of these nomad tribes, is a considerable gain.

CHAS. E. BRAY,
Professor of Music,
Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.

Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple)

OMNES PASSIM.
WM. SPENDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

Renovation, not Prostration.

Did any enfeebled human being ever become strong under the operation of powerful cathartics or salivants? It is sometimes necessary to regulate the bowels, but that can not be done by active purgation, which exhausts the vital forces and serves no good purpose whatever. The only true way to promote health and vigor, which are essential to regularity of the organic functions, is to invigorate, discipline and purify the system at the same time. The extraordinary efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in cases of debility or irregularity of the organs of digestion, assimilation, secretion and discharge, is universally admitted. Appetite, good digestion, a regular habit of body, active circulation of the blood, and purity of all the animal fluids are induced by this superb tonic and corrective. It has no equals, moreover, as a preventive of chills and fever, and other types of malarial disease. To emigrants and travelers it is particularly serviceable as a medical safeguard.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians or sold by druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior value as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everybody that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

THE POSITION OF THE COLORED CITIZENS.

PORTLAND Oregon, March 7, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In view of the fact that the colored citizens who sustained President Hayes in the late Presidential campaign, were stigmatized at the ratification meeting last Monday night as "niggers and darkies" by O. P. Mason and Dr. Sloan, because they refused to accept the bribe of $100,000 in Louisiana to betray their party, and opprobrious epithets instead of credit were applied to them for their unswerving fealty to the Republican party, I was requested to favor the publication of the appended resolutions of the colored voters of Oakland, Cal., as expressing the sentiments of the colored voters on the Pacific coast in future.

A COLORED VOTER.

Following are the resolutions referred to:

WHEREAS, We the colored voters of Oakland, have always felt it to be our unbounded duty to vote the straight Republican ticket, and uphold its true principles; and

WHEREAS, We have done this at every election since we have been in the possession of this sacred right, without complaint, notwithstanding many of us have asked for employment, such as cleaning streets, sweeping houses and other small positions which we could fill with perfect satisfaction to the public good, and almost in every instance we have been turned away or stubbornly refused.

Resolved, That we will not hold ourselves bound at the approaching municipal election to vote for any particular party.

Resolved, That we will vote for the best men, those who will use their best endeavor for the whole people.

Resolved, That it is the duty of all good citizens to cast their votes for honest, enterprising and liberal minded men regardless of party distinction.

LYON'S KATHAIRON makes beautiful, glossy luxuriant hair, prevents its falling out or turning gray. It has stood the test of 40 years. Is charmingly perfumed, and has no rival.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S RESTAURANT.
The Best on the Pacific Coast.
FIRST STREET, NEAR STARK.
Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Chateau Versailles.

FROM MONDAY, THE 26TH OF THIS MONTH I am prepared to serve Boarders by the MONTH, WEEK OR DAY.

Hoping to have successful patronage to increase me to provide the best the market affords, and my best ability to satisfy my customers, I am, Ladies and Gentlemen, your obed't Caterer,

FRANK FABRE,
Second street, bet Morrison and Yamhill
Private Rooms for Families, Ladies and Gentlemen.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
Cor. Front and Morrison Sts.,
GEORGE COGGAN, ... PROPRIETOR.

I have taken charge of the RESTAURANT connected with this popular Hotel, and it will hereafter be conducted in connection with the House. The DINING ROOM, located on the ground floor, is under the supervision of an experienced CATERER. The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords.

The ST. CHARLES being the only first class fire proof hotel in the city. SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS will be given to guests and rooms furnished single or in suits at prices ranging from $1 to $2.50 per day with board. FREE COACH runs between the Hotel and all trains and boats.

NORTON HOUSE,
Cor. C & First Sts., Portland.
This House is a Fire-Proof Brick, Newly Furnished with the best Spring Beds.

RATES OF BOARD:
Board and Lodging, per week...$5 to $ 6 00
Per day.....$1 00
Single Meals.....25c Lodging...25c to 50c
Free Coach to and from the House.
P. NORTON, Proprietor.
Formerly of the Portland Hotel.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors.

Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home, and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.
S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH.
Proprietors.

REMOVED
To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,
WILBRON & VAUTIER'S
PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the house promptly attended to.

METROPOLIS HOTEL,
Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week.....$5 00
Board per week.....4 50
Board and Lodging, per day.....1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

PALACE HOTEL,
SAN FRANCISCO.
GRADUATED PRICES.
Rooms with Board $3 per Day
Rooms with Board $4 per Day
Rooms without Board $1 per Day
And Upwards.
Warren Leland, - Lessee.
fe9d2tjm

OREGON STATE FAIR, 1877.
COMMENCING OCT. 8th.
Post Stakes for Running and Trotting.

CENTENNIAL POST STAKES,
For 2-Year Olds.

Premium of $500 for 2-year olds, bred in Oregon or Washington Territory, running dash of one mile. Entrance $25, half forfeit. Entrance to be added to the purse. To close, and name the colt, with sire and dam, May 1, 1877.

1st premium.....$400 00
2d premium, ⅓ of balance.
3d premium, remainder of stake.

Premiums given on following conditions and graded accordingly:

If 5 start.....$500 00
If 4 start.....400 00
If 3 start.....300 00
If 2 start.....200 00
If 1 start.....100 00

In the Post Stakes, for running and trotting, all starters shall be bona fide, and have been in training

CENTENNIAL POST STAKE,
For 3-Year Olds.

Premium of $500 for 3-year old dash mile heats, trotting, 3 in 5, for horses, mares or geldings, bred in Oregon or Washington Territory. Entrance $25; half forfeit. Entrance money added to the purse. Entries to close, and name the colt, with sire and dam, May 1, 1877.

1st premium.....$400 00
2d premium, ⅓ of balance.
3d premium, remainder of stake.

Same conditions as running Post Stake.

Entries received by the undersigned at Salem. For the information of many who will desire to know, I will state that the 2 year old Post Stake in 1876 for running, was won in 1:53½, and the premium for 3-year olds, trotting, in 2:56¼.

E. M. WAITE,
fe27d2tw2t Secretary State Agricultural Society.

ELOCUTION.

LESSONS IN ELOCUTION GIVEN BY THE undersigned at her residence, Eighth street, east side, between D and E.

Pupils taught in Classes if desired.

MRS. D. F. SMITH.
Portland, Feb. 13, 1877. feb13lm

GEO. A. RAYMOND. WM. M. WILSHIRE,
Late with Hall's Safe and Lock Co.

MACNEALE & TWEDALE'S SAFES

With Patent Inside Bolt Work & Hinged Cap—without which no Safe is complete.

Bank Vault Doors, Burglar Proof Safes, for County Treasurers, Locks, &c., &c.

We DO NOT claim to make CHEAP Safes, but we DO claim to make the BEST, and we do claim that even our FIRE-PROOF SAFES cannot be burglarized in five minutes' time—and moreover we do claim our ability to demonstrate these facts conclusively.

We make a SAFE especially adapted to the use of STEAMBOATS without any fire proof lining, thus giving much more inside room. Safe has either COMBINATION or KEY LOCK. The attention of STEAMBOAT MEN is called to this SAFE.

"We have on hand a number of Hall's Safes (new) direct from factory of HALL'S SAFE & LOCK CO., that we will sell at a liberal discount from their prices.

OLD SAFES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AND FOR SALE.

AGENTS FOR THE YALE TIME LOCK.

For prices, testimonials, &c., write to

RAYMOND & WILSHIRE,
105 and 107 California street, San Francisco.

FAIRBANKS' SCALE CO., of Buffalo, N. Y.

Platform, Counter, Grain, Stock and Hay Scales.

Have Patent COMBINATION BEAM, the latest and best thing out—superior with the use of weights entirely—and has only to be seen to be appreciated.

TUCKER'S MONEY ALARM TILLS.

For prices, circulars, &c., address

RAYMOND & WILSHIRE,
105 and 107 California street, San Francisco.
Or, KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Portland, Oregon.

A. L. FRANCIS,
AGENT FOR
THE WORLD-RENOWNED "WEBER"
And other Pianos and Organs.
Address P. O. Box 235.

1877. 1877.
OREGON CARPET WAREROOMS,
WALTER BROTHERS,
NEW GOODS
Would invite attention to their Large and Complete Stock of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Paper Hangings, Upholstery Goods
Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Window Shades, &c.,
WHICH THEY OFFER AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
82 and 84 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

SMITH BROS' IRON & BRASS WORKS
Cor. Front Street, between Harrison and Ball,
A Fireproof Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Iron Works Company.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and Canning Machinery. Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings and Pattern Making.
MACHINE WORK of all kinds made to order on short notice.

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1865.
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND FOOT STREET.
P. FITTGOEN, Secretary.....R. R. THOMPSON, President.....PETER TAYLOR, Vice President.
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists And Engine Builders,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Quartz Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
Agents for the Celebrated MOORE & PARKER WATER WHEEL, cheaper than any other wheel.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and entrusted with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco, to choose from.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ames Patent Pre ventative for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fences; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc. House Castings, Etc., Etc.
all tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

P. GOLDSMITH, Nos. 247 and 249 Water street, New York. J. LOEWENBERG, Portland.
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,
81 and 81 Front Street, S. E. Cor. Mech.
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, RANGES AND METALS,
Tinsmith's & Plumber's Goods, Lead & Iron Pipe
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
HYDRAULIC RAMS IRRIGATORS, &c.
House Furnishing Hardware,
BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS,
Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers,
And the Excelsior Estella Refrigerator.

C. W. SHAVER,
Salem, Oregon,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes, Shoe Findings, Harness,
SKIRTING, BELTING and LACE LEATHER,
French and American Calf Skins, Upper and Sole Leather, Morocco, Linings, Etc.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES AND FURS.

**WAKELE

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1877.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

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One Year, by mail	$10 00	One Year, by mail	$3 00
Per month "	1 00	Six Months	2 00
By carrier, per week	25c	Three "	1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Renewals should be made at least two weeks before expiration of subscription.

Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

THE UNLUCKY LOVERS.

A TALE OF JAPAN.

Fanny Foo-Foo was a Japanese girl,
A child of the great Tycoon;
She wore her head bald, and her clothes were made
Half petticoat, half pantaloon;
Her face was the color of lemon peel
And the shape of a table-spoon.

A handsome young chap was Johnny Hi Hi,
And he wore paper muslin clothes;
His glossy black hair on the top of his head
In the form of shoe-brush rose;
His eyes slanted downward, as if some one
Had savagely pulled his nose.

Fanny Foo Foo loved Johnny Hi-Hi,
And when, in the usual style,
He popped, she blushed such a deep orange tinge,
You'd have thought she had too much bile,
If it hadn't been for her slant-eyed glance
And her charming, wide mouthed smile.

And oft in the bliss of their new-born love,
Did these little pagans stray
All around in spots, enjoying themselves
In a strictly Japanese way,
She howling a song on a one stringed lute,
On which she thought she could play.

Often he'd climb to a high ladder's top,
And quietly there repose,
As he stood on his head and fanned himself,
While she balanced him on her nose;
Or else she would get in a pickle tub
And be kicked around on his toes.

The course of true love, even in Japan,
Often runs extremely rough;
And the fierce tycoon, when he heard of this,
Used Japanese oaths so rough
That his courtiers' hair would have stood on end
If only they'd had enough.

So the tycoon buckled on both his swords,
In his pistol he placed a wad,
And went out to hunt the truant pair,
With his nerves braced by a tod;
He found them enjoying their guileless selves
On top of a lightning rod.

Sternly he ordered the gentle Foo-Foo
To "Come down out of that there!"
And he told Hi-Hi to go to a place—
I won't say exactly where;
Then he dragged off his child, whose spasms evinced
Unusually wild despair,

But the tycoon, as I was badly fooled,
Despite his paternal pains;
For John, with a toothpick, let all the blood
Out of his jugular veins;
While, with a back somersault on the floor,
Foo Foo battered out her brains.

They buried them both in the tycoon's lot,
Right under a cogwood tree,
Where they could listen to the nightingale and
The hum of the bumble bee,
And where the mosquito's mournful chant
Maddens the restless flea.

And often at night, when the tycoon's wife
Slumbered as sound as a post,
His almond shaped eye balls looked on a sight
That scared him to death almost;
'Twas a bald headed specter flirting about
With a paper muslin ghost.

GEN. MIGUEL BLANCO.

A telegram from Brownsville to the Galveston (Texas) *News*, dated Feb. 13th, says: "The Mexican General, Miguel Blanco, who was lately assumed command on this frontier, is a native of Coahuila, and a lawyer. He was a member of the Mexican Supreme Court of Justice, and of the Mexican Congress. In 1855 he entered the military service as a colonel, and fought against the despotic rule of Santa Anna two years afterward. He was again in Congress, and was again in arms against President Comonfort, and was second in command of the constitutional army. After the conclusion of this war he was governor of the Federal District of Mexico, and occupied other high positions. At the beginning of the war of intervention he was minister of war. After the fall of Puebla he resigned, and accepted command of a division of the army. This he resigned to avoid some unpleasant complications. He established a flourishing colony in Tamaulipas—was offered a military command under the Empire and refused. He offered his services to Juarez in Chihuahua; was in the battle of San Jacinto and the siege of Queretaro. At the close of the war he returned to private life, only taking part in politics in the Fourth Congress, acting with the opposition. He was afterward fourth magistrate of the Supreme Court, and was prevailed upon to accept command of the line of the Bravo. He is spoken of as a candidate for the Supreme Bench and for Governor of Coahuila. This is the kind of man Diaz has sent here to supersede the tyrant and robber, Revueltas. Blanco and Cortina had a friendly interview yesterday. The people of Matamoras are lively and hopeful of peace and a resumption of business. A great many families have returned to their homes. Some of the officers of Revueltas are said not to relish the change of commanders; it may be because they know he will rule according to law and will allow of no illegal exactions. The people are highly pleased at the change. It is not known where Gen. Cortina will be sent; it is said he will not command Matamoros."

A DESCRIPTION OF THE TELEPHONE.

[From the Salem (Mass.) Observer, Feb. 17.]

It appears that Salem people have been specially concerned in the pursuit of this investigation. The fact that electricity in passing through a magnetic helix, or coil of wire, is productive of sound, was first discovered by Professor Charles G. Page, of this place, as long ago as 1837. His observations were published, and, as he was a man of large attainments, his experiments attracted attention at home and abroad. Other scientists became interested in the same line of investigation, among them the late Colonel Francis Peabody, of Salem. The fact, therefore, that sound could be conveyed electrically to considerable distances has been known for some time, and the nature of the experiments therewith was shown on Monday morning in various ways, notably by the transmission from Boston to Lyceum Hall of a telegraphic message, which announced itself, not by the usual dots and lines of telegraphy, but by sounds of different lengths. This was a very interesting experiment.

But it remained for Professor Bell to discover that articulate sounds can be conveyed by the electrical current. This he has done during his residence in Salem. Professor Bell is a Scotchman by birth, and is engaged in the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in Boston, where he employs the ingenious system of "visible speech," of which he is the inventor. Associated with him in his telephonic experiments is Mr. Thomas A. Watson, of Salem, to whom he expressed his obligations for valuable assistance.

The apparatus by which this astonishing result is secured is wonderfully simple. Only a telegraph wire, a horseshoe magnet, two helices and a vibrating disc at each end. The audience can see a mahogany box on the table of the appearance of an ordinary photographer's camera. The tube in the end is used in this case to speak into and hear out of. Within the box is a horseshoe magnet. Opposite each arm of the magnet is a helix of the usual construction. One end of the wire among the helices is connected with the ground and the other with Boston or the place in operating connection. Set up against the helices, within a sixteenth of an inch, is a sheet of thin polished iron, upon which the voice of the operator impinges when speaking. The magnet induces an electrical current in the telegraph wire. The vibrating disc imparts pulsations to the electrical current corresponding to the sounds, which are conveyed to Boston and reproduce themselves upon the vibrating disc there with exactness of tone and articulation. The little four inches of iron utters the whole gamut of the human voice. This is indeed wonderful—the greatest achievement of modern science.

"I don't believe in fashionable churches," said a lady, recently; "but after all, considering that we all go to the same Heaven, perhaps it's better to keep up the social distinction as long as we can."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 7, 1877.

Gold in New York, 105.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 95; selling 96.

Silver Coin—buying, 93½; selling, 94½.

Coin and Currency Exchange on New York ¾ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½@¾ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco ½ per ct. premium.

Gold Bars 800 per.

Philadelphia Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—Wool in good demand; supply light. Washed, 20@28c; unwashed, 16@25c; extra merino, pulled, 36@42c; No. 1 and super pulled, 30@36c. Texas, fine and medium, 20@28c; coarse, 16@20c California, fine and medium, 25@33c; coarse, 18@22c.

New York Wool Market.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The wool circular reports that the month of February was characterized by a moderate demand for desirable parcels of fine grades. At first, dealers were disposed to advance prices, but the market not sustaining the attempts, all wools sold freely at quotations. At present, prices are seemingly lower, but when the condition of offerings is considered, they are really found to be unchanged, and all grades meet with more inquiry. Good parcels are scarce and firmly held. Coarse grades have been moved only at forced sales. For fine grades of combing and delaine wools a strong demand exists, and where quality is satisfactory, buyers are liberal in their selections, but coarse grades do not move except at low figures. Stocks of clothing fleeces are very light, but it begins to interest dealers that there should be no excitement here to influence the aspect of the San Francisco market. No changes in prices are looked for.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, March 7.—Wool, demand fair, prices steady, with tendency in favor of buyers, particularly for fall California. Medium and X Ohio 41@45c; XX 46c@49c; choice XX and XXX 48@50c; New York, Michigan and Wisconsin 38@40c; combing and delaine 45@55c; pulled in fair demand, 12@14.

EXPORTS.

Per steamship Ajax, which sailed hence for San Francisco, February 17th: 4,139 sks oats, 1,262 bxs apples, 6 cs bacon, 2,251 hf-sks, 4,339 qr sks flour, 6 rolls leather, 25 hf-bbls oysters, 1 bbl. 12 kits, 100 cs salmon, 437 sks wheat, 50 bxs peas, 1,494 bdls hoops, 18 cs boots and shoes, 117 bxs eggs, 1 cs buckskin, 2 trunks, 21 bbls, 75 hf-bbls heading, 11 bxs plums, 375 bbls staves, 12 pkgs tallow, 2 bdls furs, 2 chests tools, 3 sks wool, 21 bdls skins, 192 hides, 117 sacks potatoes, 25 cs cider, 116 bxs fruit, 9 pkgs hardware, 5 kgs butter, 3 coops fowl, 1 sk tails, 2 cs machines, 2 bdls trees, 2 bdls deer skins, 28 pkgs express, 26 cs mdse.

Per steamship George W. Elder, which sailed hence for San Francisco Feb. 24th: 1860 bxs apples, 2 do dried fruit, 1 do books, 59 do pears, 21 do ordnance stores, 11,903 hf sks and 5378 qr sks flour, 3099 sks oats, 233 do potatoes, 3 do seed, 60 do flax seed, 16 cs tallow, 327 hides, 8 rolls leather, 12 bdls calfskins, 26 do sheep do, 494 do staves, 3 do skins, 25 hf bbls lard, 28 bales hay, 40 do meal, 28 bbls pork, 42 do heading, 1 cs hams, 46 cs bacon, 148 cs eggs, 3 cs hardware, 1 cs furs, 1 cs cigars, 2 cs machines, 1 pkg hams, 15 pkgs H H goods, 26 do cider, 20 cs oysters, 1 steam pump, 2 cs fish nets, 17 cs mdse.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1955.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING CERTAIN APPROpriations out of the Fire Department fund.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ord nances No. 1434, or in such other manner as the Common Council may by Ordinance direct:

For repairs to hydrants, seventy five dollars.

For repairs to cisterns and cistern tops, five hundred dollars.

For the construction of cistern and connecting cisterns with water mains, sixteen hundred dollars.

For the payment of the construction of cisterns contracted for prior to the 1st day of January, 1877, sixteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to fire apparatus, furnishing supplies and the incidental expenses of the Fire Department, thirteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to engine houses and other buildings used for fire department purposes, seven hundred dollars.

For payment of hose contracted for and delivered during the year 1876, three thousand dollars.

For repairs, supplies, and incidental expenses connected with the fire alarm telegraph, five hundred dollars.

For procuring and putting in said fire alarm box, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 21, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Feb. 23, 1877. J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

fe24d5t

Shade Trees.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, until 12 o'clock M., Wednesday, March 7, 1877, for furnishing and setting out Shade Trees on the Park Blocks lying between Salmon and Hall streets and on the streets adjacent thereto.

Bids must state the price per tree for furnishing and setting out trees of the following kinds: White Elm, Silver-leaved Poplar, Lombardy Poplar, Locust, Linden or Basswood, European Ash, Mountain Ash, Box Elder, Cork Elm, Oregon Maple and Red Maple.

The bidder must state opposite each kind of tree, the number he will be able to furnish; the diameter of stem, and the height of tree. No dwarfed or crooked trees will be accepted. Six hundred trees will be needed.

Bidders must also state the price for furnishing the trees, exclusive of setting out.

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders in the sum of two hundred dollars, to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

NOAH LAMBERT,
S. BLUMAUER,
THOS. STEPHENS,
Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Ordinance No. 1949.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE IMprovement of public grounds and streets adjacent thereto.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest bidder or bidders for setting out shade trees on Park Blocks 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, and on the streets adjacent thereto, or on so much thereof as they may deem expedient.

Section 2. Said Committee are hereby authorized to fix the time of completion of said work or any part thereof, and to make such regulations and agreements relating thereto as the public interests may require.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 28, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 1, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

m2d3t

Stark Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland proposes to improve Stark street from the west line of Fourth street to the west line of Sixth street by Macadamizing the roadway full width, with the necessary grading therefor, and by repairing sidewalks and crosswalks or laying new ones where necessary.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Feb. 24, 1877. fe24d10t

Clay Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 1926 for the improvement of Clay street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1921, on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of said street lying between the center line of Seventh street and the east line of Eighth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't
225,	4, 3,	J F DeVore	$39 97
Park 11.		City of Portland	61 23
226,	8,	F N Shurtleff	1 25
226,	1, 2,	Geo J Watts	3 50
			$105 95

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

March 2, 1877. m2d10t

Hall Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Hall street from the center of Front street to the center of Sixth street, by grading to the established grade and by raising and repairing sidewalks and crosswalks, where necessary.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk

March 2, 1877. m2d10t

Stark Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to change and establish the grade of Stark street as follows:

At its intersection with Fifth street from 23.50 feet to 23.75 ft. At its intersection with Sixth street from 24.00 feet to 24.50 feet above the base of grades.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

March 2, 1877. m2d10t

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN THE UNDERsigned under the firm of Pearson & Strand, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. F. Pearson collects and settles all debts of the late firm.

C. F. PEARSON,
L. STRAND.

Portland, Feb. 26, 1877. m1d2w

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

Oregon.

Cyrus Smith	Amity	H. W. Hill	Lafayette
Thos. Smith	Auburn	J. M. Kelty	Lafayette
S. E. Young	Albany	S. H. Claughton	Lebanon
J. M. McCall	Ashland	A. Wing	Lewisville
I. W. Case	Astoria	Abrams & Co	Lincoln
E. C. Holden	"	W. A. Croxton	Looking Glass
Stephen Smith	Aurora		
G. H. Treacy	Baker City	B. P. Quivey	Linkville
McGrew & Co	Bethel	W. Saunders	Marshfield
W. R. Kirk	Brownsville	H. Newman	Miller's
O. Green	Brooks	W. P. Crow	Milton
J. W. Hobart	Buena Vista	R. H. Todd	McMinnville
G. A. Cone, Sr.	Butteville	John Spencer,	"
S. Handsaker	Dexter	Ira Moody	Molalla
W. Carl	Carlton	L. F. Shipley	Monroe
R. McNutt	Cornelius	F. M. Gabbert	Myrtle Creek
J. T. Gilfry	P. M. Cresswell		
G. W. Riddle	Canyonville	William Moreland	Needy
Knight Bros.	Canby	Chas. Pelland	Newellsville
W. A. Mills	Clackamas	Post Master	Oakland
H. Rust	Clarksville	J. M. Bacon	OregonCity
E. W. Conyers	Clatskanie	Lot Livermore	Pendleton
W. B. Clarke	Cole's Valley	Davis Bros	Peoria
F. A. Chenoweth	Corvallis	J. W. McGrew	Perrydale
Thos Graham	Corvallis	Shipley & Hinkle	Philomath
D. G. Overholt	Canyon City		
Lurch Bros.	Cottage Grove	M. M. Bates	Port Orford
G. C. Litchfield	Grand Ronde	D. E. Thomas	Prineville
		H. C. Stanton	Roseburg
Cris Taylor	Dayton	Dean Blanchard	Rainier
J. D. Lee	Dallas	V. Colvig	Rock Point
Waldron Bros.	Dalles City	J. W. Crawford	Salem
J. W. Krewson, P. M.	Drain	A. G. Hovey	Springfield
M. Riley	Ellensburg	D. P. Mason	Scio
D. Morse, Jr.	Empire City	W. K. Palmer	Scottsburg
T. G. Hendricks	Eugene	A. Wheeler	Shedds
H. A. Breyman	Fairfield	J. B. Morris	Sheridan
I. H. Butler	Gardner	A. L. Saylor, P. M.	"
W. Bowlby	Forest Grove	J. M. Brown	Silverton
S. L. Gaines	Gervais	W. W. Ross	Sparta
J. J. Fowler	Glencoe	S. D. McCauley	Stayton
J. F. Pierce	Greenville	Geo. McBride	St. Helens
W. P. Smith	Halsey	J. C. Patterson	St. Paul
Riley Cave	Hillsboro	T. J. Beard, P. M.	Tangent
Smith, Brasfield & Co.	Harrisburg	G. W. Miller	Tillamook
		E. McKinney	Turners
A. B. Gleason	Hubbard's	Jas. H. Koontz	Umatilla
S. & J. Handsaker	Goshen	G. Wright & Son	Union
W. L. Hedgkin	Independence	J. L. Davis	W. Chehalem
		M. B. Hendrick	Wheatland
N. Langell	Jacksonville		
Smith, Brasfield & Co.	Junction City	Hedges & Son	Woodburn
		A. C. Pettys	Willow Forks
J. W. Roland	Jefferson	C. E. Tracy	Yoncalla
H. Woodcock	Kerbyville		

Washington Territory.

Chas. Brady	Bruceport	Postmaster	Port Townsend
H. Miles	Chehalis	A. Walters	Tacoma
H. Howe	Cowlitz	G. F. Orchard,	
G. I. Hogue, P. M.	Claquato		New Tacoma
J. C. Davenport	Colfax	W. F. Taylor	San Juan
J. N. Day	Dayton	Wm. Pumphrey	Seattle
T. Johnson	Goldendale	E. Harmon	Stellacoom
H. C. Comegys	Kalama	L. Meeker	Pioneer
M. P. Callender	Knappton	E. F. Eddings	Vancouver
J. S. Conner	La Conner	J. B. Lewis	Walla Walla
Miller & Co	Lewis River	W. N. Smith	Waitsburg
Crosby & Lowe	Olympia	Jos. Schanno	Yakima
Stephen Shubert	Union	J. Crellin & Co.	Oysterville
	Ridge, W. T.	E. J. Ford	Illwaco

LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.	Wilbur,		Stayton,
Auburn,	Yoncalla.		St. Paul,
*Baker City,			Sublimity,
Clarksville,	**Grant.**		Turner,
Express Ranch,	Alvord,		Woodburn,
Eldorado,	*Canyon City,		
Humboldt Basin,	Camp Watson,		**Multnomah.**
Jordan Valley	Camp Harney,		Albina,
Marysville,	Dayville,		East Portland,
Rye Valley,	Monument,		Pleasant Home,
Stone,	Prairie City.		*Portland,
Sumter,	Penola,		Powel's Valley,
North Powder,			Rooster Rock,
Wingville.	**Jackson.**		Sauvies Island,
	Applegate,		St. Johns,
Benton.	*Ashland Mills,		William'e Slough
Alsea Valley,	Barren,		
Drift Creek,	Brownsborough,		**Polk.**
Collins,	Central Point,		Bethel,
*Corvallis,	Eagle Point,		Buena Vista,
King's Valley,	Grant's Pass,		*Dallas,
Little R.K.	*Jacksonville,		Eola
Monroe,	Phœnix,		Elk Horn,
Newport,	Rock Point,		Grand Ronde,
Newton,	Sam's Valley,		Independence,
Oneatta	Willow Springs,		Lincoln,
Philomath,	Woody lle,		Lewisville,
Summit,			Monmouth,
Toledo,	**Josephine.**		Perrydale,
Yaquina.	Kirby,		Rickreall,
	Leland,		Zena,
Clackamas.	slate Creek,		
Canby,	Waldo,		**Tillamook.**
Clackamas,	Murphy,		Kilchis,
Damascus,			Nehalem,
Eagle Creek,	**Lane.**		Nestockton,
Glad Tidings,	Belknap Springs,		Tillamook
Highland,	Cottage Grove,		
Molalla,	Camp Creek,		**Umatilla.**
Milwaukie,	Cartwrights',		Butter Creek,
Needy,	Cheshire,		Hepner,
New Era,	Crow,		Lena,
Norton,	Dexter,		Milton,
*Oregon City,	*Eugene City,		Mic way,
Oswego,	Franklin,		Pilot Rock,
Ringo Point,	Gate Creek,		Pendleton,
Sandy,	Goshen,		*Umatilla,
Springwater,	Irving,		Weston.
Union Mills,	Isabel,		Willow Forks,
Viola,	Junction,		
Zion,	Long Tom,		
	Mohawk,		**Union.**
Clatsop.	McKenzie Bridge		Cove,
*Astoria,	Pleasant Hill,		Island City,
Clifton,	Siuslaw,		*La Grande,
Fort Clatsop,	Spencer Creek,		Orode l,
Jewell,	Springfield,		Sparta,
Knappa,	Trent,		Sand Ridge,
Olney,	Walterville,		Prairie Creek.
Skipanon,	Willamette Forks		Pricelard
Seaside House,			Summerville,
Westport.	**Lake.**		Union,
	Antler,		Wallowa.
Coos.	Bonanza,		
Central City,	Chewaukan,		**Wasco.**
Coaledo,	Dairy,		Antelope,
Coquille,	Drew's Valley,		Bake Oven,
Coos City,	Goose Lake,		Camp Polk
Dora,	Linkville,		Bridge Creek,
Empire City,	Langell Valley,		Deschutes,
Enchant'd Prairie	Merganzer,		Fossil,
Fairview,	Silver Lake,		Hood River,
Hermansville,	Sprague River,		Olex,
Iowa Slough,	Summer,		Prineville,
*Marshfield,	Tule Lake,		Mitchell,
Norway,	White Hall,		Mt. Hood,
Ott,	Yainax,		Pine Creek,
Randolph,			Spring Valley,
Sitcum,	**Linn.**		Scotts,
Sumner,	*Albany,		Spanish Hollow,
Utter City,	Big Prairie,		*The Dalles,
	*Brownsville,		Upper Ochoco,
Columbia.	Canyonville,		Warm Springs,
Columbia City,	Fox Valley,		Willoughby.
Clatskanie,	Waterloo,		
Marshland,	*Harrisburg,		**Washington.**
Quinn	Halsey,		Beaverton,
Rainier,	Jordan,		Cedar Mill,
Riverside,	Lebanon,		Cornelius,
St. Helens,	Miller,		Dilley,
Scappoose.	Mount Pleasant,		*Forest Grove,
	Peoria,		Gale's Creek,
Curry.	Pine,		Gaston,
Chetcoe.	Scio,		Glencoe,
Ellensburg,	Soda Stone,		Greenville,
Fort Orford.	Shedd's,		Hillsboro,
	Sodaville,		Middleton,
Douglas.	Sweethome,		Mountain Dale,
Camas Valley,	Tangent,		Shell's Ferry,
Cleveland,			Taylor's Ferry,
Cole's Valley,	**Marion.**		Tualatin,
Comstock,	Aurora,		West Union,
N. Canyonville,	Aumsville,		
Drain,	Butteville,		**Yamhill.**
Elkton,	Butte Creek,		Amity,
Galesville,	Fairfield,		Bel evue,
Gardiner,	Gervais,		Carleton,
Kellogg,	Howell Prairie,		Dayton,
Looking Glass,	Hubbard's,		*Lafayette,
Myrtle Creek,	Jefferson,		*McMinnville,
*Oakland,	Marion,		North Yamhill,
*Roseburg,	Monitor,		St. Joe,
Scottsburg,	Newellsville,		Sheridan,
Ten Mile,	*Salem,		West Chehalem,
Umpqua City.	Silverton,		Wheatland,
			Newberg.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co	Port Gamble,		Col ins' Landing,
Neah Bay,	Port Madison,		
New Dunginess,	Seabeck,		**Stevens.**
Port Angeles,			Fort Colville,
	Klickitat.		Owensburgh,
Clarke.	Block House,		Rock Creek,
Battle Ground,	Columbus,		Spokane Bridge
Brush Prairie,	Goldendale,		Spokane Falls,
Lewis River,	Klickitat City,		Walker's Prairie,
Hayse,	Klickitat Land'g,		
Mill Plain,	White Salmon.		**Thurston.**
Martin's Bluff,			Beaver,
Pioneer.	**Lewis.**		Miami Prairie,
Stoughton,	Bolsfort,		*Olympia,
Union Ridge,	Chehalis.		Tenino,
*Vancouver,	Cowlitz,		Tumwater,
Washougal,	Claquato,		Yelm.
	Little Falls,		
Chehalis.	Glenedon.		**Wahkiakum.**
Cedarville,	Meadow Brook,		Cathlamet,
Chehalis Point,	Mossy Rock,		Eagle Cliff,
Elma,	Napavine,		Skamokawny.
Hoquiam,	Newaukum,		Waterford.,
Montesano,	Newaukum Prie		
Oakville,	Silver Creek,		**Walla Walla.**
Satsop,	Skookum Chuck,		Alpowa.
Sharon,	Winlock,		Burksville,
			*Walla Walla,
Columbia.	**Mason.**		Wallula,
Dayton,	Arcadia.		*Waitsburg.
Pataha Prairie,	Oakland,		
Tukanon.	Skokomish,		**Whatcom.**
			Lynden,
Cowlitz.	**Pierce.**		Nooksachk
Castle Rock,	Ellis		Sehome,
Freeport,	Lake View,		Fidalgo,
Kalama,	Puyallup,		La Conner,
Cowlitz,	*Steilacoom.		Lehmhl.
Monticello,	Sumner.		Samish,
Mt. Coffin,	New Tacoma.		Semiahmoo,
Oak Point.	*Tacoma.		Skagit,
Olequa,			Trudder,
Pekin,	**Pacific.**		Whatcom,
	Bay Centre,		
Island.	Ilwaco,		**Whitman.**
Coupeville,	Brookfield,		Penewawa,
Coveland,	Chinook,		Cedar Creek,
Utsalady,	Knappton,		Colfax,
Oak Harbor,	Oysterville,		Ewartsville,
	Riverside,		Haugman Creek,
Jefferson.	South Bend,		Leitchville,
Port Discovery,	Woodard'sLand'g		Palouse,
Port Ludlow.			Rosalia,
*Port Townsend,	**San Juan.**		Steptoe,
	Friday Harbor.		
King.	Lopez Island,		**Yakima.**
Dwamish,	San Juan'		Attanum,
Fall City,			Ellensburg.
Renton,	**Snohomish.**		Fort Simcoe,
*Seattle,	Centerville,		Konnewock,
Slaughter,	Lowell,		Kittitas.
Snoqualmie,	Mukilteo,		Mok See,
Squak,	Snohomish,		Nanum,
White River	Tulalip.		Pleasant Grove,
			Selah,
Kitsap.	**Skamania.**		Yakima.
Blakely,	Cascades,		

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THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

GEO. W. ELDER,

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of Front street for the above port on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1877. At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner Front and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, PORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

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THE STEAMSHIP

"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS. THORN.....Commander

Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf, foot of Front street, for the above ports on

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PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA TACOMA.

THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL Steamship

"DAKOTA."

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Port and per Steamer "Welcome," on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1877, AT 6 A.M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco

Cabin.....$35 00 | Steerage.....$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

RIVER STEAMER.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Company's Wharf, between Washington and Ash streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A.M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

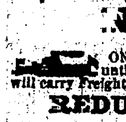
Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.



ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT:

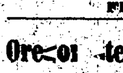
PORTLAND TO SALEM.....$1 00 per Ton.
" " Points above Salem 50 "

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.



PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR UMATILLA and WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A.M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday), at 6 A.M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skamokawa way—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

STR. McMINNVILLE

WILL LEAVE PACIFIC DOCK every

Monday and Wednesday,

At 7 o'clock A. M., for

Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville.

Will also Portland every FRIDAY MORNING at 5 o'clock, for SALEM and INDEPENDENCE.

For rates apply on board, or to the Agent on the wharf.

STEAMER S. T. CHURCH

OWING TO SCARCITY OF FREIGHT AND low rates for carrying the same, the above named Steamer will not run again until further notice. Freight to J. W. COOKRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET Daily, Sundays excepted, at 2:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

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OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

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All business entrusted to us will be executed with care and dispatch.

ORDERS FOR HACKS PROMPTLY ATTENDED to, Day or Night.

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(FIRE PROOF),

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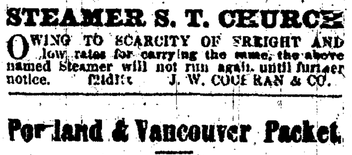
Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

Orders for Hacks Promptly Attended to DAY OR NIGHT.



CHAS. LOUIS KJAN,

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DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the I. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Novelty Billiard, Virginius Pool Tables, etc., etc.

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MEETS EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, AT 7½ o'clock, in Castle Hall corner of First and Taylor streets. Members of sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

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F. A. CHENOWETH,

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